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EXTENSION OF AGGREGATION AND SHRINKAGE TECHNIQUES USED IN THE ESTIMATION OF MARINE CORPS OFFICER ATTRITION RATES

bу

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Extension of Aggregation and Shrinkage Techniques Used in the Estimation of Marine Corps Officer Attrition Rates

by

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ABSTRACT

In this thesis we treat the "small cell" problem encountered when building an attrition rate generator for large-scale manpower flow models, specifically for the USMC Officer Corps. Such models have a large number of low-inventory (i.e. small) personnel cells. This presents a dilemma: on one hand we want to preserve as much fidelity as possible in our work by preserving a great deal of detail in each cell; on the other hand our statistical estimation techniques require larger cell sample sizes than intrinsically occur cell-by-cell in actual sample data. Our approach to producing stable attrition rates for such cells involves two efforts: (i) the aggregation of cells into groups that exhibit homogeneity of attrition behavior, and (ii) the development of "shrinkage" estimation techniques for use in the individual groups. A heuristic algorithm is developed and tested to treat the aggregation problem. Empirical Bayes methods are developed to serve the multi-cell estimation requirements needed to preserve the fidelity. Cross validation techniques are used to verify these methods.

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THESIS DISCLAIMER

The reader is cautioned that computer programs developed in this research may not have been exercised for all cases of interest. While every effort has been made, within the time available, to ensure that the programs are free of computational and logic errors, they cannot be considered validated. Any application of these programs without additional verification is at the risk of the user.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

I.	IN	TRODUCTION 1
	A.	GENERAL
	В.	BACKGROUND2
(C.	ORGANIZATION 3
	D.	SMALL CELL PROBLEM4
]	E.	DATA BASE5
II.	C	ELL AGGREGATION7
	\mathbf{A}_{\cdot}	GENERAL
]	В.	BACKGROUND7
(C.	EXPANSION METHOD9
	D.	AGGREGATION METHOD14
Ш.	E	ESTIMATION METHODS16
	A.	GENERAL 16
	В.	EMPIRICAL BAYES
		1. Transformed Scale
		2. Original Scale
	C.	EFRON-MORRIS METHOD
	D.	VECTOR METHOD
IV.	C	CROSS VALIDATION
	A.	GENERAL 28
	В.	MEASURES OF EFFECTIVENESS
		1. Mean Absolute Deviation
		2. Chi Square
		3. Mean Squared Error
		4. Vector Method MOEs
•	C.	TEST CASES
	D	DESCUTS 35

V.	C	ONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS
A	٩.	CONCLUSIONS49
I	3.	RECOMMENDATIONS 40
API	PE:	NDIX A. AGGREGATION ALGORITHMS4
A	٩.	HEURISTIC ALGORITHM4
I	3.	INTEGER LINEAR PROGRAM 4
API	PE:	GDIX B. COMPUTER PROGRAMS49
A	٩.	GENERAL49
I	3.	MAIN PROGRAM AND AGGREGATION SUBROUTINES 5
(Ξ.	ESTIMATION SUBROUTINES
I	Э.	VECTOR METHOD SUBROUTINE 88
F	Ξ.	EXEC PROGRAM 9-
F	₹.	SAMPLE DATA FILE 95
API	PE:	SDIX C. SAMPLE OUTPUT98
A	٨.	GENERAL
F	3.	SAMPLE OUTPUT (TEST CASES 1-30)
(Ξ.	SAMPLE OUTPUT (VECTOR TEST CASES)
REI	FΕ	RENCES 102
12.1	TI	AL DISTRIBUTION LIST

LIST OF TABLES

Table	1. MOS GROUPS
Table	2. YCS EXPANSION BOUNDS
Table	3. TEST CASES FOR METHODS 1-5
Table	4. TEST CASES FOR VECTOR METHOD
Table	5. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (CASES 1-10)
Table	6. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (CASES 11-20)
Table	7. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (CASES 21-30)
Table	8. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (CASES 7 AND 9 EXPANDED) 43
Table	9. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (VECTOR METHOD)44

I. INTRODUCTION

A. GENERAL

The Officer Planning and Utility System (OPUS), a comprehensive and fully integrated manpower management system, is currently being implemented by the U.S. Marine Corps (Decision System Associates, 1986). This system contains a set of computer-based manpower planning models and is used by the Officer Plans Section (MPP-30), Headquarters, U.S. Marine Corps, to produce several manpower planning documents. The system must be able to accurately predict personnel attrition, i.e., officers leaving the service for purposes such as resignation, retirement, discharge, disability, or release. The forecasting of attrition is accomplished by the Marine Corps Officer Rate Projector (MCORP), developed by the Navy Personnel Research and Development Center (NPRDC), San Diego, California (NPRDC, 1985).

The attrition rate generator developed by NPRDC calculates empirical attrition rates using historical data with user-defined weights and threshold parameters (Siegel, 1983). This subjective input makes the current generator susceptible to unintentional misuse.

In support of MCORP, Professor Robert R. Read of the Naval Postgraduate School has been working on the "small cell" problem: applying multiparameter statistical estimation schemes to estimating attrition when there is low personnel inventory, or small cells, which generally exhibit unstable empirical rates.

A comment on terminology is in order. By attrition rate generator we mean methodology for estimating attrition probabilities for the various cells. The expression "empirical rates" refers to the ratio of leavers to inventory for each cell, unmodified by any information contained in "neighboring" cells. In contrast to this, the expression "empirical Bayes" refers to Bayes estimators whose prior parameters are estimated from data.

Accurate forecasting of losses is extremely important to the manpower planner. Overestimating losses causes excess accessions, promotion delays, underutilized personnel and increased costs, while underestimation causes personnel shortages and decreased readiness. The problem is compounded in that all but a few accessions must start at the bottom, i.e., Second Lieutenant, and work their way up to the higher ranks only after many years of service. For example, if a shortage of Lieutenant Colonels arises, it can

only be remedied by promoting more Majors, which has a rippling effect down the rank structure.

B. BACKGROUND

There have been seven Master's theses over the past four years which have studied various aspects of the attrition estimation problem. A concise summary of these works is given by Read (NPS Report NPS55-88-006, 1988, pp.16-23). These studies can be grouped into three general areas: shrinkage methods, cell aggregation and peripheral studies.

The application of a shrinkage method begins by identifying a number of personnel inventory cells, followed by the development of the empirical rates for individual cells and a weighted grand mean of these empirical rates. The final estimate for a cell is a convex combination of its empirical rate and the grand mean. There are numerous methods for accomplishing this, several of which have been applied in previous studies.

Tucker was the first to investigate the application of these methods to attrition estimation. He compared traditional estimators to the James-Stein estimator and the minimax estimator for a few selected grades and occupational fields. His results gave strong support to the James-Stein estimator; minimax was discarded as being too conservative for small cell use. However, there remained pockets of instability for which goodness-of-fit tests failed. (Tucker, 1985)

Following Tucker was Robinson, who introduced the Efron-Morris limited translation shrinkage alternative to augment the James-Stein estimator. These methods were evaluated with a broader set of test cases. Robinson was able to confirm Tucker's results, but the limited translation option failed to provide any consistent relief in the unstable areas. (Robinson, 1986)

The final application of shrinkage methods to estimating officer attrition rates was undertaken by Dickinson. He applied the previously used methods and an empirical Bayes estimator to a new and refined data base. Improved results were obtained, but the instability remained. Dickinson also performed some exploratory side studies dealing with the Freman-Tukey transform and the use of empirical Bayes methods that allow non-uniform shrinkage, both of which provided the impetus for the present study. (Dickinson, 1988)

These three studies used ad hoc methods to deal with the second general area of study--cell aggregation. Aggregation of cells with low perconnel inventory into sets of cells, often of larger inventory, is required when applying these shrinkage methods. The

desire is to use cells which exhibit similar attrition behavior. Two previous studies have investigated this area.

Amin Elseramegy used the Classification and Regression Trees (CART) program, which at the time was newly acquired by the Naval Postgraduate School, in an attempt to form aggregates of cells that exhibited homogeneous attrition behavior. Several difficulties in using this program were encountered, e.g., because of insufficient memory allocation he found it necessary to partition the data base into nine sets and apply CART to each. The resulting aggregations were generally unusable. (Amin Elseramegy, 1985)

Major breakthroughs in aggregation were made by Larsen. He applied a hierarchical clustering algorithm to the new data base. The resulting rules for building aggregates are well defined and especially viable from an intuitive point of view. Larsen's work provides the framework for the cell aggregation method developed in Chapter II of this thesis. (Larsen, 1987)

The remaining two theses of the seven were peripheral studies which applied alternate methods to attrition estimation. Hogan attempted multi-year forecasting using exponential smoothing; the smoothing constants were rather unusual and extreme and his results inconsistent (Hogan, 1986). Yacin applied logistic regression in the attempt to develop an attrition rate scheme; the only new results were the identification of some areas that exhibited similar attrition behavior (Yacin, 1987).

This thesis is the first to integrate the two main areas of study. Whereas previous studies of shrinkage methods have used ad hoc aggregation schemes, we now combine the implementation of a defensible aggregation method with empirical Bayes estimators. Moreover, these are applied to a larger and more refined data base. The results have been quite promising in that we have achieved greater stability in attrition rate estimation; we have defined guidelines for a heuristically appealing aggregation scheme; and we have acquired an increased understanding of the data base and developed more efficient ways to use it.

C. ORGANIZATION

The remainder of this introductory chapter provides a more detailed description of the small cell problem and the data base. The aggregation problem is discussed and the proposed aggregation method is presented in Chapter II.

The shrinkage estimation methods, generally classified as empirical Bayes type estimators, are described in Chapter III. Several variations are presented to allow

comparison and to gain further insight into their performance. Testing of these methods is important but for practical purposes must be carried out using sampling methods. The rationale used to select test cases, the cross validation techniques, and the measures of effectiveness used to evaluate the results are discussed in Chapter IV. A discussion of the results of the cross validation is also included in this chapter.

Finally, conclusions and recommendations based on these results are contained in Chapter V.

D. SMALL CELL PROBLEM

Marine Corps officers can be classified and thus partitioned by several attributes. The major partitioning of officers is by grade, years commissioned service (YCS), and military occupational specialty (MOS). Grade describes the position an officer holds in the service. The numbers of officers in each higher grade have a pyramid structure, i.e., there are more officers in the lower grades than in the higher grades. YCS is the total number of years served since becoming a commissioned officer. There is a strong correlation between grade and YCS since an officer generally moves up the grade structure as he gains in YCS. MOS is a four-digit code identifying the specific skill for which a Marine is trained. MOS need not remain constant over an officer's career, although most changes in MOS occur in the early years of commissioned service. An officer has a single primary MOS, however as he develops new job skills he may be assigned one or more additional MOSs.

For many purposes, partitioning by grade, YCS and MOS is sufficient. However in some applications additional refinement by service component, commissioning source, sex, race or education level may be necessary. Service component consists of three categories: regular officers, reserve officers, and reserves who have augmented to become regulars. It is strongly correlated with commissioning source, i.e., an officer receives a regular or reserve commission depending upon the commissioning source. Both affect an officer's initial service obligation, which is generally three to five years (except aviators, whose obligation is dependent upon the amount of flight training). Officers who receive a reserve commission normally serve three to four years active duty (except aviators), by the end of which they must have either augmented into the regular force or are then separated from active service.

These cross-classifications may be viewed as breaking the officer population into a multidimensional array, with each specific intersection of the classifications called a cell. The total number of possible cells is quite large, on the order of 10°. Many of these cells

are structurally infeasible in that no officer could possibly fit the cell characteristics, e.g., there are no Majors with two years commissioned service. The total officer inventory of approximately 20,000 officers is partitioned by the remaining feasible cells; some cells have inventory as large as 50, however most have less than five. An officer's characteristics are dynamic, i.e., as an officer moves through the grade, YCS and MOS structure he moves from one cell to another. As a result, the inventory of the feasible cells is also dynamic and fluctuates between zero and low inventory (less than five) over time.

These sparsely populated cells have very unstable empirical attrition rates. For example, a cell whose inventory is two officers of which one leaves the service during a given time period yields a 50% empirical attrition rate, whereas a cell whose inventory is one officer who remains in service during the same time period yields a 0% attrition rate. It is obvious that neither of these empirical estimations provides a usable attrition rate. Furthermore, these two rates could change dramatically during the next time period, typifying their instability.

Even when more modern estimation techniques (e.g. shrinkage) are applied, these small cells can still create statistical instability, thereby producing intolerably variable attrition rate estimates. The problem then is how to deal with these low inventory cells, or "small cells" in order to achieve stability.

E. DATA BASE

In this thesis we benefit from a refined data base compiled by NPRDC and made available to the Naval Postgraduate School in 1987. This data base, used by Larsen in his aggregation work (Larsen, 1987), was not available for the previous estimation studies at NPS.

The new data base provides more detailed information about the officer population. The grade structure now allows separation of Limited Duty Officers (LDO) as well as Warrant Officers (WO) from unrestricted officers. Officers who have failed selection to the next higher grade can also be identified. YCS is listed instead of length of service (LOS), which became ambiguous when dealing with officers who have prior enlisted service. MOS can now be broken out completely into 236 MOSs or summarized by the 39 occupational fields. Service component and commissioning source are both new categories. Other new categories that are not considered here are education level, race, additional MOSs, and military schools completed. Larsen gives a complete description of the classifications (Larsen, 1987, pp.66-82).

The data base also allows attrition to be broken out by retirement, release, discharge, resignation, etc., but for our immediate purpose we are only concerned with the total number of losses for any reason.

This refinement of the data presents a dichotomy: we can now break the data into more definitive cells to search for homogeneous attrition behavior and stability in estimation, but this leads to an even greater number of low inventory cells.

The new data base contains ten years of inventory and attrition data from the period 1977-1986, a significant improvement from the previous seven year data base covering the period 1977-1983. The inventory data is now obtained from quarterly vice yearly snap-shots of the officer population. The attrition data is annualized, i.e., the attrition count for a cell reflects the number of personnel who leave the service at any time during the year. Attritions are credited to the cell which the officer occupies at the time he leaves.

Two problems arise from this quarterly versus annualized data. First, it is possible for a cell to record zero inventory via the snap-shots, yet be credited with one or more attritions. To avoid this situation, the cell inventory used in all calculations is defined to be the larger of the inventory and the attrition count. This ensures that the inventory for a cell is as least as large as its recorded number of leavers. (This override occurs infrequently; a more sophisticated treatment would require significant model enhancement.) Second, to use the inventory and attrition data together we must divide the inventory data by four. This poses a philosophical problem when invoking a binomial model: the sample size may not be integral. However, for our application the usual mean and variance formulas are usable and can still serve in the interpolative sense.

II. CELL AGGREGATION

A. GENERAL

The aggregation problem takes on new meaning with the use of shrinkage estimators. Originally, aggregation had only one concern: how to pool cells together into a single cell in order to meet a user-defined minimum inventory threshold. This single aggregated cell was then used to determine the attrition rate estimate for the original, unaggregated cell. In this way an estimated value for a cell is obtained by using the grand mean for many cells.

The empirical Bayes multiparameter estimation techniques provide a way to compromise, using both the stability of a grand mean and the specific information of an individual cell. Now we pool cells together and obtain a number of cells that meet the user-defined minimum inventory threshold. It is important to note that we should be able to use a lower inventory threshold with empirical Bayes, thus retaining individual cell behavior to a greater extent. It is also important to use cells with homogeneous attrition behavior in the aggregation process.

B. BACKGROUND

The aggregation method currently used by MCORP is called the Small Cell Override Methodology (NPRDC, 1985, Appendix H). It is used to solve the original aggregation problem, i.e., if a cell is below the user-defined threshold, then cells are adjoined to the original cell until the threshold is met. The process for selecting cells for adjunction is rather crude, and large-scale with only a few levels (prior to using the entire officer corps). The attrition rate estimate for the original cell is the empirical rate from this aggregated cell.

To begin the process, the user defines a cell for which an attrition rate estimate is required by grade, YCS and MOS. The user also defines the minimum cell inventory threshold (and other parameters which are not relevant here). If the cell he identifies meets the threshold, no aggregation is required and the empirical attrition rate is determined. If the cell is below the threshold, additional cells must be added until the threshold is met.

This search for additional cells occurs by expanding by YCS and MOS, with grade remaining fixed throughout. Expanding in this sense means changing the YCS or MOS parameter to identify the additional cells to be added to the original cell. Initially, the

single cell is expanded by YCS. For example, if the original cell's grade/YCS/MOS was Capt/7/0802, the cells identified by Capt/6/0802, Capt/8/0802, etc., are added sequentially until the threshold is met. This YCS expansion has an upper bound at the 20 YCS point; an obvious boundary for attrition behavior due to retirement eligibility. If the original cell's YCS is above 20, then 20 would serve as the lower YCS bound.

If the threshold is not met after the YCS expansion, the override method starts over with the original cell and expands by MOS. Each MOS belongs to one of nine MOS groups which are defined along traditional Marine Corps functional areas, e.g., all helicopter pilot MOSs are grouped together as are all combat support MOSs. MOS expansion adds those cells identified by the MOSs in the same MOS group as the MOS of the original cell for the original YCS and grade. If the threshold is not met, all the MOSs in the MOS group are expanded by YCS in the same manner as the YCS expansion discussed previously.

If this MOS group and YCS expansion is unsuccessful, the override method starts over with the original cell and expands by all MOSs for the original grade and YCS. If necessary, all the MOSs are expanded by YCS as before.

Cell aggregation using this expansion method can potentially include all MOSs and YCS bounded only at the 20 year point. The desire to aggregate using cells with homogeneous attrition behavior is obviously compromised. Larsen provides a more comprehensive description of the current method (Larsen, 1987, pp.16-22).

Larsen examined attrition behavior in the MOS and YCS structure. He applied a hierarchical clustering algorithm in an attempt to find MOSs and YCSs that displayed homogeneous attrition behavior. He confirmed the belief that YCS is an important factor. The YCS expansion bounds he proposed reflect points at which officers reach the end of their initial service obligation as well as when they are eligible for retirement, which makes them especially viable from an intuitive point of view. Larsen also found that some MOSs did not cluster strictly by functional areas. This was especially significant in the aviation community. Whereas the previous data base allowed aviators to be considered only as one occupational field, the refined MOS information was able to identify six distinct homogeneous groups of aviators.

Larsen uses these results to define more refined MOS groups and YCS boundaries. To avoid the giant expansion leap from MOS group to all MOSs, he proposed a hierarchy of small MOS groups, large MOS groups and major MOS groups developed by observing which MOSs tend to exhibit similar attrition behavior. Homogeneity is greatest within the MOS group, and becomes successively worse as we move to the large

MOS group and then the major MOS group. Each MOS is assigned to a small MOS group. Small MOS groups combine to make a large MOS group, and large MOS groups combine to make a major MOS group.

Each small MOS group is assigned a set of YCS expansion bounds. Due to the different attrition behavior of the small MOS groups with respect to YCS, three different sets of YCS expansion bounds are proposed.

Initial expansion is by YCS within the specified boundaries, with grade and MOS held constant. If more expansion is required, we retain this aggregated cell and expand by small MOS group for the original grade and YCS. If the aggregated cell is still below the threshold, the MOSs in the small MOS group are expanded by YCS. Subsequent expansion to large MOS group and YCS, and major MOS group and YCS is accomplished until the threshold cell inventory is met.

Unlike the current expansion method, expansion using Larsen's proposed method will not cross defined MOS groups or YCS bounds to ever include all MOSs and YCSs bounded only at the 20 year point. Larsen provides a more detailed description of his recommended expansion rules (Larsen, 1987, pp.45-61).

C. EXPANSION METHOD

We now address the methods used to obtain the cells required for use with empirical Bayes estimation techniques. Expansion continues to mean finding more cells to be used, however we no longer simply add these cells to the original cell to form a single aggregated cell. The cells identified by the expansion process are now aggregated together to produce a number of cells. After the discussion of the expansion process in this section, an actual aggregation scheme is introduced in the next section.

To begin the estimation process, the manpower planner defines a specific cell by grade, YCS and MOS. The attributes service component and commissioning source are also included as possible cell descriptors for the purposes of this study. All other descriptors listed in the data base--sex, education level, additional MOSs, race and military schools--are ignored. Loss types are considered as a combined total, i.e., in this study we do not discriminate among the various types of losses. The first three user-defined descriptors--grade, YCS and MOS--are single-value inputs. The last two descriptors, service component and commissioning source, can be single values, or either one of them can be treated as a vector of values for each single cell. This vector is collapsed (total the components) during the aggregation process, i.e., all records which meet any of the vector's values are included in the same cell. As in the previously described expansion

methods, only YCS and MOS change during expansion, the remaining cell descriptors remain constant.

To use shrinkage techniques, the amount of expansion required not only depends upon the minimum cell inventory threshold but also upon a new input parameter: the threshold number of cells. These two parameters are denoted:

- 1. T_0 cell inventory threshold. The minimum average inventory for a cell obtained by averaging the cell inventory over the ten years of data.
- 2. K_0 threshold number of cells. The minimum number of aggregated cells whose inventory exceeds T_0 . These aggregated cells are the input cells for the empirical Bayes techniques.

For example, if $T_0 = 5.0$ and $K_0 = 10$, the expansion algorithm continues until at least ten aggregated cells, each with average inventory 5.0 or larger are obtained. Since we are concerned primarily with the small cell problem the values of T_0 and K_0 used are selected to range from five to 30. It is also presumed that T_0 is less than or equal to K_0 . These threshold values can certainly exceed 30 for other applications, however the resulting cells are not considered small and their attrition behavior most likely would not be as unstable, therefore not requiring special attention.

Prior to explaining the expansion process, we first define the MOS groups and YCS bounds. We have adopted much of Larsen's work in this area; many of the changes are minor but are necessary for implementation purposes.

The general idea of a hierarchy of MOS groups is repeated, as shown in Table 1. Each MOS belongs to a small MOS group, a large MOS group and a major MOS group. Listed are 14 small MOS groups, which combine to make six large MOS groups, which combine to make four major MOS groups. For example, small MOS groups one and two form large MOS group one, and small MOS groups three through six form large MOS group two. Large MOS groups one and two, which collectively contain small MOS groups one through six, make up major MOS group one. Major MOS group one contains only ground MOSs, and major MOS group two contains only aviation MOSs. Major MOS groups three and four are special cases as discussed below.

A subjective decision was made to keep the ground MOSs in groups defined along the more traditional functional areas. This is reflected in small MOS groups one through six. For estimation purposes it is advantageous if the cell inventories are not too variable in size (Carter and Rolph, 1974, p.882). It is also desirable to avoid having too many MOSs in each small MOS group. This allows the expansion to occur more gradually, and is especially important for small values of T_0 and K_0 . As a result, MOS 0302

Table 1. MOS GROUPS

Group Name	MOSs	Small MOS Group	Large MOS Group	Major MOS Group
Combat	0302	1	1	
Combat Support	0802 1302 1802 1803	2	1	
Combat Service 1	0180 0202 2502 2602	3		•
Combat Service 2	3415 4002 4302 5803	4	,	1
Combat Logistics	0402 3002 3060 3502 6002	5	2 ~>	
Air Control	7204 7208 7210 7320	6		
Fixed Wing Pilots	7501 7511 7522 7542 7543 7545 7576	7	3	
F-18 Pilots	7521 7523	8		
Rotary Wing Pilots +	7556 7557 7562 7564 7565 7566 7587	9	4	2
Naval Flight Officers +	7508 7509 7563 7581 7583 7584 7585 7586 7588	10	4	
Basic Ground	0101 0201 0301 0401 0801 1301 1801 2501 2601 3001 3401 3501 4001 4301 4401 5801 6001 7201 7301 9901	11	5	3
Student Aviators	7580 7597 7598 7599	12]	
Basic Pilots	7500 7510 7520 7540 7550 7560 7575	13		
Lawyers	4402	14	6	1

(infantry) is placed alone in a small MOS group. This MOS contains approximately 15% of the total officer population, and therefore its respective cells normally contain large inventory. The MOSs in small MOS group two also contain fairly large inventory, therefore are grouped together and their first expansion is with MOS 0302. The remaining ground MOSs in small MOS groups three through six have similarly small inventory.

The aviation small MOS groups (seven through ten) remain relatively unchanged from Larsen's recommendations. MOS 7564 (CH-53 pilot), was removed from a ground MOS group and added to small MOS group nine, which reflects its functional area. MOSs 7551 (C-9 pilot), 7552 (TC-4C pilot), 7555 (UC-12B pilot) and 7559 (CT-39 pilot)

were deleted since they are not primary MOSs. MOS 7530 (basic pilot VMFA (F-4)) was deleted since it is not a current MOS. (MCO P1200.7G, 1988)

Officers who have not acquired sufficient schooling or field experience to qualify for a primary MOS listed in small MOS groups one through ten are gathered together as basic officers or students in small MOS groups 11-13. These officers are generally second lieutenants or junior first lieutenants with three or fewer YCS. They are disregarded for the remainder of the study because their attrition rates are extremely low; probably because none of the officers in these groups have reached the end of their initial obligations.

MOS 4402 (lawyers) is considered a special case and is not addressed in this study.

All MOSs listed in Table 1 are primary MOSs for unrestricted officers as listed in the current Military Occupational Specialties Manual (MCO P1200.7G, 1988). It would be a logical and relatively simple extension of this table to create additional groups containing LDO and WO MOSs. These grades are not considered in this study and therefore their respective MOSs are excluded from the table.

Several of these seemingly ad hoc decisions to alter Larsen's recommended MOS groups are due to the YCS expansion bounds shown in Table 2. Every effort was made to group MOSs with similar YCS expansion bounds to allow for feasible implementation of the expansion algorithm. This is especially applicable when expanding to large and major MOS groups.

Table 2. YCS EXPANSION BOUNDS

MOS Group	Small MOS Groups	Bounded YCS Groups
Fixed Wing Pilots, F-18 Pilots, Lawyers	7, 8, 14	(1-6, 8-19) (7) (20-25) (26)
Rotary Wing Pilots, Naval Flight Officers	9, 10	(1-5, 8-19) (6,7) (20-25) (26)
All Others	1-6, 11-13	(1-3, 6-19) (4.5) (20-25) (26)

The YCS expansion bounds reflect the maximum expansion allowed from the initial YCS defined by the user. For example, if the original cell's grade/YCS/MOS is Capt/9/7501, we see from Table 1 that this MOS belongs to small MOS group seven. Thus its YCS expansion bounds are listed on the first line of Table 2. The value of nine

for YCS falls in the first YCS range, thus we could expand using all YCSs from one through 19, excluding seven. If the YCS for this original cell had been seven, no YCS expansion would be allowed.

These YCS expansion bounds are used with the MOS groups to define the additional cells which can be used with the original cell to obtain the required number of cells, K_0 , each with minimum average inventory, T_0 . The expansion stages are:

- 1. Stage 1 Locate the small MOS group which contains the user-defined MOS. The initial cells are those specified by the MOSs in this group for the user-defined YCS, grade, service component and commissioning source (grade, service component and commissioning source remain fixed throughout the expansion process and thus are not repeated). These cells are aggregated to obtain cells with average inventory greater than or equal to T_0 . After aggregation, if the number of cells is greater than K_0 , stop, otherwise go to Stage 2.
- 2. Stage 2 Expand by incrementing YCS (YCS-1, YCS+1, YCS-2, YCS+2, etc.) within the YCS bounds listed in Table 2 for all MOSs in the small MOS group. After each YCS increment, aggregate the cells to obtain cells with average inventory greater than or equal to T_0 . After aggregation, if the number of cells is greater than K_0 , stop, otherwise continue to increment by YCS. If the YCS bounds are reached before obtaining enough aggregated cells, retain the cells identified in Stages 1 and 2 and go to Stage 3.
- 3. Stage 3 Expand to the large MOS group for the single user-defined YCS. Aggregate the cells to obtain cells with average inventory greater than or equal to T_0 . After aggregation, if the number of cells is greater than K_0 , stop, otherwise go to Stage 4.
- 4. Stage 4 Expand by incrementing YCS for the large MOS group. After each YCS increment, aggregate the cells to obtain cells with average inventory greater than or equal to T_0 . After aggregation, if the number of cells is greater than K_0 , stop, otherwise continue to increment by YCS. If the YCS bounds are reached before obtaining enough aggregated cells, retain the cells identified in Stages 1 through 4 and go to Stage 5.
- 5. Stage 5 Expand to the major MOS group for the single user-defined YCS. Aggregate the cells to obtain cells with average inventory greater than or equal to T_0 . After aggregation, if the number of cells is greater than K_0 , stop, otherwise go to Stage 6.
- 6. Stage 6 Expand by incrementing YCS for the major MOS group. After each YCS increment, aggregate the cells to obtain cells with average inventory greater than or equal to T_0 . After aggregation, if the number of cells is greater than K_0 , stop, otherwise continue to increment by YCS. If the YCS bounds are reached before obtaining enough aggregated cells, stop. No more expansion is allowed. Inform the user that the thresholds are unattainable. Do not cross any major MOS group or YCS bounds.

Two points about the expansion process are emphasized. First, we retain the cells identified by all previous stages as we progress to the next stage. As stated before, the degree of homogeneity decreases as we move from small to large to major MOS groups.

Thus we want to locate as many cells from the small MOS group as possible before we expand to the large MOS group, and then locate as many cells from the large MOS group as possible before expanding to the major MOS group. The YCS expansion for each group may be different, e.g., the small MOS group may be expanded by all YCSs within the given YCS range, but the large MOS group may only be expanded by a few YCSs before the thresholds are attained.

The second point is that, when aggregating cells, any aggregation that was performed previously is discarded and all cells currently identified are pooled and made available for aggregation. This affords the aggregation algorithm greater flexibility and could create more aggregated cells than if the aggregated cells from previous stages were left intact, thereby keeping the amount of expansion to a minimum.

The aviation small MOS groups (seven through ten) make up the only major MOS group (two) that contains different YCS bounds, i.e., small MOS groups seven and eight have different YCS expansion with regard to year six than do small MOS groups nine and ten. To implement the expansion algorithm in a computer program, this difference is overcome by using the YCS bounds for the original user-defined MOS. For example, suppose MOS 7501 from small MOS group seven is the original MOS. If MOS expansion continues into the major MOS group, the MOSs in small MOS groups nine and ten would follow small MOS group seven's YCS expansion bounds.

In summary, this method of grouping MOSs should provide greater homogeneity among cells which are used in estimating attrition rates. Unlike the current method, ground and aviation MOSs are never used together. The YCS bounds provide a logical and effective way to treat periods of different attrition behavior. However, the greater the expansion the less homogeneous the cells become, which should be kept foremost in mind when setting the threshold parameters.

D. AGGREGATION METHOD

While the expansion steps are being undertaken in order to achieve the threshold levels specified by the user, those cells with inventory less than T_0 must be gathered up into larger, aggregated cells whose combined inventory exceeds T_0 . In order to limit the expansion to as few additional MOSs and YCSs as possible, we desire to maximize the number of aggregated cells obtained at any stage of the expansion.

The term maximization suggests the possible use of linear programming (LP). While an LP would ensure maximization, this would not be a trivial problem to solve, i.e., the LP relaxation would almost certainly fractionate cells, using their inventory in more than one aggregated cell. This is not allowed since a cell may be assigned intact to only one aggregated cell. Thus an integer LP would be required which would typically contain 500 or more integer variables. This method would not be expedient in terms of computer usage, especially considering the potential number of integer LPs that may have to be solved for a single estimation cycle.

While we are trying to maximize the number of aggregated cells, it would be satisfactory to obtain close to the maximum if we could preclude the expense in computer time required by an integer LP. For this reason, a heuristic "greedy" algorithm was developed. Complete descriptions of the heuristic algorithm and the LP formulation are contained in Appendix A. The performance of this heuristic is discussed along with the results of the empirical Bayes methods in Chapter IV.

III. ESTIMATION METHODS

A. GENERAL

Once the cell aggregation phase is completed, we begin the attrition rate estimation process. The following notation is used to define the cell data

$$K = \text{number of cells}$$

 $T = \text{number of years of data}.$ (1)

Then for i = 1, ..., K and t = 1, ..., T

$$N_i(t)$$
 = inventory of cell *i* in year *t*
 $Y_i(t)$ = number of attritions in cell *i* in year *t*. (2)

The cell data is assumed to be independent binomial, i.e., $Y_i(t) \sim Bin(N_i(t), p_i)$. A success is defined to be an attrition, i.e., an officer from that cell leaves the service during the year. The empirical attrition rate for cell i is given by the Maximum Likelihood Estimator (MLE)

$$\hat{p}_i = \frac{\sum_t Y_i(t)}{\sum_t N_i(t)}.$$
(3)

This estimate of p works well for cells with large inventory, but not those with small inventory, which is most often the case in our application.

The MLE has been shown to be dominated by shrinkage methods for $K \ge 3$ (Carter and Rolph, 1974; Efron and Morris, 1975; Casella, 1985). These methods find a grand mean or central attrition rate for the group of cells and a shrinkage factor for each cell. Previous theses have primarily used a common shrinkage factor for all cells; we now allow this shrinkage factor to vary from cell to cell. Each cell's MLE is shrunk towards the central rate by its shrinkage factor. In this way, attrition information from one cell "spills over" into other cells.

The shrinkage methods are developed under the theoretical assumption that the data is normally distributed. Most of the previous studies using empirical Bayes methods have used independent normal data with constant variance (Efron and Morris, 1972.

1973, 1975; Dickinson, 1988). Some applications have used binomial data, using a transformation to make it behave more like normal data (Carter and Rolph, 1974; Efron and Morris, 1975). In Carter and Rolph's estimation of fire alarm probabilities, transformation of the binomial data did not have a large effect on the results (Carter and Rolph, 1974). Our application allows us to investigate the impact of the transformation when applied with more extreme values of p.

Six variations of the empirical Bayes method are applied to the attrition rate estimation problem. The first four are similar in that they use the same iterative procedure to compute the amount of shrinkage for each cell. Of these four, two are on the transformed scale and two on the original scale. Each scale includes two methods of computing the cell variance: one method where the variance is time dependent and the other where it is time independent. The two variance calculations, if they produce like results, provide supporting evidence for the assumption that the data is independent and identically distributed over time. This assumption is certainly questionable, since an officer who remains in a given MOS will move through the YCS and grade cell structure in a predictable manner. As a result, variance that is constant in time (time independent) may not perform as well as one that allows for time variation. The fifth method uses a different iterative procedure to determine the amount of shrinkage and is addressed separately in paragraph III.C.. The final method breaks the cell data into its vector components (service component or commissioning source) before shrinkage techniques are applied and is addressed in paragraph III.D..

B. EMPIRICAL BAYES

1. Transformed Scale

We begin our application of empirical Bayes methods on the transformed scale in an effort to overcome some of the weaknesses in our assumptions. The transformation we use is the Freeman-Tukey transform, a modification of the basic arcsin transformation for binomial data. Its purpose is to stabilize the variance at one and make the data behave more like normal random variables. The form used is

$$X_{i}(t) = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{N_{i}(t) + .5} \left\{ \arcsin\left(\frac{2Y_{i}(t)}{N_{i}(t) + 1} - 1\right) + \arcsin\left(2\frac{Y_{i}(t) + 1}{N_{i}(t) + 1} - 1\right) \right\}. \quad (4)$$

Now, let

$$XT_{l}(t) = \frac{X_{l}(t)}{\sqrt{N_{l}(t) + .5}}$$
 for $t = 1, ..., T_{l}$ (5)

except when $N_i(t) = 0$ (no inventory in year t), in which case $XT_i(t)$ does not exist and we reduce T_i by one. The time average of the transformed values for cell i becomes

$$XTB_i = \frac{1}{T_i} \sum_t XT_i(t). \tag{6}$$

We now need to compute the variance of these time averages. Two methods are used: the first calculation is time dependent, i.e., the variance changes over time, the second is time independent.

The transform stabilizes the variance at one for large values of n and non-extreme values of p. These requirements on n and p are often violated in our application, therefore we have many combinations of n and p for which the variance is less than one. Dickinson was able to discover an interpolative formula which provides a good approximation for the variance of the transformed values, $X_i(t)$, for small values of n and p, and $K \ge 3$ (Dickinson, 1988, pp.8-11). This variance is given by

$$Var(X_i(t)) = \min\{1, V(X_i(t))\}$$
(7)

where $V(X_i(t))$ is found by solving

$$V(X_i(t)) = a(X_i(t) + C)^{b_1} (X_i(t) + C - 1)^{b_2}$$
(8)

with

$$C = \sqrt{N_l(t) + .5} \left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) \tag{9}$$

and

$$a = 1.6835$$
 $b_1 = -.8934$ $b_2 = .9881$. (10)

Equation (8) obviously breaks down if $X_i(t) + C < 1$. When this occurs, we set $X_i(t) + C = 1.001$ and continue. The effect is to use a small but positive variance. The

value of one in Equation (7) dominates for about $X_i(t) + C \ge 2.2$. The variance of the time average is then

$$Var(XTB_{i}) = \frac{1}{T_{i}^{2}} \sum_{t} Var(XT_{i}(t)) = \frac{1}{T_{i}^{2}} \sum_{t} \frac{Var(X_{i}(t))}{N_{i}(t) + .5} . \tag{11}$$

The second method of computing the variance is the more familiar one. Continuing from Equation (6), the variance of the transformed values is given by

$$Var(XT_l) = \frac{1}{T_l - 1} \sum_{l} (XT_l(t) - XTB_l)^2.$$
 (12)

The variance of their average is therefore

$$Var(XTB_i) = \frac{1}{T_i} Var(XT_i). \tag{13}$$

Regardless of which variance calculation we use, the same iterative algorithm is used to determine the empirical Bayes estimate for each cell. This estimate, XEB_i , is found by solving

$$XEB_i = \frac{A}{A + Var(XTB_i)} XTB_i + \frac{Var(XTB_i)}{A + Var(XTB_i)} XBB$$
 (14)

where XEB_i , XTB_i and $Var(XTB_i)$ are cell specific, XBB is the (weighted) grand mean or central attrition rate, and A is the variance of the prior distribution of the cell means. These latter two values must be estimated simultaneously using the following iterative algorithm.

We initialize the algorithm with A = 0 and store the previous value of A by

$$A_0 \leftarrow A \ . \tag{15}$$

Now compute the (weighted) grand mean, XBB. Let

$$\alpha_i = \frac{1}{A + Var(XTB_i)} \tag{16}$$

and

$$\gamma_{I} = \frac{\alpha_{i}}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \alpha_{j}}.$$
 (17)

Then

$$XBB = \sum_{i=1}^{K} \gamma_i XTB_i . ag{18}$$

The updated value of A becomes

$$A \leftarrow A - \frac{K - 1 - \sum_{i=1}^{K} \alpha_i (XTB_i - XBB)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^{K} \alpha_i^2 (XTB_i - XBB)^2}.$$
 (19)

If $A \le 0$, set A = 0 and exit. This represents the case when there is 100% shrinkage toward the grand mean. If A > 0, then check $|A - A_0| < \varepsilon$ (e.g., $\varepsilon = .0001$). If false, return to Equation (15) for another iteration. If true, the iterations have converged. Exit with the current values of A and XBB for use in Equation (14) to solve for the XEB_0 .

Close study of Equation (14) shows that the amount of shrinkage changes from cell to cell since the variance terms are generally not equal. Specifically, cells with higher variance are shrunk more than those with lower variance. In addition, if A is small the shrinkage is greater towards XBB. As $A \to \infty$, the shrinkage is minimal and the individual cell means dominate.

Once the XEB_i are determined, these values must be transformed back to the original scale. We use

$$\hat{p}_i = \frac{1}{2} \{ 1 + \sin(XEB_i) \} . \tag{20}$$

2. Original Scale

We return to the assumption of binomial data for original scale calculations. As in the transformed scale, two methods to calculate the variance are used. We begin

with

$$XT_{l}(t) = \hat{p}_{l}(t) = \frac{Y_{l}(t)}{N_{l}(t)}$$
 (21)

As before, if $N_i(t) = 0$ (no inventory in year t), $XT_i(t)$ does not exist and we reduce T_i by one. This leads to the time average for cell i as

$$XTB_{l} = \frac{1}{T_{l}} \sum_{t} XT_{l}(t) = \frac{1}{T_{l}} \sum_{t} \hat{p}_{l}(t).$$
 (22)

The variance calculation which is time dependent, i.e., changes over time, is given by

$$Var(XTB_{i}) = \frac{1}{T_{i}^{2}} \sum_{t} Var(XT_{i}(t)) = \frac{1}{T_{i}^{2}} \sum_{t} \frac{\hat{p}_{i}(t)(1 - \hat{p}_{i}(t))}{N_{i}(t)}.$$
 (23)

We return to Equation (15) with these variance values to perform the iterative algorithm for finding the empirical Bayes estimate, XEB_i , given by Equation (14). Since we are already in the original scale, the transformation given in Equation (20) is ignored, i.e., $\hat{p}_i = XEB_i$.

A problem arises while performing the iterations if a cell has $Y_i(t) = 0 \, \forall t$ (zero attrition for every year). In this case, the variance given by Equation (23) equals zero. When this value is used in Equation (16), the formula for α_i becomes undefined. We resolve this problem using the Laplace Law of Succession. Assume that $Y_i(t) \sim Bin(N_i(t), p_i)$ and let

$$p_i^* = \frac{Y_i(t) + 1}{N_i(t) + 1}$$
 and $q_i^* = \frac{N_i(t) - Y_i(t)}{N_i(t) + 1}$ (24)

be the estimates as prescribed by this law, i.e., Bayes estimator using uniform prior. Then

$$Var\left(\frac{Y_i(t)}{N_i(t)}\right) = \frac{p_i^* q_i^*}{N_i(t)} = \frac{\left(\frac{Y_i(t)+1}{N_i(t)+1}\right)\left(\frac{N_i(t)-Y_i(t)}{N_i(t)+1}\right)}{N_i(t)}.$$
 (25)

If $Y_i(t) = 0$, then

$$Var\left(\frac{Y_{l}(t)}{N_{l}(t)}\right) = \frac{\left(\frac{1}{N_{l}(t)+1}\right)\left(\frac{N_{l}(t)}{N_{l}(t)+1}\right)}{N_{l}(t)} = \frac{1}{(N_{l}(t)+1)^{2}}.$$
 (26)

This value is used as the summand in Equation (23) whenever $Y_i(t) = 0$ (zero attrition in any year).

For comparison purposes we again compute an alternate variance which is time independent. Continuing from Equation (22), let

$$\widetilde{p}_{l} = \frac{\sum_{t} Y_{l}(t)}{\sum_{t} N_{l}(t)}.$$
(27)

The alternate variance is given by

$$Var(XTB_i) = \frac{1}{T_i^2} \sum_{t} Var(XT_i(t)) = \frac{\widetilde{p}_i(1-\widetilde{p}_i)}{T_i^2} \sum_{t} \frac{1}{N_i(t)}.$$
 (28)

The problem with cells that have $Y_i(t) = 0 \ \forall t$ (zero attrition for every year) also occurs here, since the variance given by Equation (28) would equal zero. Using the same concept as before, we obtain the formula

$$Var(XTB_{i}) = \frac{\sum_{t} N_{i}(t)}{\left(1 + \sum_{t} N_{i}(t)\right)^{2}} \frac{1}{T_{i}^{2}} \sum_{t} \frac{1}{N_{i}(t)}.$$
 (29)

However in this case, this variance formula is necessary only if all years have zero attrition.

As before, we return to Equation (15) to perform the iterative algorithm for finding the empirical Bayes estimate, XEB_i , given by Equation (14).

C. EFRON-MORRIS METHOD

This method is a modification of the iterative algorithm used to estimate A and XBB given by Efron and Morris (Efron and Morris, 1973, pp.127-129). It differs from the method given by Equations (14) through (19) in that it allows the variance of the prior, A, to change from cell to cell. It also gives greater weight to the cells with low variance, and reduces to the James-Stein estimator when the cell variances are constant.

Only one scenario for this method is considered, corresponding to the initial transformed scale, time dependent variance case. Thus, Equations (4) through (11) are repeated, and we begin from the point where we are entering the iterative algorithm. To simplify the following equations, let $D_i = Var(XTB_i)$ as given by Equation (11).

We initialize the algorithm with $A_i = 0$ and $SP_i = 0$ (previous values of S) for i = 1, ..., K. Let

$$\alpha_i = \frac{1}{A_i + D_i} \tag{30}$$

and

$$\gamma_i = \frac{\alpha_i}{\sum_{j=1}^K \alpha_j} . \tag{31}$$

Then

$$\hat{X} = \sum_{i=1}^{K} \gamma_i XTB_i \tag{32}$$

and

$$S_i = (XTB_i - \hat{X})^2. (33)$$

Now set i = 1 and let

$$SN_i = \sum_{j \neq i} \frac{S_j - D_j}{\left(A_j + D_j\right)^2} \tag{34}$$

and

$$SD_i = \sum_{j \neq i} \frac{1}{(A_j + D_j)^2} . {35}$$

We then use the Newton-Raphson iteration method to solve

$$A_i = \frac{(S_i - 3D_i) + (A_i + D_i)^2 S N_i}{3 + (A_i + D_i)^2 S D_i} = g(A_i).$$
 (36)

First set $AP_i \leftarrow A_i$ for i = 1, ..., K (previous values of A_i). The updated value for A_i becomes

$$A_i \leftarrow A_i - \frac{A_i - g(A_i)}{1 - g'(A_i)} . \tag{37}$$

If $A_i \le 0$, set $A_i = 0$, let i = i + 1, and return to Equation (34). If $A_i > 0$, then test $|A_i - AP_i| > \varepsilon$. If true, return to Equation (36). If false, let i = i + 1 and return to Equation (34).

In either case after incrementing i, if i = K + 1, we exit and test $|S_i - SP_i| < \varepsilon \ \forall i$. If false, we update $SP_i \leftarrow S_i$ and return to Equation (30) with updated values of A_i . If true, the iterations have converged and we must finalize the estimators, XEM_i . Let

$$d_i^* = 3 + (A_i + D_i)^2 \sum_{j \neq i} \frac{1}{(A_j + D_j)^2}$$
 (38)

and

$$B_i = \left(1 - \frac{4}{d_i^*}\right) \frac{D_i}{A_i + D_i} . \tag{39}$$

If $B_i > 1$, set $B_i = 1$, or if $B_i < 0$, set $B_i = 0$. Then

$$XEM_i = \hat{X} + (1 - B_i)(XTB_i - \hat{X}).$$
 (40)

This equation is comparable to Equation (14), which was used to determine the transformed scale estimates, XEB_i , using the previous iterative algorithm. The quantity B_i is

the amount of shrinkage toward the grand mean, \hat{X} . The corresponding quantity in Equation (14) is $\frac{Var(XTB_i)}{A + Var(XTB_i)}$.

To obtain \hat{p}_i , the XEM_i must be transformed back to the original scale using XEM_i

in place of XEB, in Equation (20).

D. VECTOR METHOD

This method is similar to the previous methods in the sense that it uses the aggregated cells produced to meet the defined threshold levels. However, prior to the estimation process, we now partition each aggregated cell by either service component or commissioning source, thus obtaining cells whose elements are vectors. The procedure given by Efron and Morris, modified to compensate for the assumed variance of the time averages, provides the framework for this method (Efron and Morris, 1972, pp.341-344).

The separation by service component or commissioning source requires us to define a third index: the components of the vector. Let

$$P = \text{number of service components/commissioning sources.}$$
 (41)

Then for i = 1, ..., K, j = 1, ..., P and t = 1, ..., T

$$N_{ij}(t)$$
 = inventory of cell i and vector component j in year t
 $Y_{ij}(t)$ = number of attritions in cell i and vector component j in year t . (42)

Before we had K cells with scalar information, but now we need a $K \times P$ matrix where

$$\sum_{j=1}^{P} N_{ij}(t) = N_{i}(t) \quad \text{and} \quad \sum_{j=1}^{P} Y_{ij}(t) = Y_{i}(t). \tag{43}$$

A requirement for this method is that K > P + 2, for reasons that will soon become obvious.

We begin by defining $X_{i,j}(t)$ as the transformed value for $N_{i,j}(t)$ and $Y_{i,j}(t)$ as given by Equation (4). Continuing in similar manner as the previous transformed scale methods, let

$$XT_{ij}(t) = \frac{X_{ij}(t)}{\sqrt{N_{ij}(t) + .5}}$$
 for $t = 1, ..., T_{ij}$ (44)

except when $N_{ij}(t) = 0$, in which case $XT_{ij}(t)$ does not exist and we reduce T_{ij} by one.

The time averages of the transformed values are then

$$XTB_{ij} = \frac{1}{T_{ij}} \sum_{t} XT_{ij}(t). \tag{45}$$

Here we obtain a vector of grand mean values, with each of the P grand means defined by

$$XBB_{j} = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{i=1}^{K} XTB_{ij} . \tag{46}$$

The transformed scale estimate, δ_{ji} , is then found by solving

$$\delta_{II} = XBB_i + \{I_P - (K - P - 2)\tilde{S}^{-1}\}(XTB_{II} - XBB_i)$$
 (47)

where I_P is the identity matrix of order P, and \tilde{S}^{-1} is found as discussed below. Reversal of the ij index in this and subsequent equations simply means the transpose of the $K \times P$ matrix to a $P \times K$ matrix.

To solve for \tilde{S}^{-1} , we begin by defining

$$\widetilde{S} = X_{ji} X_{ji}^{T} \tag{48}$$

where

$$X_{jl} = (XTB_{jl} - XBB_{j})\sqrt{V_{jl}} . (49)$$

The V_{ji} matrix is the modification required by our application. (The multiplication in Equation (49) is element-wise as opposed to normal matrix multiplication.) The Efron and Morris method was developed under the assumption that $XTB_{ij} \sim N(\theta_{ij}, 1)$, whereas we are using

$$XTB_{ij} \sim N\left(\theta_{ij}, \frac{1}{T_{ij}^2} \sum_{t} \frac{1}{N_{ij}(t) + .5}\right)$$

$$\tag{50}$$

provided that $XT_{ij}(t)$ has variance of one. Therefore

$$V_{ij} = \frac{1}{T_{ij}^2} \sum_{t} \frac{1}{N_{ij}(t) + .5} . {(51)}$$

We use the requirement that the $P \times P$ matrix resulting from the operations within the brackets in Equation (47) must be nonnegative definite to solve for \tilde{S}^{-1} without having to actually compute its inverse. We proceed by doing an eigenanalysis of \tilde{S} , which is seen be Equation (48) to be a real symmetric matrix. We form the diagonal matrix E, which has the eigenvalues, e_j , as its diagonal elements, and the matrix Γ , which has the corresponding eigenvectors as its columns. For any $e_j < (K - P - 2)$, we replace it with the value (K - P - 2). The eigenanalysis provides us with the solution to

$$\widetilde{S} \Gamma_j = \Gamma_j e_j$$
or $\widetilde{S} \Gamma = \Gamma E$. (52)

Post-multiplying by Γ^{τ} , we obtain

$$\widetilde{S} = \Gamma E \Gamma^{T} \tag{53}$$

since Γ is ortho-normal and therefore $\Gamma \Gamma^T = I_P$. We then have

$$\tilde{S}^{-1} = (\Gamma E \Gamma^T)^{-1} = \Gamma E^{-1} \Gamma^T$$
 (54)

which is easily solved since E^{-1} is found by replacing the diagonal elements of E by their reciprocal. This solution for \tilde{S}^{-1} is then used in Equation (47) to solve for the transformed scale estimates, δ_{jj} . To obtain the attrition rate estimate for a cell, \hat{p}_{jj} , we use the inversion formula given by Equation (20) with δ_{ij} in place of XEB_{ij} .

IV. CROSS VALIDATION

A. GENERAL

The six estimation methods discussed in Chapter III are evaluated using cross validation of the data base. This consists of successively holding out one year's data while the other nine years are used to estimate that year's attrition rates. Three measures of effectiveness (MOEs) are used to evaluate the validity of our assumptions and the performance of the estimation methods. Two of these are original scale MOEs--mean absolute deviation (MAD) and chi square statistic. The third is a transformed scale MOE--mean squared error (MSE). Test cases are chosen as input. The results of the cross validation are then discussed.

B. MEASURES OF EFFECTIVENESS

1. Mean Absolute Deviation

The MAD is probably the most useful MOE to the manpower planner. Our version is augmented to display overestimation and underestimation information. Along with the MAD we observe the magnitude of our errors in both directions, which is especially important since the cost of overestimating is generally not the same as the cost of underestimating. While it does not provide a specific value or standard to gauge the performance of our estimation methods, it does provide very useful insight into tendencies to consistently underestimate or overestimate.

For comparison of the estimation methods, we desire a MAD measure that does not depend upon cell inventories, yet still displays the overage/underage information. For these reasons, we use the attrition rate estimates, \hat{p}_i , as opposed to the estimated number of attritions, $(\hat{p}_i \cdot N_i(t))$ (where t = validation year), in our MAD calculations. For those estimates obtained in the transformed scale, the XEB_i are inverted back to the original scale using Equation (20) prior to calculating this MOE.

We define the empirical attrition rate for cell i in validation year t as

$$p_i^a = \frac{Y_i(t)}{N_i(t)} \tag{55}$$

except when $N_i(t) = 0$ (no inventory in cell i for the validation year). In this case we do not compute the cell's deviation from the estimated attrition rate since it would

artificially create an overage situation. Therefore, we reduce K by one and continue with the remaining cells (the reduced value of K is then used in the following formulas).

The MAD measures generated for each validation year are

$$\frac{K_u}{K} = \text{fraction of cells with underage}$$
 (56)

where K_u is the number of cells which have underage,

$$\frac{\sum_{i} (p_i^a - \hat{p}_i)^+}{\sum_{i} |p_i^a - \hat{p}_i|} = \text{fraction of MAD due to underage}$$
 (57)

and

$$MAD = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{i} |p_{i}^{a} - \hat{p}_{i}|. {(58)}$$

We also calculate the average MAD over the validation years. Here we use a weighted average, since the number of cells may have been different in some validation years, i.e., a reduced value of K was used in these years. The weighted average takes the form

$$Avg MAD = \frac{\sum_{t} K_{t} MAD_{t}}{\sum_{t} K_{t}}$$
 (59)

where K_t is the (possibly reduced) number of cells used in validation year t.

2. Chi Square

The chi square test is used as an indicator of how well the binomial model serves as a description of the attrition process. The test statistic is

$$X_{(K)}^{2}(t) = \sum_{i} \frac{(Y_{i}(t) - \hat{p}_{i} N_{i}(t))^{2}}{N_{i}(t) \hat{p}_{i} (1 - \hat{p}_{i})}$$
(60)

where t is the validation year. As with the MAD calculations, if $N_i(t) = 0$ we reduce K by one and continue. Additionally, if $\hat{p}_i = 0$ or 1, the denominator equals zero and the summand is undefined. The same course of action is used if this occurs--reduce K by one and continue. Those estimates obtained in the transformed scale are inverted back to the original scale prior to using Equation (60).

This MOE can be used as a gauge. The chi square statistic given by Equation (60) has expected value K and variance 2K. We are looking for a X^2 value that is less than two standard deviations to the right of the mean, or

$$X_{(K)}^2 \leq K + 2\sqrt{2K} . \tag{61}$$

A weighted average chi square is computed in the same manner as the weighted average MAD in Equation (59). However, if the number of cells and thus the degrees of freedom, K, are different over the validation years a problem arises in determining the degrees of freedom for the weighted average. We solve this dilemma by assuming that the weighted average chi square has the original value of K degrees of freedom.

3. Mean Squared Error

The MSE is used to check the validity of our theoretical basis. It is the average squared deviation of the estimated rate from the actual rate, both rates on the transformed scale. The actual rate used is the transformed validation year data. The MSE is defined as

$$L(\delta, \mu) = \frac{1}{K} \sum_{i} (\delta_i - \mu_i)^2$$
 (62)

where

$$\delta_i = XEB_i$$
 $\mu_l = XT_l(t) \quad (t = \text{validation year}).$
(63)

Again, if $N_r(t) = 0$, we reduce K by one and continue. A weighted average MSE is also computed similar to Equation (59).

The MSE also has a standard to gauge our model. Using Equations (5) and (12) we can compute a baseline variance for any given validation cell. The MSE for that cell, when compared to the baseline value, provides a figure to gauge the value of using shrinkage estimators instead of the cell averages, XTB_i . There is considerable variability

in these ratios, ranging from 20% to 100%, but 80% appears to be a fair median figure. For example, for cell variances computed from Equation (12) running about 0.15, the MSE hovers about 0.12.

4. Vector Method MOEs

The MOEs discussed above require slight modification before being applied to the vector method described in paragraph III.D.. Recall that this method uses K cells with service component or commissioning source broken out into a vector of length P. An attrition rate estimate, δ_{ij} , is obtained for each of the $K \times P$ matrix components. Thus now we have KP estimates which are compared to the corresponding empirical rates for the validation year. Equations (55) through (63) are modified by replacing all i subscripts with ij, replacing all summations over i by double summations over i and j, and replacing all instances of K by the product KP.

C. TEST CASES

The selection of test cases takes on great importance since they provide the foundation for comparison of these methods. It would be impossible to test every permutation of input parameters; therefore we seek a representative fraction of these which would give an accurate account of the performance of our aggregation and estimation methods. Because we are using a different data base from previous theses on estimation methods, no attempt to duplicate their test cases was made.

An approach based upon Latin square experimental design principles was used to select 30 test cases for the first five estimation methods. The test cases for the vector estimation method are addressed later. In determining the test cases, we randomized when possible and intervened to force pairings only when necessary. To begin, we selected values for the input parameters- $-T_0$, K_0 , grade, YCS and MOS. Service component and commissioning source are ignored for these test cases, i.e., all classifications of both are accepted.

To ensure proper representation from small MOS groups one through ten, one MOS from each group was randomly selected: 0302, 1802, 2502, 4002, 3060, 7204, 7545, 7523, 7557 and 7563. Since YCS and grade are strongly correlated, these parameters were selected jointly. To ensure each YCS range within the bounded YCS groups was represented along with a fair representation of grades, four grade/YCS pairs were selected: 1Lt/4 YCS, Capt/7 YCS, LtCol/20 YCS and LtCol(failed select)/26 YCS. The two threshold parameters were also selected jointly, resulting in ten pairs (T_0/K_0) : 30.0/30, 20.0/30, 20.0/20, 10.0/30, 10.0/20, 10.0/10, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20, 10.0/20,

With these choices in place, it was necessary to combine them to define the actual test cases. It was decided to limit the grade/YCS pairs for these cases to 1Lt/4 YCS and Capt/7 YCS due to the large values for the first five threshold pairs. With ten MOSs specified, we sought ten test cases. Thus, each of the first five threshold pairs was listed twice. Each of the four aviation MOSs was randomly assigned to one of the five threshold pairs; the six ground MOSs were then randomly assigned to the remaining pairs. The two grade/YCS pairs were then randomly assigned within a set of common threshold pairs, e.g., for the two cases with T_0/K_0 of 30.0/30, one was randomly assigned 1Lt/4 YCS, the other was then assigned Capt/7 YCS.

All four grade/YCS pairs would be used with the five remaining threshold pairs. Thus 20 more test cases were generated, with each of the five threshold pairs listed four times. Each MOS was randomly assigned to two distinct threshold pairs, ensuring that the large and major MOS groups were evenly spread throughout the pairs. The four grade/YCS pairs were assigned in random order to each set of common threshold pairs, ensuring that they were evenly spread across large and major MOS groups. The 30 test cases are summarized in Table 3.

The input parameters for six vector test cases were selected from the 30 test cases: Nos. 2, 3, 6, 10, 11 and 20. A small number of vector test cases was initially chosen to investigate the possible advantages of the vector method. If this method appeared to be favorable, then further testing would be conducted.

The six test cases contain a cross section of the input parameters. They include three ground and three aviation MOSs, and use each of the first three grade/YCS pairs twice. The grade/YCS pair of LtCol(FS)/26 YCS was not used because of its extremely low inventory numbers, which when broken out into a vector would have been of little exploratory use. These cases also include six different T_0 / K_0 pairs.

Each of the vector test cases is used twice: first with service component and then with commissioning source as the vector component. All three service components-regular, augmented regular and reserve--were used as vector components. Rather than use all 15 commissioning sources (these 15 are listed below Table 4) as vector components (many of them would contain little or no inventory) five commissioning sources for the ground test cases and five for the aviation test cases were chosen. These five were determined to be the sources which contain the largest percentage of inventory for the respective ground or aviation MOSs. The specific commissioning sources selected along with the other vector test case input parameters are summarized in Table 4.

Table 3. TEST CASES FOR METHODS 1-5

No.	$T_{\rm o}$	K _o	MOS	S:L:M	YCS	Grade
1	30.0	30	0302	1:1:1	4	1Lt
2	30.0	30	7523	8:3:2	7	Capt
3	20.0	30	3060	5:2:1	7	Capt
4	20.0	30	7563	10:4:2	4	1Lt
5	20.0	20	2502	3:2:1	7	Capt
6	20.0	20	7557	9:4:2	4	1Lt
7	10.0	30	7204	6:2:1	4	1Lt
8	10.0	30	1802	2:1:1	7	Capt
9	10.0	20	7545	7:3:2	7	Capt
10	10.0	20	4002	4:2:1	4	1Lt
11	10.0	10	2502	3:2:1	20	LtCol
12	10.0	10	7557	9:4:2	26	LtCol(FS)
13	10.0	10	7545	7:3:2	7	Capt
14	10.0	10	0302	1:1:1	4	1Lt
15	5.0	30	4002	4:2:1	4	1Lt
16	5.0	30	0302	1:1:1	20	LtCol
17	5.0	30	7204	6:2:1	26	LtCol(FS)
18	5.0	30	7563	10:4:2	7	Capt
19	5.0	20	3060	5:2:1	7	Capt
20	5.0	20	7545	7:3:2	20	LtCol
21	5.0	20	1802	2:1:1	26	LtCol(FS)
22	5.0	20	7563	10:4:2	4	1Lt
23	5.0	10	7204	6:2:1	20	LtCol
24	5.0	10	4002	4:2:1	26	LtCol(FS)
25	5.0	10	7523	8:3:2	1	1Lt
26	5.0	10	1802	2:1:1	7	Capt
27	5.0	5	2502	3:2:1	7	Capt
28	5.0	5	7557	9:4:2	20	LtCol
29	5.0	5	3060	5:2:1	4	1Lt
30	5.0	5	7523	8:3:2	26	LtCol(FS)

(S: L: M = Small MOS Group: Large MOS Group: Major MOS Group)

Table 4. TEST CASES FOR VECTOR METHOD

No.	T_0	<i>K</i> ₀	MOS	YCS	Grade	Service Comp	Comm Source
2	30.0	30	7523	7	Capt	123	(all)
2	30.0	30	7523	7	Capt	(all)	1 2 3 5 11
3	20.0	30	3060	7	Capt	1 2 3	(all)
3	20.0	30	3060	7	Capt	(all)	1 3 7 10 11
6	20.0	20	7557	4	1Lt	1 2 3	(all)
6	20.0	20	7557	4	1Lt	(all)	1 2 3 5 11
10	10.0	20	4002	4	1Lt	1 2 5	(all)
10	10.0	20	4002	4	1Lt	(all)	1 3 7 10 11
11	10.0	10	2502	20	LtCol	1 2 3	(all)
11	10.0	10	2502	20	LtCol	(all)	1 3 7 10 11
20	5.0	20	7545	20	LtCol	123	(all)
20	5.0	20	7545	20	LtCol	(all)	1 2 3 5 11

Service Component:

- 1 regular
- 2 augmented regular
- 3 reserve

Commissioning Sources used:

- 1 U.S. Naval Academy
- 2 Platoon Leader Class-Aviation
- 3 Platoon Leader Class-Ground
- 5 Aviation Officer Candidate
- 7 Officer Candidate Course-Ground
- 10 Enlisted Commissioning Program
- 11 NROTC-Scholarship

Commissioning Sources not used:

- 4 Platoon Leader Class-Law
- 6 Marine Aviation Cadet
- 8 Officer Candidate Course-Law
- 9 Officer Candidate Course-Women
- 12 NROTC-Ground College
- 13 NROTC-Aviation College
- 14 NESEP
- 15 All Other

D. RESULTS

For each test case, we apply the aggregation method to meet the threshold levels and then execute the estimation methods. While the ultimate use of these methods is to obtain an attrition rate estimate for the original cell, inspection of these estimates would be of little value in evaluating and comparing the estimation methods. Thus the output from the program takes the form of the MOEs.

The inclusion of the entire output from every test case would not only be cumber-some but would provide an inadequate means of comparing the methods. Therefore the output is summarized in Tables 5 through 7. They contain the output from the first five estimation methods only; the output from the vector test cases is presented later. Sample output for the six methods is contained in Appendix C.

The results summaries list the test case number, the cell inventory threshold, T_0 , and the actual number of cells used, K. The level of expansion required to achieve these parameter levels is also listed. For example, test case one had a cell inventory threshold of 30.0, and 24 aggregated cells were obtained by expanding the small, large and major MOS group by YCSs four and five. The value for K is often different from the threshold number of cells, K_0 , listed in Table 3. When K is less than K_0 , maximum expansion occurred and the threshold was unattainable. When K is greater than K_0 , the expansion was the least amount possible to remain above the thresholds. From these test cases we can see that it is difficult to meet the threshold number of cells exactly.

The results summaries then list the weighted average MOEs for each of the five estimation methods. The first row within each test case contains the MAD values, the second row the chi square values and the third row the MSE values. The maximum desired chi square value as given by Equation (61) is listed in parentheses, e.g., for test case one this value is 37.9. This affords easier comparison of the chi square values for the different methods. The values of MSE for both original scale methods are blank because MSE is a transformed scale MOE only.

Before discussing the results in general, some additional comments about specific test cases are necessary. Test case four could not be executed by the Efron-Morris method. This is because one of the aggregated cells contains zero attrition for all ten years of data. As a result, the iterative algorithm does not converge.

Test case 12 was not possible because not even one aggregated cell meeting the cell inventory threshold was obtained with maximum expansion in major MOS group two. This extremely low inventory problem was generally true for all test cases involving the LtCol(FS)/26 YCS pair. Test cases 17, 21 and 24 obtained only three aggregated cells

with maximum expansion in major MOS group one. Test case 30 was also from major MOS group two, and obtained only one aggregated cell meeting the cell inventory threshold. As a result, test case 30 was changed to Major(FS)/18 YCS so that results for these low thresholds could be obtained.

As the thresholds became low (test cases 23-30) cells with inventory much larger than T_0 were being obtained prior to any aggregation. This was especially true for the 1Lt/4 YCS and Capt/7 YCS pairs. To avoid masking the results of low inventory thresholds by actually using large inventory cells, the service component/commissioning source parameters for test cases 26, 27 and 29 were changed. Rather than accepting all classifications of these parameters, only one classification for each was accepted. Thus test case 26 was executed with regular/USNA, test case 27 was executed with augmented regular/PLC-ground, and test case 29 was executed with regular/NROTC-scholarship.

We now focus our attention on the results of these test cases with respect to the MOEs. The weighted average MAD figures vary little within each test case over the five methods. This suggests that the total deviation from the validation year empirical attrition rate was the same for all methods. However, this figure does not identify whether the deviations were overestimations or underestimations. The fraction of MAD from underage (not listed in the results summaries) was studied to gain more insight into this important consideration. For each of the 29 test cases (no results for test case 12), a weighted average fraction of MAD from underage was computed for each of the five estimation methods (weighted by the number of cells just as the weighted averages for the MOEs). A weighted average of these 29 values was then computed. This overall weighted average indicates the tendency of the method to underestimate or overestimate--averages above 0.5 indicate a tendency to underestimate; averages below 0.5 indicate a tendency to overestimate. The author is unaware of any information comparing the relative costs of underage and overage. Hence, as a default, we look for values of 0.5, which is a balance between overestimation and underestimation. The averages calculated were: TS1 = 0.426; TS2 = 0.436; OS1 = 0.481; OS2 = 0.512; and EM = 0.452. Although the MAD figures were generally the same for all methods, these averages indicate that the tendencies to overestimate or underestimate may not be the same. The original scale methods seem to have achieved more balance than the transformed scale methods.

The chi square results were not entirely consistent across test cases nor across methods within a test case. These results are discussed first by comparisons between test cases; then by comparisons within test cases.

Of the first ten test cases, only three (Nos. 3, 5 and 8) had weighted average chi square values within the acceptable range. These three test cases expanded only into the large MOS group, whereas of the seven test cases which were unacceptable, all but one (No. 10) expanded into the major MOS group. Of the last 20 test cases, only four had chi square values outside the acceptable range (Nos. 13, 14, 15, and 18). Of these four, two expanded into the large MOS group, and two into the major MOS group. All the test cases with unacceptable values had either 1Lt/4 YCS or Capt/7 YCS pairs. They were fairly well spread across MOS groups. None of the test cases with lower thresholds (Nos. 19-30) had unacceptable chi square values. This suggests that lower thresholds, which result in less expansion, achieve more acceptable results with respect to this MOE.

To investigate this claim further, different combinations of threshold levels for test cases seven and nine were used. The results are contained in Table 8. These results reinforce the claim that lower thresholds are in fact better, since in both cases the chi square results improved as the thresholds, and therefore the level of expansion, were reduced. When comparing these extra test cases, keep in mind that the chi square values for each set of threshold values should be compared to the acceptable range for that specific number of cells; comparisons across test cases with different values of K are not valid. An important aspect of the argument for lower thresholds is that the thresholds must be considered jointly. For example, in test case seven, with a T_0/K pair of 10.0/6, the chi square values were nearly acceptable, whereas with 5.0/19 they were clearly unacceptable. Thus we should be most aware of the value $T_0 \times K_0$.

We now turn our attention to comparing the chi square values within a test case. Several test cases had chi square values that varied significantly over the estimation methods (Nos. 4, 6 and 22). These three all had 1Lt/4 YCS pairs and were large MOS group four. In test cases four and six the chi square values for the transformed scale methods were not too much larger than the desired maximum; the values for the original scale methods were significantly larger than the desired maximum. In test case 22 the chi square values for the transformed scale methods were acceptable, however the values for the original scale methods were again significantly larger than the desired maximum.

Several other test cases had varying chi square values, but to a lesser degree. In test case eight, only the transformed scale methods had acceptable chi square values, the original scale methods exceeded the desired maximum, although not by a significant margin. In test case 19, only the OS2 method exceeded the desired maximum. All methods for test cases 16, 25, and 27 were within the desired maximum, however the chi square values varied to a large degree over the five methods. Thus, using the chi square

MOE, it appears that the transformed scale methods were generally the same, and as a group outperformed the original scale methods.

The MSE was used only with the transformed scale methods, and thus no comparison with original scale methods can be made. The values for this MOE were generally equal between methods within a test case, and acceptable overall.

The results for the vector method test cases are summarized in Table 9. The table lists the value $K \times P$ (instead of K) because this is the number of estimates obtained and compared to the validation year empirical attrition rates with this method.

Test case two with commissioning source as the vector component had to be modified because only seven aggregated cells were obtained. As a result, K = P + 2, and the vector method could not be conducted. Therefore, commissioning source three (Platoon Leader Class-ground) was deleted as a vector component and the test case run with only four commissioning sources (1, 2, 5 and 11). Test case 20 with service component as the vector component was infeasible. By starting with a low cell inventory threshold (5.0), when the cells were broken out into the vector components their inventory became extremely low. As a result, when validating year five, two of the cells had zero inventory for all of the remaining nine years for service component three (reserve). Thus the value for XTB_{ij} , given by Equation (45), becomes undefined and the method cannot be completed.

The results of the vector method with respect to the MOEs is similar to the results of the previous five estimation methods. This method produced acceptable MAD and MSE values, but its chi square values were fairly inconsistent. Test cases two and ten had unacceptable chi square values for both vector components; test case six had an unacceptable chi square value with service component as the vector component. Recall that these test cases also had unacceptable values with the vector component collapsed.

No fair comparison with the first five estimation methods can be made using the summarized results. Obviously the MAD and MSE quantities will be larger since we are comparing three to five times as many estimates to empirical rates with the vector method. Thus a different evaluation technique must be used.

The vector method is designed to take advantage of any correlation between the cells when broken out into vector components. To see if this is occurring we must look at the matrix \tilde{S}^{-1} as given by Equation (54). In all of the vector test cases, this matrix was essentially diagonal, indicating little correlation between the vector components. In addition, all of the eigenvalues, which become the elements of the diagonal matrix E, were less than (K - P - 2). Therefore, the eigenvalues were replaced by this quantity and the

matrix E always had (K - P - 2) as its diagonal elements. Because these results indicated no worthwhile improvements over the first five methods, no further testing of the vector method was conducted.

Finally, the performance of the heuristic aggregation algorithm listed in Appendix A was also evaluated. For each test case, the total inventory of cells below T_0 was summed and this value divided by T_0 . The integer part of this number provides an upper bound on the number of aggregated cells that can be obtained by any aggregation technique. This upper bound was compared to the actual number of aggregated cells produced by the algorithm. The algorithm achieved the maximum in 71.4% (20 of 28) of the test cases. It achieved one less than the maximum in 21.4% (6 of 28) of the test cases, and two less than the maximum in 7.2% (2 of 28) of the test cases (only 28 test cases required aggregation: No. 12 was infeasible; No. 14 all cells were above T_0). This performance is acceptable for our application.

Table 5. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (CASES 1-10)

No.	T_0	K	Expansion Required	МОЕ	TS1	TS2	OS1	OS2	EM
1	30.0	24	S:(4,5) L:(4,5) M:(4,5)	MAD X(37.9) MSE	0.102 98.79 0.079	0.101 99.28 0.078	0.102 100.99	0.102 100.96	0.103 101.23 0.080
2	30.0	8	S:(7) L:(7) M:(7)	MAD X(16.0) MSE	0.091 28.16 0.077	0.090 27.68 0.076	0.092 28.71	0.091 28.68	0.091 27.73 0.076
3	20.0	31	S:(1-3,6-19) L:(6-8)	MAD X(46.7) MSE	0.056 37.49 0.062	0.056 37.80 0.062	0.055 39.58	0.055 42.85	0.055 38.38 0.062
4	20.0	23	S:(1-5,8-19) L:(1-5,8-19) M:(1-5,8-19)	MAD X(36.6) MSE	0.029 39.34 0.035	0.029 47.36 0.037	0.026 95.41	0.024 139.14	
5	20.0	20	S:(1-3,6-19) L:(7)	MAD X(32.6) MSE	0.048 20.75 0.048	0.049 20.83 0.049	0.047 24.34	0.047 24.20	0.048 21.41 0.049
6	20.0	22	S:(1-5,8-19) L:(1-5,8-19) M:(3-5)	MAD X(35.3) MSE	0.029 40.42 0.037	0.029 50.70 0.039	0.027 90.93	0.025 127.86	0.029 65.20 0.040
7	10.0	32	S:(4,5) L:(4,5) M:(4)	MAD X(48.0) MSE	0.129 111.67 0.137	0.130 113.23 0.137	0.130 112.64	0.130 113.64	0.133 114.28 0.140
8	10.0	28	S:(1-3,6-19) L:(1-3,6-11)	MAD X(43.0) MSE	0.039 34.37 0.039	0.038 34.70 0.040	0.039 45.16	0.038 49.60	0.039 35.54 0.040
9	10.0	14	S:(7) L:(7) M:(7)	MAD X(24.6) MSE	0.117 38.85 0.130	0.115 37.50 0.127	0.117 39.59	0.117 39.62	0.115 40.26 0.132
10	10.0	27	S:(4.5) L:(4,5)	MAD X(41.7) MSE	0.128 64.33 0.137	0.129 65.92 0.137	0.129 65.62	0.128 66.61	0.127 62.64 0.135

TS2 - Transformed scale, time independent variance

OS1 - Original scale, time dependent variance

OS2 - Original scale, time independent variance

Table 6. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (CASES 11-20)

No.	T_0	K	Expansion Required	мое	TS1	TS2	osi	OS2	EM
11	10.0	11	S:(20-25) L:(20-25)	MAD X(20.4) MSE	0.109 18.79 0.141	0.106 19.75 0.142	0.108 19.96	0.107 20.53	0.107 18.99 0.139
12	10.0	0	S:(26) L:(26) M:(26)	MAD X(0.0) MSE					
13	10.0	14	S:(7) L:(7) M:(7)	MAD X(24.6) MSE	0.117 38.85 0.130	0.115 37.50 0.127	0.117 39.59	0.117 39.62	0.115 40.26 0.132
14	10.0	10	S:(4,5) L:(4,5)	MAD X(18.9) MSE	0.113 57.80 0.102	0.110 60.07 0.103	0.113 57.71	0.113 57.80	0.115 59.36 0.104
15	5.0	32	S:(4,5) L:(4,5)	MAD X(48.0) MSE	0.137 69.96 0.156	0.140 70.72 0.158	0.139 70.27	0.139 72.01	0.139 68.15 0.155
16	5.0	32	S:(20-25) L:(20-25) M:(20-22)	MAD X(48.0) MSE	0.122 39.41 0.146	0.122 40.38 0.146	0.121 44.35	0.121 47.84	0.121 42.27 0.148
17	5.0	3	S:(26) L:(26) M:(26)	MAD X(7.9) MSE	0.166 3.66 0.0.189	0.166 3.57 0.188	0.168 3.88	0.168 3.78	0.168 4.02 0.202
18	5.0	29	S:(6,7) L:(6,7) M:(7)	MAD X(44.2) MSE	0.141 79.04 0.176	0.141 78.23 0.176	0.142 78.61	0.141 81.29	0.141 78.84 0.177
19	5.0	24	S:(2,3,6-10)	MAD X(37.9) MSE	0.085 28.95 0.122	0.082 29.28 0.123	0.080 30.91	0.084 43.36	0.080 35.44 0.132
20	5.0	19	S:(20-25) L:(20-25) M:(20)	MAD X(31.3) MSE	0.111 17.29 0.113	0.113 17.29 0.114	0.113 18.92	0.106 23.37	0.110 18.28 0.114

TS2 - Transformed scale, time independent variance

OS1 - Original scale, time dependent variance

OS2 - Original scale, time independent variance

Table 7. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (CASES 21-30)

No.	<i>T</i> ₀	K	Expansion Required	MOE	TS1	TS2	OS1	OS2	EM
21	5.0	3	S:(26) L:(26) M:(26)	MAD X(7.9) MSE	0.167 3.66 0.189	0.166 3.57 0.188	0.168 3.88	0.168 3.78	0.168 4.02 0.202
22	5.0	22	S:(1-5,8-19) L:(3,4)	MAD X(35.3) MSE	0.032 23.56 0.059	0.042 15.03 0.041	0.024 63.10	0.022 92.85	0.032 22.56 0.056
23	5.0	9	S:(20-25) L:(20)	MAD X(17.5) MSE	0.121 8.12 0.141	0.121 8.19 0.141	0.119 8.65	0.121 9.25	0.120 8.17 0.137
24	5.0	3	S:(26) L:(26) M:(26)	MAD X(7.9) MSE	0.166 3.66 0.189	0.166 3.57 0.188	0.168 3.88	0.168 3.78	0.168 4.02 0.202
25	5.0	10	S:(1-6,8-19) L:(1-6)	MAD X(18.9) MSE	0.050 5.09 0.044	0.051 4.78 0.037	0.020 15.35	0.020 16.54	0.048 4.85 0.039
26	5.0	11	S:(1-3,6-19) L:(6,7)	MAD X(20.4) MSE	0.138 13.61 0.184	0.138 13.65 0.186	0.138 14.09	0.135 16.10	0.135 14.28 0.189
27	5.0	6	\$:(6-8)	MAD X(12.9) MSE	0.070 4.64 0.075	0.069 4.55 0.074	0.055 6.88	0.050 9.41	0.068 4.60 0.074
28	5.0	7	S:(20,21)	MAD X(14.5) MSE	0.114 7.59 0.140	0.116 7.67 0.143	0.118 7.99	0.113 8.74	0.116 8.37 0.147
29	5.0	5	S:(4,5)	MAD X(11.3) MSE	0.170 6.36 0.211	0.169 6.23 0.210	0.168 7.64	0.167 8.25	0.169 8.06 0.281
30	5.0	6	S:(1-6,8-19) L:(17-19)	MAD X(12.9) MSE	0.112 6.15 0.136	0.110 6.40 0.136	0.110 7.31	0.104 8.73	0.108 6.42 0.135

TS2 - Transformed scale, time independent variance

OS1 - Original scale, time dependent variance

OS2 - Original scale, time independent variance

Table 8. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (CASES 7 AND 9 EXPANDED)

No.	T_0	K	Expansion Required	MOE	TS1	TS2	OS1	OS2	EM
7-1	10.0	32	S:(4,5) L:(4,5) M:(4)	X(48.0)	111.67	113.23	112.64	113.64	114.28
7-2	10.0	17	S:(4,5) L:(4)	X(28.7)	45.31	45.99	45.90	46.58	43.68
7-3	10.0	6	S:(4,5)	X(12.9)	13.08	12.98	13.41	13.53	13.03
7-4	5.0	19	S:(4,5) L:(4)	X(31.3)	49.28	49.53	49.23	50.84	46.91
7-5	5.0	7	S:(4,5)	X(18.9)	14.42	14.27	14.82	14.93	14.18
7-6	5.0	4	S:(4)	X(9.7)	9.20	8.88	9.22	9.20	9.49
9-1	10.0	14	S:(7) L:(7) M:(7)	X(24.6)	38.85	37.50	39.59	39.62	40.26
9-2	10.0	4	S:(7)	X(9.7)	10.35	10.14	10.58	10.57	10.11
9-3	5.0	17	S:(7) L:(7) M:(7)	X(28.7)	44.95	42.87	44.40	46.03	46.15
9-4	5.0	5	S:(7)	X(11.3)	11.91	11.69	12.16	12.15	11.64

TS2 - Transformed scale, time independent variance

OS1 - Original scale, time dependent variance

OS2 - Original scale, time independent variance

Table 9. SUMMARY OF RESULTS (VECTOR METHOD)

No.	T_0	KP	Vector Component	МОЕ	Vector Method
2	30.0	24	SC	MAD X(37.9) MSE	0.149 61.03 0.229
2	30.0	28	CS	MAD X(43.0) MSE	0.222 115.34 0.398
3	20.0	93	SC	MAD X(120.3) MSE	0.158 110.96 0.219
3	20.0	155	CS	MAD X(190.2) MSE	0.157 132.37 0.201
6	20.0	66	SC	MAD X(89.0) MSE	0.062 109.19 0.074
6	20.0	100	CS	MAD X(128.3) MSE	0.083 58.58 0.081
10	10.0	81	SC	MAD X(106.5) MSE	0.212 251.63 0.368
10	10.0	120	CS	MAD X(151.0) MSE	0.321 707.85 0.625
11	10.0	42	SC	MAD X(60.3) MSE	0.193 44.86 0.214
11	10.0	60	CS	MAD X(81.9) MSE	0.222 53.55 0.225
20	5.0	72	SC	MAD X(0.0) MSE	
20	5.0	100	CS	MAD X(128.3) MSE	0.254 55.92 0.245

SC - service component

CS - commissioning source

V. CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

A. CONCLUSIONS

The results indicate that the desired stability in estimating attrition rates for low inventory cells has been achieved with the aggregation and estimation methods presented in this study. The use of "shrinkage" methods applied to well selected groups of cells allows for the achievement of quality estimates of attrition in the face of low inventory numbers for the individual cells.

None of the six estimation methods stood out as a clear favorite. The vector method did not provide any additional benefits using service component or commissioning source as vector components. Since it is a more complicated method and has the potential to become unsolvable with zero inventory vector components, it appears to be the least favorite. Perhaps more success would be obtained with alternative classifications for the vector component.

The Efron-Morris method also involves more computational effort than the first four empirical Bayes methods. Its performance was very much similar to the transformed scale, time dependent variance method since the only difference between them is the iterative algorithm used to determine the amount of shrinkage. The Efron-Morris method has the potential to become unsolvable when a cell has zero attrition for every year--a distinct possibility when dealing with low inventory cells. This suggests that it is the least favorite of the first five methods.

Of the remaining four methods, there seems to be only small difference between the time dependent variance and the time independent variance methods on the same scale. In test cases where the chi square values were marginal or unacceptable, the time dependent variance methods were usually better. In these same test cases, the transformed scale methods performed better than the original scale methods. Therefore, if one method was to be singled out as best, it would be the first method: transformed scale, time dependent variance.

The tendency to overestimate or underestimate as shown by the weighted average fraction of MAD from underage may also be a consideration when selecting a method. An analysis of this type must weigh the costs of overestimating versus the costs of underestimating, which generally are not the same. This type of an analysis is beyond

the scope of this study. In addition, further testing of the methods would be required to gain a more accurate estimate of this tendency.

The threshold levels also seem to strongly influence the performance of the estimation methods. It appears that expansion past the large MOS group begins to detract from homogeneous attrition behavior. While further study would be required to identify optimal threshold levels, it is apparent that both thresholds should not exceed 20.0, and the value of $T_0 \times K_0$ should not exceed 100.

A method for dealing with cells whose inventory is much greater than T_0 must be developed. In some test cases, cells with inventory three or more times as large as T_0 were obtained and used in the estimation process. This did not seem to affect the results, as they were present in almost all test cases. These cells could be disaggregated into multiple cells with inventory closer to the threshold, although the effect of this has not been determined.

B. RECOMMENDATIONS

The proposed aggregation method should be implemented as a method of identifying additional cells to be used in the attrition rate estimation process. This method provides greater homogeneity of attrition behavior among cells over the current method.

The empirical Bayes estimation methods developed in this study are recommended for use in estimating the attrition rates for low personnel inventory cells.

Overall, the empirical Bayes estimation methods when combined with the proposed aggregation method have achieved the stability in attrition rate estimation that is required to provide a foundation for manpower planning.

APPENDIX A. AGGREGATION ALGORITHMS

A. HEURISTIC ALGORITHM

The heuristic algorithm for aggregating cells is as follows:

1. Given a set of cells, S, and the (time average) inventory of each cell, INV_c , partition S into two subsets as follows:

$$\begin{array}{lll} S_1 &=& \{\, c \, \colon \, c \, \in \, S \, ; \, \, INV_c \, \geq \, T_0 \, \} \\ S_2 &=& \{\, c \, \colon \, c \, \in \, S \, ; \, \, INV_c \, < \, T_0 \, \} \end{array}$$

- 2. Put the cells in S_1 into the set of aggregated cells, K.
- 3. Order the cells in S_2 according to size of their inventory: $INV_1 \le INV_2 \le \cdot \cdot \cdot \le INV_n$ $n = |S_2|$
- 4. Start with c_n , the cell in S_2 with the largest inventory. Find the smallest cell in S_2 , c, that when united with c_n the resulting total inventory will meet or exceed T_0 . Combine its data with c_n , put c_n into K, and remove c from S_2 (the modified set S_2 will now be referred to as S_2). Repeat the procedure with c_{n-1} , and so forth.
- 5. If no cell in S_2^- when combined with the current largest cell, c_{n-i} , exceeds T_0 , use the next largest cell, c_{n-i-1} , and remove c_{n-i-1} from S_2^- . This will create an aggregated cell that is still below threshold. Return to the procedure in Step 4 of trying to find c^+ . If no such cell is contained in S_2^- , use c_{n-i-2} , and so forth.
- 6. Continue this procedure until the sum of all the cells remaining in S_2^- is less than T_0 . These cells are sequentially added to the aggregated cells in K in Step 7.
- 7. Add the largest cell in S_2^- to the smallest cell in K, and update its average inventory. Add the next largest cell in S_2^- to the current smallest cell in K, and update the inventory. Continue until all cells in S_2^- have been used.

We now have |K| aggregated cells which exceed the threshold, T_0 , to use in the attrition rate estimation procedure.

B. INTEGER LINEAR PROGRAM

The formulation as an integer linear program is as follows:

Index Use

c cell (before aggregation)

a aggregated cell

Given Data

 INV_c average inventory of cell c

 T_0 threshold cell inventory

Binary Variables

 $X_{c,o}$ 1 indicates use cell c in aggregated cell a

 Z_{σ} 1 indicates use cell a for aggregation

Formulation

MAX
$$\sum_{a} Z_{a}$$

subject to

$$\sum_{a} X_{c,a} \leq 1 \quad \forall c \qquad \text{(each cell used at most once)}$$

$$\sum_{a} INV_{c} \cdot X_{c,a} \geq T_{0} \cdot Z_{a} \quad \forall a \quad \text{(aggregated cell must have size } \geq T_{0}\text{)}$$

$$X_{c,a}, Z_{a} \in \{0,1\}$$

APPENDIX B. COMPUTER PROGRAMS

A. GENERAL

A computer program written in FORTRAN is used to conduct the cross validation using the methods developed in this thesis. Although the program consists of 33 subroutines, 6 function subroutines, and over 2000 lines of code, it can be easily summarized by breaking it into the two areas of the thesis: cell aggregation and estimation methods.

The main program and aggregation subroutines (listed in paragraph B) read the input parameters and execute the expansion and aggregation methods discussed in Chapter II. An existing program written by Luis Uribe, an independent contractor under the direction of Professor Read, underwent extensive modification to fulfill these requirements. The input parameters-- T_0 , K_0 , MOS, YCS, grade, service component(s), and commissioning source(s)--are read by Subroutine GETPAR either in the interactive mode via the terminal or by using MC87 EXEC (listed in paragraph E). Uribe uses an innovative method to estimate the amount of expansion required to meet the threshold parameters. This approach precludes the requirement to read the data base after each step in the expansion process which would be extremely computer time intensive. Inventory information is extracted from the data base and stored in a separate data file for each pay grade (a sample data file and the program used to create it are listed in paragraph F). The data file is accessed via the user's A-disk which is significantly faster than accessing the data base through MVS. Subroutine READET reads the appropriate data file for the specified grade and constructs a table of cells for those records that are in the same major MOS group as the user defined MOS, and meet the service component and commissioning source parameters. All YCSs are accepted, since the extent of expansion is not yet determined. Function NCEVAL screens this table using the current level of expansion and estimates the number of aggregated cells with average inventory greater than or equal to T_0 that will be obtained. If this number is less than K_0 , Subroutine EXPAND begins the expansion stages as described in paragraph II.C.. After each increment of expansion, NCEVAL screens the table and estimates the number of aggregated cells that will be obtained. This loop through EXPAND and NCEVAL continues until the estimated number of aggregated cells meets the threshold, K_0 . The estimated number of cells and the level of expansion are then displayed on the terminal screen.

The user may elect to go forth and read the data base to determine the actual number of aggregated cells obtained, or may elect to change the level of expansion.

The level of expansion is changed through the variable AGGPCT. This variable estimates the effectiveness of the heuristic aggregation method listed in Appendix A. To estimate the number of aggregated cells that will be obtained, NCEVAL compares the cells which meet the expansion criteria to the minimum inventory threshold, T_0 . Those that are greater than T_0 will obviously produce one aggregated cell. The inventory of those that are less than T_0 is summed. The estimated number of cells is then the total of the number of cells greater than T_0 and AGGPCT times the sum of the cell inventory below T_0 divided by T_0 . The variable AGGPCT is initially set at 0.9, but can be interactively changed via the terminal. By increasing the value of AGGPCT we can decrease the level of expansion; by decreasing the value of AGGPCT we can increase the level of expansion.

Once we decide to go forth and read the actual data base, Subroutine READER extracts records meeting the expansion criteria developed using EXPAND and NCEVAL and pools them into cells. Subroutine AGGREG aggregates these cells to meet the average inventory threshold, T_0 . The actual number of aggregated cells obtained is then compared to the threshold number of cells, K_0 . Again, the user has the option of changing the level of expansion to obtain more or fewer cells, or continuing on to the estimation process.

The first five estimation methods are called by SUBROUTINE MC87BZ (listed in paragraph C). The estimation methods are contained in separate subroutines: EBTS1, EBTS2, EBOS1, EBOS2 and EMTS (EB-empirical Bayes; EM-Efron-Morris; TS-transformed scale; OS-original scale; 1-time dependent variance; 2-time independent variance). The iterations required by the first four methods are conducted in Subroutine EBITER; the Efron-Morris iterations are conducted in Subroutine EMITER. The MOEs are then computed by Subroutines MSE and OSMOE.

If the vector method is to be used, Subroutine BKDOWN then breaks the cells out by their vector components (a vector of length three for service component; a vector of length five for commissioning source). The vector estimation method is contained in Subroutine MC87V (listed in paragraph D). Since all of its computations are unique, this subroutine is self-contained with the exception of the transformation formula, which is contained in Function FTTV.

B. MAIN PROGRAM AND AGGREGATION SUBROUTINES

```
C --- PROGRAM TO CONDUCT AGGREGATION AND ESTIMATION METHODS
                                                                                 MC800010
                                                                                 MC800020
C --- PARAMETER MXY MUST BE UPDATED TO REFLECT EXACT NO. YEARS OF DATA MC800030
C --- PARAMETER MXP IS MAX LENGTH OF 3RD DIMENSION P-VECTOR
                                                                                 MC800040
C --- PARAMETER MXK IS MAX NUMBER OF AGGREGATED CELLS (MAX NO)
                                                                                 MC800050
      PARAMETER (MXX=600, MXY=10, MXP=6, MXK=50)
                                                                                 MC800060
      PARAMETER (NMS=81, NG=14, NLG=6, NMG=4, NYB=4, NYE=18, NYEG=4) MC800070
                                                                                 MC800080
       INTEGER ST1, ST2, LYR
                                                                                 MC800090
      INTEGER SYCS(31), NYCS
                                                                                 MC800100
       INTEGER SYCSG(31), SYCSL(31), SYCSM(31), NYCSG, NYCSL, NYCSM
                                                                                 MC800110
                                                                                 MC800120
       INTEGER SMOS(30), NMOS
       INTEGER SVCMP(5), NSC
                                                                                 MC800130
      INTEGER SCSRC(16),NCSR
                                                                                 MC800140
      INTEGER SGRD
                                                                                 MC800150
      INTEGER*2 MOSGR(2,NMS), YCSB(NYE,NYB,NYEG), VYC(NYE)
                                                                                 MC800160
      INTEGER*2 LGRP(NG), MGRP(NLG)
                                                                                 MC800170
      REAL INV(MXX,MXY), Y(MXX,MXY), SINV(MXX,MXY), SY(MXX,MXY)
                                                                                 MC800180
      INTEGER DATA(MXY)
                                                                                 MC800190
C --- ARRAYS FOR MC87BZ
                                                                                 MC800200
      REAL XTB(MXX), VXTB(MXX), XEB(MXX), A(MXX)
                                                                                 MC800210
C --- ARRAYS FOR MC87V
                                                                                 MC800220
      REAL XTBJI(MXP, MXK), DELTA(MXP, MXK), X(MXP, MXK)
                                                                                 MC800230
      REAL XVYR(MXP, MXK), VYRINV(MXP, MXK), VYRY(MXP, MXK)
                                                                                 MC800240
       REAL BSTAR(MXP, MXP), S(MXP, MXP), GAMMA(MXP, MXP)
                                                                                 MC800250
      REAL XBBJ(MXP), EVAL(MXP)
                                                                                 MC800260
                                                                                 MC800270
       INTEGER*2 PTRTBL(MXX, 2), INDX(MXX), MKG(MXX), RETTBL(MXX,3)
                                                                                 MC800280
       INTEGER*2 PTBL(MXX, 3), BKTBL(MXX,3)
                                                                                 MC800290
                                                                                 MC800300
       REAL AVINV(MXX), RETINV(MXX)
      DATA MKG/MXX*0/
                                                                                 MC800310
C --- ASSIGN MOS TO SMALL, LARGE AND MAJOR MOS GROUP
DATA MOSGR/013,1, 020,2, 027,2, 038,2, 039,2,
                                                                                 MC800320
                                                                                 MC800330
          005,3, 007,3, 049,3, 052,3,
                                                                                 MC800340
          074,4, 079,4, 085,4, 101,4,
                                                                                 MC800350
          016,5, 060,5, 064,5, 076,5, 111,5, 116,5,
                                                                                 MC800360
          132,6, 134,6, 135,6, 139,6,
                                                                                 MC800370
          143,7, 147,7, 150,7, 153,7, 154,7, 155,7, 170,7,
                                                                                 MC800380
                                                                                 MC800390
          149,8, 151,8,
          160,9, 161,9, 164,9, 166,9, 167,9, 168,9, 178,9,
                                                                                 MC800400
          160,9, 161,9, 164,9, 166,9, 167,9, 168,9, 178,9, 173,10, 174,10, 175,10, 176,10, 177,10, 179,10, 144,10,
      بږ
                                                                                 MC800410
      *
                                                                                 MC800420
          145,10, 165,10,
          001,11, 006,11, 012,11, 015,11, 019,11, 026,11, 037,11, 048,11, 051,11, 059,11, 070,11, 075,11, 078,11, 084,11, 087.11, 100,11, 110,11, 115,11, 131,11, 138,11, 217,11,
      쌋
                                                                                 MC800430
      ÷
                                                                                 MC800440
      *
                                                                                 MC800450
      *
                                                                                 MC800460
          172,12, 187,12, 188,12, 189,12,
          142,13, 146,13, 148,13, 152,13, 156,13, 163,13, 169,13,
                                                                                 MC800470
                                                                                 MC800480
       DATA LGRP/1,1,4*2,3,3,4,4,5,5,5,6/
                                                                                 MC800490
      DATA MGRP/1,1,2,2,3,4/
                                                                                 MC800500
C --- CREATE YCS EXPANSION BOUNDS
                                                                                 MC800510
      DATA YCSB/1,2,3,4,5,6, 8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19, MC800520

* 7,17*0, 20,21,22,23,24,25,12*0, 26,17*0, MC800530

* 1,2,3,4,5, 8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,1*0, MC800540
```

```
6,7,16*0,
                            20,21,22,23,24,25,12*0,
                                                        26,17*0,
                                                                            MC800550
                                                                            MC800560
                1,2,3,4,5,6, 8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,
                7,17*0, 20,21,22,23,24,25,12*0, 26,17*0,
                                                                            MC800570
                                                                            MC800580
                1,2,3, 6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,1*0,
                            20,21,22,23,24,25,12*0, 26,17*0
                 4,5,16*0,
                                                                            MC800590
C --- INITIALIZE INVENTORY AND ATTRITION ARRAYS
                                                                            MC800600
                                                                            MC800610
      DO 1 I=1,MXX
       DO 2 J=1,MXY
                                                                            MC800620
        SINV(I,J)=0
                                                                            MC800630
                                                                            MC800640
          SY(I,J)=0
         INV(I,J)=0
                                                                            MC800650
           Y(I,J)=0
                                                                            MC800660
    2 CONTINUE
                                                                            MC800670
    1 CONTINUE
                                                                            MC800680
C --- DEFINE FILE FOR OUTPUT
                                                                            MC800690
      CALL EXCMS('FILEDEF 11 DISK MC87 OUTPUT A')
                                                                            MC800700
C --- FIRST/LAST YEAR OF DATA ON TAPE. UPDATE WHEN NECESSARY
                                                                            MC800710
                                                                            MC800720
      NYR=MXY
                                                                            MC800730
      LYR=ST1+NYR-1
                                                                            MC800740
C --- INITIAL VALUE FOR AGGREGATION ESTIMATION PERCENTAGE
                                                                            MC800750
      AGGPCT=0.9
                                                                            MC800760
      ICYCLE=1
                                                                            MC800770
C --- GET INPUT PARAMETERS
                                                                            MC800780
      CALL GETPAR(AIMIN, NO, NMOS, SMOS, NYCS, SYCS, SGRD,
                                                                            MC800790
                   NSC, SVCMP, NCSR, SCSRC, IGR, MOSGR, NMS, ISFLAG)
                                                                            MC800800
C --- MAJOR GROUP IS MG, LARGE GROUP LG, GROUP IGR, YCS BLOCK IY
                                                                            MC800810
      LG=LGRP(IGR)
                                                                            MC800820
      MG=MGRP(LG)
                                                                            MC800830
             WRITE(6,*) ' '
                                                                            MC800840
             WRITE(6,*) '---- GR, LG, MG=', IGR, LG, MG
                                                                            MC800850
             WRITE(6,*)
                                                                            MC800860
C --- READ EVALUATION TABLE. SELECT ONLY RECS PASSING SELECTION CRITERIAMC800870
      CALL READET(RETTBL, RETINV, MXX, NRET, SGRD, NSC, SVCMP, NCSR, SCSRC,
                                                                            MC800880
                   MG, LGRP, MGRP, MOSGR, NMS)
                                                                            MC800890
  5
      RC=0
                                                                            MC800900
      IGX=IGR
                                                                            MC800910
      LGX=0
                                                                            MC800920
      MGX=0
                                                                            MC800930
      NYCSG=1
                                                                            MC800940
      SYCSG(1)=SYCS(1)
                                                                            MC800950
                                                                            MC800960
      NYCSL=1
      SYCSL(1)=SYCS(1)
                                                                            MC800970
                                                                            MC800980
      NYCSM=1
                                                                            MC800990
      SYCSM(1)=SYCS(1)
      NCTOT=0
                                                                            MC801000
      NC=NCEVAL(AIMIN, IGX, LGX, MGX, NYCSG, SYCSG, RETTBL, RETINV, NRET, MXX,
                                                                            MC801010
     * LGRP, MGRP, NMS, AGGPCT, IGR, LG)
                                                                            MC801020
C --- DO WHILE NCTOT<NO & RC=0 (EXPAND AS LONG AS NO NOT MET)
                                                                            MC801030
  10 IF(NC .GE. NO) THEN
WRITE(6,*) '$GG EVAL NC, SYCSG=', NC, (SYCSG(II), II=1, NYCSG)
                                                                            MC801040
                                                                            MC801050
        GO TO 60
                                                                            MC801060
      ENDIF
                                                                            MC801070
      IF(NYCSG. EQ. 1) THEN
                                                                            MC801080
        CALL GETVYC(SYCS(1), LG, YCSB, NYE, NYB, NYEG, VYC)
                                                                            MC801090
        WRITE(6,*) '=== VYC=', (VYC(I), I=1, NYE)
                                                                            MC801100
```

```
ENDIF
                                                                             MC801110
      CALL EXPAND(NYCSG, SYCSG, VYC, NYE, IGX, LGX, MGX, LG, MG, RC)
                                                                             MC801120
      IF(IGX .EQ. 0) GO TO 20
                                                                             MC801130
      NC=NCEVAL(AIMIN, IGX, LGX, MGX, NYCSG, SYCSG, RETTBL, RETINV, NRET, MXX,
                                                                             MC801140
     * LGRP, MGRP, NMS, AGGPCT, IGR, LG)
                                                                             MC801150
      GO TO 10
                                                                             MC801160
      NCTOT=NC
                                                                             MC801170
      WRITE(6,*) '$$G EVAL NC,SYCSG=',NCTOT,(SYCSG(II),II=1,NYCSG)
                                                                             MC801180
                                                                             MC801190
C --- EXPAND TO LARGE MOS GROUP
                                                                             MC801200
      WRITE(6,*)
                                                                             MC801210
      WRITE(6,*) '== EXPANDING BY LARGE GROUP: ', LGX
                                                                             MC801220
      NC=NCEVAL(AIMIN, IGX, LGX, MGX, NYCSL, SYCSL, RETTBL, RETINV, NRET, MXX,
                                                                            MC801230
     * LGRP, MGRP, NMS, AGGPCT, IGR, LG)
                                                                             MC801240
  30 IF((NCTOT+NC) . GE. NO) THEN
                                                                             MC801250
        WRITE(6,*) SLL EVAL NC, SYCSL=', (NCTOT+NC), (SYCSL(II), II=1, NYCSL)MC801260
        GO TO 60
                                                                             MC801270
      ENDIF
                                                                             MC801280
      IF(NYCSL. EQ. 1) CALL GETVYC(SYCS(1), LG, YCSB, NYE, NYB, NYEG, VYC)
                                                                             MC801290
      CALL EXPAND(NYCSL, SYCSL, VYC, NYE, IGX, LGX, MGX, LG, MG, RC)
                                                                             MC801300
      IF(LGX . EQ. 0) GO TO 40
                                                                             MC801310
      NC=NCEVAL(AIMIN, IGX, LGX, MGX, NYCSL, SYCSL, RETTBL, RETINV, NRET, MXX,
                                                                             MC801320
     * LGRP, MGRP, NMS, AGGPCT, IGR, LG)
                                                                             MC801330
      GO TO 30
                                                                             MC801340
      NCTOT=NCTOT+NC
                                                                             MC801350
      WRITE(6,*) '$$L EVAL NC,SYCSL=',NCTOT,(SYCSL(II),II=1,NYCSL)
                                                                             MC801360
                                                                             MC801370
C --- EXPAND TO MAJOR MOS GROUP
                                                                             MC801380
      WRITE(6,*)
                                                                             MC801390
      WRITE(6,*) '=== EXPANDING BY MAJOR GROUP: ', MGX
                                                                             MC801400
      NC=NCEVAL(AIMIN, IGX, LGX, MGX, NYCSM, SYCSM, RETTBL, RETINV, NRET, MXX,
                                                                             MC801410
     * LGRP,MGRP,NMS,AGGPCT,IGR,LG)
                                                                             MC801420
  50 IF((NCTOT+NC) .GE. NO .OR. RC .NE. 0) THEN
                                                                             MC801430
        WRITE(6,*)'$MM EVAL NC,SYCSM=',(NC+NCTOT),(SYCSM(II),II=1,NYCSM)MC801440
        GO TO 60
                                                                             MC801450
      ENDIF
                                                                             MC801460
      IF(NYCSM. EQ. 1) CALL GETVYC(SYCS(1), LG, YCSB, NYE, NYB, NYEG, VYC)
                                                                             MC801470
      CALL EXPAND(NYCSM, SYCSM, VYC, NYE, IGX, LGX, MGX, LG, MG, RC)
                                                                             MC801480
      NC=NCEVAL(AIMIN, IGX, LGX, MGX, NYCSM, SYCSM, RETTBL, RETINV, NRET, MXX,
                                                                             MC801490

    ★ LGRP, MGRP, NMS, AGGPCT, IGR, LG)
                                                                             MC801500
      GO TO 50
                                                                             MC801510
C
                                                                             MC801520
C --- EXPANSION FINISHED
                                                                             MC801530
  60 IF(RC . NE. 0) THEN
                                                                             MC801540
        WRITE(5,*)'*** REQUIRED NO MAY NOT BE MET: NO,NC=',NO,(NC+NCTOT)MC801550
      ENDIF
                                                                             MC801560
C --- ALLOW USER TO CHANGE EXPANSION LEVEL
                                                                             MC801570
      WRITE(5,*)
                  'ESTIMATED NUMBER OF CELLS =',NC+NCTOT
                                                                             MC801580
     WRITE(5,*)
                                                                             MC801590
      WRITE(5,*) 'ENTER 1 TO CALL READER, O TO CHANGE EXPANSION'
                                                                             MC801600
      READ(5,*) NPICK1
                                                                             MC801610
      IF(NPICK1 . EQ. 1) THEN
                                                                             MC801620
        GO TO 80
                                                                             MC801630
      ELSE
                                                                             MC801640
        WRITE(5,*) 'AGGPCT IS CURRENTLY =', AGGPCT
                                                                             MC801650
        WRITE(5,*) 'ENTER NEW VALUE FOR AGGPCT'
                                                                             MC801660
```

```
READ(5,*) AGGPCT
                                                                           MC801670
        GO TO 5
                                                                          MC801680
      ENDIF
                                                                           MC801690
  80 WRITE(5,*) 'CALLING READER'
                                                                           MC801700
                                                                           MC801710
 --- USER ELECTS TO READ THE DATA BASE - DETERMINE MOS EXPANSION LEVEL MC801720
      CALL GETMOS(SMOS,NMOS,MGX,LGX,MG,LG,IGR,MOSGR,LGRP,MGRP,
                                                                          MC801730
     * NMS,NG,NLG)
                                                                          MC801740
C --- READ THE DATA BASE AND CREATE THE CELLS
                                                                          MC801750
      CALL READER(DATA, INV, Y, MXX, NMOS, NYCSG, NYCSL, NYCSM, NSC, NCSR, NYR,
                                                                          MC801760
     * SMOS, SYCSG, SYCSL, SYCSM, SGRD, SVCMP, SCSRC, NRC, PTRTBL, LGX, MGX, IGR, MC801770
     * LG,MGRP,LGRP,MOSGR,NMS,NG,NLG,ICYCLE,NPT,PTBL,ISFLAG,SINV,SY)
                                                                          MC801780
C --- PERFORM CELL AGGREGATION TO MEET INVENTORY THRESHOLD
                                                                          MC801790
     CALL AGGREG(INV,Y,MXX,NYR,SMOS,SYCSG,
                                                                          MC801800
            NRC, NRCOLD, PTRTBL, INDX, AVINV, AIMIN, MKG)
                                                                          MC801810
C --- ALLOW USER TO CHANGE EXPANSION LEVEL
                                                                          MC801820
      WRITE(5,*) 'NUMBER OF CELLS =',NRC
                                                                          MC801830
  90 WRITE(5,*)
                                                                          MC801840
      WRITE(5,*) 'ENTER 1 TO CONTINUE, 0 TO CHANGE EXPANSION'
                                                                          MC801850
      READ(5,*) NPICK2
                                                                          MC801860
      IF(NPICK2 . EQ. 1) THEN
                                                                          MC801870
        GO TO 100
                                                                          MC801880
      ELSE
                                                                          MC801890
        WRITE(5,*) 'AGGPCT IS CURRENTLY =', AGGPCT
                                                                          MC801900
        WRITE(5,*) 'ENTER NEW VALUE FOR AGGPCT'
                                                                          MC801910
        READ(5,*) AGGPCT
                                                                          MC801920
        ICYCLE=ICYCLE+1
                                                                           MC801930
        GO TO 5
                                                                           MC801940
      ENDIF
                                                                           MC801950
                                                                           MC801960
C --- USER ELECTS TO CONDUCT ESTIMATION
                                                                           MC801970
 100 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC8C1980
      WRITE(11,201) EXPANSION INFORMATION: '
                                                                          MC801990
      WRITE(11,203)'ACTUAL NO. OF CELLS USED= ',NRC
                                                                          MC802000
      WRITE(11,202)'MOS GROUP #', IGR, 'YCS''S USED=',
                                                                          MC802010
                   (SYCSG(I), I=1, NYCSG)
                                                                          MC802020
      IF(LGX .GT. 0) THEN
                                                                          MC802030
        WRITE(11,204) LARGE MOS GROUP #', LG, 'YCS''S USED=',
                                                                          MC802040
                       (SYCSL(I), I=1, NYCSL)
                                                                          MC802050
      ELSE IF(MGX .GT. 0) THEN
                                                                          MC802060
        WRITE(11,204)'LARGE MOS GROUP #', LG, 'YCS''S USED=',
                                                                          MC802070
                       (SYCSL(I), I=1, NYCSL)
                                                                          MC802080
        WRITE(11,204) MAJOR MOS GROUP #',MG, YCS''S USED=',
                                                                          MC802090
                                                                          MC802100
                       (SYCSM(I), I=1, NYCSM)
      ENDIF
                                                                          MC802110
                                                                        MC802120
C --- PERFORM ALL BUT VECTOR ESTIMATION METHODS IN MC87BZ
      CALL MC87BZ(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,A,MXX,MXY)
                                                                          MC802130
C --- VECTOR METHOD--BREAK CELLS INTO VECTOR, CONDUCT ESTIMATION
                                                                          MC802140
      IF(ISFLAG . GT. 0) THEN
                                                                          MC802150
        CALL BKDOWN(PTBL, NPT, PTRTBL, NRCOLD, INDX, MKG, MXX, MXY,
                                                                          MC802160
             SINV, SY, INV, Y, BKTBL, NBK)
                                                                          MC802170
        CALL MC87V(INV,Y,MXX,NYR,NRC,XTBJI,DELTA,X,XVYR,VYRINV,VYRY,
                                                                          MC802180
             BSTAR, S, GAMMA, XBBJ, EVAL, MXP, MXK, BKTBL, NBK, NSC, NCSR, ISFLAG) MC802190
      ENDIF
                                                                           MC802200
                                                                           MC802210
 201 FORMAT(/1X,A)
                                                                           MC802220
```

```
202
                                                                   MC802230
     FORMAT(1X,A,I2,A/1X,18(I3))
     FORMAT(1X,A,I2)
 203
                                                                   MC802240
                                                                   MC802250
 204
     FORMAT(1X,A,I1,A/1X,18(I3))
                                                                   MC802260
                                                                   MC802270
MC802290
     SUBROUTINE EXPAND(NYCSX,SYCSX,VYC,NYE,IGX,LGX,MGX,LG,MG,RC)
                                                                   MC802300
C --- EXPAND YCS IF FEASIBLE, ELSE EXPAND MOS TO LG/MG
                                                                   MC802310
                                                                   MC802320
     INTEGER SYCSX(31), NYCSX
     INTEGER*2 VYC(NYE)
                                                                   MC802330
C --- FIND POSITION OF ORIGINALLY REQUESTED SYCS(1)
                                                                   MC802340
                                                                   MC802350
     IY=0
     DO 10 I=1,NYE
                                                                   MC802360
      IF(SYCSX(1) .EQ. VYC(I)) IY=I
                                                                   MC802370
                                                                   MC802380
  10 CONTINUE
                                                                   MC802390
     IF(IY. EQ. 0) GO TO 30
C --- FIND NEAREST NON-ZERO YCS TO USE FOR EXPANSION
                                                                   MC802400
                                                                   MC802410
     DO 20 I=1,NYE
      J=IY-I
                                                                   MC802420
      IF(J. GE. 1) THEN
                                                                   MC802430
           IF(VYC(J).GT.0) GO TO 50
                                                                   MC802440
      ENDIF
                                                                   MC802450
      J=IY+I
                                                                   MC802460
      IF(J. LE. NYE) THEN
                                                                   MC802470
           IF(VYC(J).GT.0) GO TO 50
                                                                   MC802480
      ENDIF
                                                                   MC802490
  20 CONTINUE
                                                                   MC802500
  30 CONTINUE
                                                                   MC802510
C --- NO MORE YCS EXPANSION POSSIBLE. SEE IF MOS EXP. FEASIBLE
                                                                   MC802520
     IF(IGX.GT.O) THEN
                                                                    MC802530
             EXPAND FROM GROUPS TO LARGE GROUP LGX
                                                                    MC802540
             IGX=0
                                                                   MC802550
                                                                   MC802560
             LGX=LG
     ELSE IF(LGX.GT.O) THEN
                                                                    MC802570
             EXPAND FROM LARGE GROUP LGX TO MAJOR GROUP MGX
                                                                    MC802580
                                                                    MC802590
             MGX=MG
                                                                    MC802600
     ELSE
                                                                    MC802610
             RC=1
                                                                    MC802620
     ENDIF
                                                                    MC802630
     RETURN
                                                                    MC802640
                                                                    MC802650
C --- EXPAND WITH YCS IN POSITION J & CLEAR VYC(J)
                                                                    MC802660
   50 CONTINUE
                                                                    MC802670
     NYCSX=NYCSX+1
                                                                    MC802680
     SYCSX(NYCSX)=VYC(J)
                                                                    MC802690
     VYC(J)=0
                                                                    MC802700
     END
                                                                    MC802710
                                                                    MC802720
MC802740
     FUNCTION NCEVAL(AIMIN, IGX, LGX, MGX, NYCSX, SYCSX, RETTBL, RETINV,
                                                                    MC802750
          NRET, MXX, LGRP, MGRP, NMS, AGGPCT, IGR, LG)
                                                                    MC802760
C --- COMPUTE ESTIMATED NO. CELLS TO BE OBTAINED WITH CURRENT EXPANSION MC802770
     INTEGER SYCSX(31), NYCSX
                                                                    MC802780
```

```
INTEGER*2 LGRP(14),MGRP(6)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802790
                INTEGER*2 RETTBL(MXX, 3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802800
               REAL RETINV(MXX)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802810
               NCEVAL=0
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802820
               IF(IGX. EQ. 0 . AND. LGX. EQ. 0 . AND. MGX. EQ. 0) RETURN
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802830
               TAINV=0.0
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802840
               DO 100 I=1,NRET
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802850
C --- SCREEN ON YCS
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802860
                   DO 10 J=1,NYCSX
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802870
                     IF(RETTBL(I,2) . EQ. SYCSX(J)) GO TO 15
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802880
        10 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802890
                   GO TO 100
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802900
C ---
                SCREEN ON MOS BY GROUP, L. GRP OR MG DEPENDING ON IGX, LGX, MGX
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802910
        15 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802920
                   MOS=RETTBL(I,1)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802930
                   IGP=RETTBL(1,3)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802940
                   LGP=LGRP(IGP)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802950
                   IF(MGX . GT. 0) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802960
                           IF(MGRP(LGP) . EQ. MGX) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802970
                                   IF(LGP . NE. LG) GO TO 80
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802980
                           ENDIF
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC802990
                  ELSE IF(LGX . GT. 0) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803000
                           IF(LGP . EQ. LGX) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803010
                                   IF(IGP .NE. IGR) GO TO 80
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803020
                          ENDIF
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803030
                  ELSE
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803040
                           IF(IGP .EQ. IGX) GO TO 80
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803050
                   ENDIF
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803060
                   GO TO 100
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803070
        80
                CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803080
                  ACCEPTED
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803090
                   IF(RETINV(I) . GE. AIMIN) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803100
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803110
                                        NCEVAL=NCEVAL+1
                   ELSE
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803120
                                        TAINV=TAINV+RETINV(I)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803130
                  ENDIF
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803140
     100 CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803150
C --- FINAL ESTIMATE IS NCEVAL
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803160
                IF(AIMIN.GT.O) NCEVAL=NCEVAL + AGGPCT*TAINV/AIMIN
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803170
               END
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803180
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803190
\texttt{definition} = \texttt{definition} + \texttt{definition
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803210
               SUBROUTINE GETVYC(SYCS, LG, YCSB, NYE, NYB, NYEG, VYC)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803220
                INTEGER*2 YCSB(NYE, NYB, NYEG), VYC(NYE), LGEX(6)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803230
               INTEGER SYCS
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803240
               DATA LGEX/4,4,1,2,4,3/
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803250
C --- L INDICATES LAST DIMENSION IN YCS EXPANSION TABLE
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803260
               L=LGEX(LG)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803270
C --- FIND TO WHICH YCS BLOCK SYCS BELONGS AND MAKE COPY IN VYC
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803280
               DO 10 J=1,NYB
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803290
                  DO 20 I=1,NYE
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803300
                     IF(SYCS . EQ. YCSB(I,J,L)) THEN
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803310
                                                                                                                                                                                                MCS03320
                                           DO 30 K=1,NYE
                                             VYC(K)=YCSB(K,J,L)
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803330
     30
                                           CONTINUE
                                                                                                                                                                                                MC803340
```

```
RETURN
                                                                      MC803350
       ENDIF
                                                                      MC803360
 20
      CONTINUE
                                                                      MC803370
 10
     CONTINUE
                                                                      MC803380
     WRITE(6,*) '****** YCS NOT FOUND IN YCSB TABLE YCS='.SYCS
                                                                      MC803390
                                                                      MC803400
     END
                                                                      MC803410
MC803430
     SUBROUTINE READET(RETTBL, RETINV, MXX, NRET, SGRD, NSC, SVCMP,
                                                                      MC803440
* NCSR,SCSRC, MG,LGRP,MGRP, MÓSGR,NMS) MC803450
C --- READ TABLE WITH ALL EXISTING COMBINATIONS FOR SELECTION CRITERIA MC803460
C --- ACCEPT RECS WITH MATCHING PG, MG, CS, SVC. ACCEPT ALL YCS
                                                                      MC803470
     INTEGER SVCMP(5), NSC, SVC
                                                                      MC803480
      INTEGER SCSRC(16), NCSR, CS
                                                                      MC803490
     INTEGER SGRD, PG
                                                                      MC803500
     INTEGER MOS, YCS
                                                                      MC803510
     INTEGER*2 MOSGR(2,NMS), MGRP(*),LGRP(*)
                                                                      MC803520
     INTEGER*2 RETTBL(MXX, 3)
                                                                      MC803530
     REAL RETINV(MXX), AI
                                                                      MC803540
     NRET=0
                                                                      MC803550
     DO 10 I=1,999999
                                                                     MC803560
      READ(10+SGRD,100,END=999) PG,MOS,YCS,SVC,CS, NRECS,AI
                                                                     MC803570
      IF(PG .NE. SGRD) GO TO 10
                                                                      MC803580
                                                                      MC803590
      IGR=IGFIND(MOS, MOSGR,NMS)
      LG=LGRP(IGR)
                                                                      MC803600
      IF(MGRP(LG) .NE. MG) GO TO 10
                                                                      MC803610
      DO 20 J=1.NSC
                                                                      MC803620
       IF(SVC .EO. SVCMP(J)) GO TO 21
                                                                      MC803630
   20 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC803640
      GO TO 10
                                                                      MC803650
  21 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC803660
      DO 30 J=1,NCSR
                                                                      MC803670
        IF(CS . EQ. SCSRC(J)) THEN
                                                                      MC803680
          CALL ACCEPT(MOS, YCS, IGR, RETTBL, MXX, NRET, RETINV, AI)
                                                                      MC803690
          GO TO 10
                                                                      MC803700
        ENDIF
                                                                      MC803710
      CONTINUE
                                                                      MC803720
   30
C
                                                                      MC803730
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC803740
                                                                      MC803750
  999 CONTINUE
      IF(NRET .GT. MXX) THEN
                                                                      MC803760
       WRITE(6,*) '**** ERROR - TOO MANY RECORDS IN RETTBL'
                                                                      MC803770
       STOP
                                                                      MC803780
                                                                      MC803790
     ENDIF
  100 FORMAT(I2,I4,I3,I2,I3,I4,F7.2)
                                                                      MC803800
     END
                                                                      MC803810
                                                                      MC803820
MC803840
     SUBROUTINE ACCEPT(MOS, YCS, IGR, RETTBL, MXX, NRET, RETINV, AI)
                                                                      MC803850
C --- ACCEPT ENTRY. ACCUMULATE IF ALREADY SAME COMBINATION IS PRESENT MC803860
     INTEGER MOS, YCS
                                                                      MC803870
     INTEGER*2 RETTBL(MXX, 3)
                                                                      MC803880
     REAL RETINV(MXX), AI
                                                                      MC803890
                                                                      MC803900
     DO 10 I=1, NRET
```

```
IF(MOS. EQ. RETTBL(I,1) . AND. YCS. EQ. RETTBL(I,2) ) THEN
                                                                       MC803910
                        RETINV(I) = RETINV(I) + AI
                                                                       MC803920
                         RETURN
                                                                        MC803930
      ENDIF
                                                                        MC803940
  10 CONTINUE
                                                                        MC803950
C --- NEW COMBINATION
                                                                        MC803960
      NRET=NRET+1
                                                                        MC803970
                                                                        MC803980
      RETTBL(NRET, 1)=MOS
      RETTBL(NRET, 2)=YCS
                                                                        MC803990
      RETTBL(NRET, 3) = IGR
                                                                        MC804000
      RETINV(NRET)=AI
                                                                        MC804010
      END
                                                                        MC804020
                                                                        MC804030
MC804050
     SUBROUTINE GETPAR(AIMIN,NO,NMOS,SMOS,NYCS,SYCS,SGRD,
NSC,SVCMP, NCSR,SCSRC, IGR,MOSGR,NMS, ISFLAG)
                                                                        MC804060
                                                                        MC804070
C --- GET SELECTION CRITERIA FROM USER AND VALIDATE
                                                                        MC804080
      INTEGER SYCS(31), NYCS
                                                                        MC804090
      INTEGER SMOS(20), NMOS
                                                                        MC804100
      INTEGER SVCMP(5), NSC
                                                                        MC804110
      INTEGER SCSRC(16),NCSR
                                                                        MC804120
      INTEGER SGRD
                                                                      MC804130
      INTEGER*2 MOSGR(2,NMS)
                                                                        MC804140
      WRITE(5,*) ' ENTER THRESHOLD MIN. FOR AVERAGE INVENTORY'
                                                                       MC804150
      READ(5,*) AIMIN
                                                                       MC804160
     WRITE(5,*) 'ENTER THRESHOLD MIN. FOR NUMBER OF CELLS'
                                                                       MC804170
      READ(5,*) NO
                                                                        MC804180
     WRITE(5,*) ' THRESHOLDS TO USE AIMIN, NO=', AIMIN, NO
                                                                        MC804190
C
                                                                        MC804200
     WRITE(5,*) ' ENTER MOS (ONLY 1 ACCEPTED)'
                                                                        MC804210
     NMOS=1
                                                                        MC804220
      READ(5,*) SMOS(1)
                                                                        MC804230
      WRITE(6,*) ' MOS SELECTED: ', SMOS(1)
                                                                        MC804240
      IGR=IGFIND(SMOS(1), MOSGR,NMS)
                                                                        MC804250
      WRITE(6,*) ' GROUP TO USE: ', IGR
                                                                        MC804260
      IF(IGR. EQ. 0) THEN
                                                                        MC804270
               WRITE(5,*) '**** ERROR - INVALID MOS SELECTED: ',SMOS(1) MC804280
                                                                        MC804290
      ENDIF
                                                                        MC804300
C
                                                                        MC804310
      WRITE(5,*) ' ENTER YCS (ONLY 1 ACCEPTED)'
                                                                        MC804320
      NYCS=1
                                                                        MC804330
      READ(5,*) SYCS(1)
                                                                        MC804340
     WRITE(6,*) ' YCS SELECTED: ', SYCS(1)
                                                                        MC804350
C
                                                                        MC804360
      WRITE(5,*) ' ENTER GRADE'
                                                                        MC804370
      READ(5,*) SGRD
                                                                        MC804380
      WRITE(6,*) ' GRADE SELECTED', SGRD
                                                                        MC804390
C
                                                                        MC804400
     WRITE(5,*) ' ENTER NO. OF SVC. COMPS & ARRAY (1-3, 4=1+2, 5=ALL)' MC804410
     READ(5,*) NSC, (SVCMP(I), I=1,NSC)
                                                                        MC804420
C --- EXPAND 4 TO 1,2 AND 5 TO 1,2,3
                                                                        MC804430
      DO 10 I=1,NSC
                                                                        MC804440
       IF(SVCMP(I). EQ. 4 . OR. SVCMP(I). EQ. 5) THEN
                                                                        MC804450
          NSC=SVCMP(I)-2
                                                                        MC804460
```

```
DO 15 J=1,NSC
                                                                             MC804470
           SVCMP(J)=J
                                                                             MC804480
          CONTINUE
                                                                             MC804490
   15
          GO TO 11
                                                                             MC804500
       ENDIF
                                                                            MC804510
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                            MC804520
   11 CONTINUE
                                                                            MC804530
      WRITE(6,*) ' SERVICE COMPONENTS SELECTED', (SVCMP(I), I=1,NSC)
                                                                            MC804540
C
                                                                            MC804550
      WRITE(5,*) ' ENTER NO. COMM. SOURCES AND ARRAY (1-15, 16=ALL)'
                                                                            MC804560
      READ(5,*) NCSR, (SCSRC(I), I=1,NCSR)
                                                                            MC804570
C --- IF 16 IS SELECTED THEN EXPAND ARRAY TO COVER ALL 1-15
                                                                            MC804580
      DO 20 I=1,NCSR
                                                                            MC804590
       IF(SCSRC(I) .EQ. 16) THEN
                                                                            MC804600
          NCSR=15
                                                                             MC804610
          DO 25 J=1,NCSR
                                                                             MC804620
           SCSRC(J)=J
                                                                             MC804630
                                                                             MC804640
   25
          CONTINUE
          GO TO 26
                                                                             MC804650
       ENDIF
                                                                             MC804660
   20 CONTINUE
                                                                             MC804670
   26 CONTINUE
                                                                             MC804680
      WRITE(5,*) ' COMM. SOURCES SELECTED: ', (SCSRC(I), I=1,NCSR)
                                                                             MC804690
                                                                            MC804700
 --- FLAG TO DETERMINE WHICH OF SVC OR CS WILL BE USED AS 3RD DIMENSIONMC804710
      WRITE(5,*) 'SELECT 3RD DIM. TO USE: 0=NONE, 1=SVC, 2=COMM. SOURCE'MC804720
      READ(5,*) ISFLAG
                                                                             MC804730
C --- WRITE INPUT PARAMETER INFO TO OUTPUT FILE
                                                                            MC804740
      WRITE(11,101) 'TEST CASE INPUT PARAMETERS:'
                                                                            MC804750
      WRITE(11,102) 'INVENTORY THRESHOLD= ',AIMIN,
                                                                            MC804760
                     'THRESHOLD NO. OF CELLS= ',NO
                                                                             MC804770
      WRITE(11,103) 'MOS= ',SMOS(1),'YCS= ',SYCS(1),'GRADE= ',SGRD WRITE(11,104) 'SERVICE COMPONENTS= ',(SVCMP(I),I=1,NSC) WRITE(11,104) 'COMM SOURCES= ',(SCSRC(I),I=1,NCSR) WRITE(6,*) '3RD DIMENSION= ',ISFLAG
                                                                            MC804780
                                                                             MC804790
                                                                            MC804800
                                                                            MC804810
                                                                            MC804820
C
                                                                             MC804830
 101 FORMAT(1X,A)
 102 FORMAT(1X,A,F4.1,7X,A,I2)
                                                                             MC804840
      FORMAT(1X,A,13,2(5X,A,12))
                                                                             MC804850
 104
      FORMAT(1X,A,15(13))
                                                                             MC804866
                                                                             MC804870
                                                                             MC804880
MC804900
      SUBROUTINE GETMOS(SMOS,NMOS,MGX,LGX,MG,LG,IGR,MOSGR,LGRP,MGRP,
                                                                             MC804910
     * NMS,NG,NLG)
                                                                             MC804920
C --- BUILD SMOS ARRAY BASED UPON EXPANSION
                                                                             MC804930
      INTEGER SMOS(30)
                                                                             MC804940
      INTEGER*2 MOSGR(2,NMS), LGRP(NG), MGRP(NLG)
                                                                             MC804950
      NMOS=0
                                                                             MC804960
                                                                            MC804970
      IF(MGX .GT. 0) THEN
        HAVE EXPANDED TO MAJOR MOS GROUP
                                                                            MC804980
                                                                             MC804990
        DO 10 I=1,NMS
           IGP=MOSGR(2,I)
                                                                             MC805000
                                                                             MC805010
           LGP=LGRP(IGP)
           IF(MGRP(LGP) . EQ. MG) THEN
                                                                             MC805020
```

```
MC805030
           NMOS=NMOS+1
           SMOS(NMOS)=MOSGR(1,I)
                                                                     MC805040
                                                                     MC805050
         ENDIF
  10
       CONTINUE
                                                                     MC805060
       RETURN
                                                                      MC805070
     ELSE IF(LGX .GT. 0) THEN
                                                                      MC805080
       HAVE EXPANDED TO LARGE MOS GROUP
                                                                     MC805090
       DO 20 I=1,NMS
                                                                     MC805100
         IGP=MOSGR(2,I)
                                                                      MC805110
         IF(LGRP(IGP) . EQ. LG) THEN
                                                                      MC805120
           NMOS=NMOS+1
                                                                      MC805130
           SMOS(NMOS) = MOSGR(1,I)
                                                                      MC805140
         ENDIF
                                                                      MC805150
  20
       CONTINUE
                                                                      MC805160
       RETURN
                                                                      MC805170
                                                                      MC805180
     ELSE
       HAVE EXPANDED TO SMALL MOS GROUP
                                                                      MC805190
       DO 30 I=1,NMS
                                                                      MC805200
         IF(MOSGR(2,I) .EQ. IGR) THEN
                                                                      MC805210
           NMOS=NMOS+1
                                                                      MC805220
           SMOS(NMOS) = MOSGR(1,I)
                                                                      MC805230
                                                                      MC805240
         ENDIF
                                                                      MC805250
  30
       CONTINUE
                                                                      MC805260
       RETURN
     ENDIF
                                                                      MC805270
     END
                                                                      MC805280
                                                                      MC805290
MC805310
     FUNCTION IGFIND(MOS, MOSGR, NMS)
                                                                      MC805320
C --- FIND LOCATION OF MATCHING MOS IN GROUP TABLE. RETURN GROUP NO
                                                                      MC805330
     INTEGER*2 MOSGR(2,NMS)
                                                                      MC805340
     DO 10 I=1,NMS
                                                                      MC805350
       IF(MOSGR(1,I) . EQ. MOS) THEN
                                                                      MC805360
                                         IGFIND=MOSGR(2,I)
                                                                      MC805370
                                        RETURN
                                                                      MC805380
       ENDIF
                                                                      MC805390
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC805400
                                                                      MC805410
     IGFIND=0
                                                                      MC805420
     END
                                                                      MC805430
MC805450
     SUBROUTINE READER(DATA, INV, Y, MXX, NMOS, NYCSG, NYCSL, NYCSM, NSC, NCSR, MC805460
     * NYR, SMOS, SYCSG, SYCSL, SYCSM, SGRD, SVCMP, SCSRC, NRC, PTRTBL, LGX, MGX,
                                                                     MC805470
    * IGR, LG, MGRP, LGRP, MOSGR, NMS, NG, NLG, ICYCLE, NPT, PTBL, ISFLAG, SINV, SY) MC805480
     REAL INV(MXX,NYR), Y(MXX,NYR), SINV(MXX,NYR), SY(MXX,NYR)
                                                                      MC805490
      INTEGER*2 PTRTBL(MXX, 2), PTBL(MXX,3)
                                                                      MC805500
      INTEGER SYCSG(*), SYCSL(*), SYCSM(*)
                                                                      MC805510
      INTEGER SMOS(*), NMOS
                                                                      MC805520
      INTEGER SVCMP(*), NSC
                                                                      MC805530
      INTEGER SCSRC(*), NCSR
                                                                      MC805540
      INTEGER SGRD
                                                                      MC805550
      INTEGER TYPE, YCS, PG, MOS, SEX, CS, EDLV, SVC, MOS1, MOS2, RACE
                                                                      MC805560
     INTEGER DATA(NYR)
                                                                      MC805570
     CHARACTER*7 CITLS
                                                                      MC805580
```

```
INTEGER*2 MOSGR(2,NMS),LGRP(NG),MGRP(NLG)
                                                                           MC805590
                                                                           MC805600
  --- REWIND DATA FILE AND RESET INV,Y IF CYCLING THRU READER
                                                                           MC805610
      IF(ICYCLE .GT. 1) THEN
                                                                           MC805620
        REWIND 1
                                                                           MC805630
        DO 6 I=1,MXX
                                                                           MC805640
          DO 5 J=1,NYR
                                                                           MC805650
            INV(I,J)=0.0
                                                                           MC805660
              Y(I,J)=0.0
                                                                           MC805670
           SINV(I,J)=0.0
                                                                           MC805680
             SY(I,J)=0.0
                                                                           MC805690
  5
          CONTINUE
                                                                           MC805700
        CONTINUE
                                                                           MC805710
      ENDIF
                                                                           MC805720
C --- READ RECORD AND STORE IN MATRIX
                                                                           MC805730
      ICR=0
                                                                           MC805740
      NRC=0
                                                                           MC805750
      NPT=0
                                                                           MC805760
      ICNT=0
                                                                           MC805770
      IYNO=0
                                                                           MC805780
      IYR=0
                                                                           MC805790
C
                                                                           MC805800
    1 READ(1,101,END=999) TYPE, YCS, PG, MOS, SEX, CS, EDLV, SVC, MOS1, MOS2,
                                                                           MC805810
              RACE, CITLS, DATA
                                                                           MC805820
      ICR=ICR+1
                                                                           MC805830
C --- CHECK IF RECORD MEETS SELECTION CRITERIA. OTHERWISE REJECT.
                                                                           MC805840
C --- COLLECT TYPES O=INVENTORY, AND 1-5 ALL LOSSES
                                                                           MC805850
      IF(TYPE. GT. 5) GO TO 999
                                                                           MC805860
C
                                                                           MC805870
 --- SCREEN FOR GRADE
                                                                           MC805880
      IF(PG .NE. SGRD) GO TO 1
                                                                           MC805890
                                                                           MC805900
C --- SCREEN FOR MOS
                                                                           MC805910
      IGP=IGFIND(MOS,MOSGR,NMS)
                                                                           MC805920
      IF(IGP. EQ. 0) GO TO 1
                                                                           MC805930
      LGP=LGRP(IGP)
                                                                           MC805940
      IF(MGX .GT. 0) THEN
                                                                           MC805950
        HAVE EXPANDED TO MAJOR MOS GROUP
                                                                           MC805960
        IF(LGP . EQ. LG) THEN
                                                                           MC805970
          DO 10 I=1,NYCSL
                                                                           MC805980
            IF(YCS . EQ. SYCSL(I)) THEN
                                                                           MC805990
              IY=I
                                                                           MC806000
              GO TO 60
                                                                           MC806010
            ENDIF
                                                                           MC806020
  10
          CONTINUE
                                                                           MC806030
          GO TO 1
                                                                           MC806040
        ELSE IF(MGRP(LGP) . EQ. MGX) THEN
                                                                           MC806050
          DO 20 I=1,NYCSM
                                                                           MC806060
            IF(YCS . EQ. SYCSM(I)) THEN
                                                                           MC806070
              IY=I
                                                                           MC806080
              GO TO 60
                                                                           MC806090
            ENDIF
                                                                           MC806100
  20
          CONTINUE
                                                                           MC806110
          GO TO 1
                                                                           MC806120
        ELSE
                                                                           MC806130
          GO TO 1
                                                                           MC806140
```

		ENDIF	MC806150	
		ELSE IF(LGX .GT. 0) THEN	MC806160	
C		HAVE EXPANDED TO LARGE MOS GROUP	MC806170	
_		IF(IGP .EQ. IGR) THEN	MC806180	
		DO 30 I=1,NYCSG	MC806190	
		IF(YCS . EQ. SYCSG(I)) THEN	MC806200	
		IY=I		
			MC806210	•
		GO TO 60	MC806220	
		ENDIF	MC806230	
	30	CONTINUE	MC806240	
		GO TO 1	MC806250	•
		ELSE IF(LGP .EQ. LGX) THEN	MC806260	
		DO 40 I=1,NYCSL	MC806270	
		IF(YCS .EQ. SYCSL(I)) THEN	MC806280	
		İY=I	MC806290	
		GO TO 60	MC806300	
		ENDIF	MC806310	
	40	CONTINUE	MC806320	
	70	GO TO 1	MC806330	
		ELSE	MC806340	
		GO TO 1	MC806350	
		ENDIF	MC806360	
_		ELSE	MC806370	
С		HAVE EXPANDED TO SMALL MOS GROUP	MC806380	
		IF(IGP .EQ. IGR) THEN	MC806390	
		DO 50 I=1,NYCSG	MC806400	
		IF(YCS .EQ. SYCSG(I)) THEN	MC806410	
		IY=I	MC806420	
		GO TO 60	MC806430	
		ENDIF	MC806440	
	50	CONTINUE	MC806450	
	30	GO TO 1	MC806460	-
		ELSE		
			MC806470	
		GO TO 1	MC806480	_
		ENDIF	MC806490	
		ENDIF	MC806500	
	60	CONTINUE	MC806510	
С			MC806520	
		DO 70 I=1,NMOS	MC806530	
		IF(MOS .EQ. SMOS(I)) THEN	MC806540	
		IM=I	MC806550	
		GO TO 80	MC806560	
		ENDIF	MC806570	
	70	CONTINUE	MC806580	
	/0	WRITE(6,*) '*** ERROR IN MOS SCREENING ***', MOS		
			MC806590	
		WRITE(6,*) 'NMOS,SMOS=',NMOS,(SMOS(I),I=1,NMOS)	MC806600	
_		GO TO 1	MC806610	
C			MC806620	
С		SCREEN FOR SERVICE COMPONENT	MC806630	
	80	CONTINUE	MC806640	
		DO 90 I=1,NSC	MC806650	
		IF(SVC . ÉQ. SVCMP(I)) THEN	MC806660	
		IS=I	MC806670	
		GO TO 100	MC806680	
		END IF	MC806690	
	90	CONTINUE	MC806700	
	90	O.11 1110D	110000700	-

```
GO TO 1
                                                                                     MC806710
                                                                                     MC806720
C --- SCREEN FOR COMMISSIONING SOURCE
                                                                                     MC806730
 100 CONTINUE
                                                                                     MC806740
       DO 110 I=1,NCSR
                                                                                     MC806750
        IF(CS .EQ. SCSRC(I)) THEN
                                                                                     MC806760
                                                                                     MC806770
                IR=I
                                                                                     MC806780
                GO TO 120
        END IF
                                                                                     MC806790
 110
      CONTINUE
                                                                                     MC806800
       GO TO 1
                                                                                     MC806810
                                                                                     MC806820
C
 120
      CONTINUE
                                                                                     MC806830
C
                                                                                     MC806840
C --- RECORD ACCEPTED - INSTALL IT IN INV,Y,SINV,SY, PTRTBL AND PTBL
                                                                                     MC806850
       ICNT=ICNT+1
                                                                                     MC806860
       IF(ISFLAG. EQ. 1) THEN
                                                                                     MC806870
                     IW=IS
                                                                                     MC806880
       ELSE IF(ISFLAG. EQ. 2) THEN
                                                                                     MC806890
                                                                                     MC806900
                     IW=IR
       ELSE
                                                                                     MC806910
                     IW=-99
                                                                                     MC806920
       ENDIF
                                                                                     MC806930
       MINV=GINV(PTRTBL, MXX,NRC, IM,IY,-99)
                                                                                     MC806940
                                                                                     MC806950
       MV=GINV(PTBL, MXX,NPT,IM,IY,IW)
       IF(TYPE.EQ.O) THEN
                                                                                     MC806960
           CALL INSINV(PTRTBL, MXX, NYR, NRC, MINV, IM, IY, -99, INV, DATA)
                                                                                     MC806970
           CALL INSINV(PTBL, MXX,NYR,NPT,MV, IM,IY, IW,SINV,DATA)
                                                                                     MC806980
       ELSE
                                                                                     MC806990
           CALL INSY(MXX,NYR,MINV,Y,DATA)
                                                                                     MC807000
                                                                                     MC807010
           CALL INSY(MXX,NYR,MV, SY,DATA)
            IYR=IYR+1
                                                                                     MC807020
                                                                                     MC807030
            IF(MINV. EQ. 0) THEN
              WRITE(6,*) '*** ERROR IN DATA BASE. LOSS W/O INV. REC.'
                                                                                     MC807040
              WRITE(6,122) 'Y**: ', MOS, YCS, PG, EDLV, SVC, RACE,
                                                                                     MC807050
                                   (DATA(IT), IT=1,NYR)
                                                                                     MC807060
              IYNO=IYNO+1
                                                                                     MC807070
           ENDIF
                                                                                     MC807080
       ENDIF
                                                                                     MC807090
C
                                                                                     MC807100
       GO TO 1
                                                                                     MC807110
                                                                                     MC807120
  999 CONTINUE
                                                                                     MC807130
      WRITE(6,*) ' '
                                                                                     MC807140
      WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL RECORDS READ =',ICR
WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL INV. MOS/YCS COMBINATIONS=',NRC
WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL INV. MOS/YCS/IW COMBINATIONS=',NPT
WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL RECORDS ACCEPTED =',ICNT
WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL LOSS RECORDS ACCEPTED =',IYR
WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL LOSS RECORDS NOT MATCHED =',IYNO
       WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL RECORDS READ
                                                                                     MC807150
                                                                                     MC807160
                                                                                    MC807170
                                                                                    MC807180
                                                                                    MC807190
                                                                                     MC807200
C --- TERMINATE IF NO DATA COLLECTED
                                                                                     MC807210
       IF(NRC . EQ. 0) THEN
                                                                                     MC807220
                 WRITE(6,*) '**** NO DATA MEETS SELECTION REQS'
                                                                                     MC807230
                                                                                     MC807240
       ENDIF
                                                                                     MC807250
C
                                                                                     MC807260
```

```
101 FORMAT(3I2,I3,I1,I2,2I1,2I3,I1,A7, 1X, 10I4)
                                                                MC807270
     FORMAT(A8, 1316)
                                                                MC807280
121
     FORMAT(A8,716, 5X, 1216)
                                                                MC807290
122
    FORMAT(14, 216)
                                                                MC807300
 131
     FORMAT(14, 316, 10F7.2)
132
                                                                MC807310
     END
                                                                MC807320
                                                                MC807330
MC807350
     FUNCTION GINV(PTBL, MXX,NPT, IM,IY,IW)
                                                                MC807360
 --- FIND LOCATION OF INVENTORY ENTRY FOR MOS, YCS, SVC/CS COMBINATIONS
                                                                MC807370
C --- 3RD DIMENSION CHECKED ONLY IN CASE IW>0
                                                                MC807380
     INTEGER*2 PTBL(MXX, *)
                                                                MC807390
     DO 10 I=1,NPT
                                                                MC807400
       IF(PTBL(I, 1) . EQ. IM . AND.
                                                                MC807410
                                                      -
         PTBL(I, 2) . EQ. IY ) THEN
                                                                MC807420
            IF(IW.LT.O.OR. (IW.GT.O.AND. PTBL(I, 3).EQ.IW)) THEN
                                                                MC807430
                                     GINV=I
                                                                MC807440
                                     RETURN
                                                                MC807450
            ENDIF
                                                                MC807460
       ENDIF
                                                                MC807470
                                                                MC807480
  10 CONTINUE
     GINV=0
                                                                MC807490
     END
                                                                MC807500
                                                                MC807510
MC807530
     SUBROUTINE INSINV(PT, MXX, NYR, N, K, IM, IY, IW, INV, DATA)
                                                                MC807540
C --- ACCUMM INTO KTH ENTRY. INSTALL IN POINTER TABLE IF NOT PRESENT
                                                                MC807550
     REAL INV(MXX, NYR)
                                                                MC807560
     INTEGER*2 PT(MXX, *)
                                                                MC807570
     INTEGER DATA(NYR)
                                                                MC807580
     IF(K . EQ. 0) THEN
                                                                MC807590
          ADD NEW ENTRY
                                                                MC807600
          N=N+1
                                                                MC807610
          IF(N .GT. MXX) THEN
                                                                MC807620
            WRITE(6,*) '*** ERROR - TOO MANY INV. COMBINATIONS', N
                                                                MC807630
            STOP
                                                                MC807640
          ENDIF
                                                                MC807650
          K=N
                                                                MC807660
          PT(K, 1)=IM
                                                                MC807670
          PT(K, 2)=IY
                                                                MC807680
          IF(IW.GT.0) PT(K, 3)=IW
                                                                MC807690
     ENDIF
                                                                MC807700
     DO 130 IT=1,NYR
                                                                MC807710
      INV(K,IT)=INV(K,IT) + .25*FLOAT(DATA(IT))
                                                                MC807720
                                                                MC807730
 130 CONTINUE
     END
                                                                MC807740
                                                                MC807750
MC807770
     SUBROUTINE INSY(MXX,NYR,K,Y,DATA)
                                                                MC807780
C --- ACCUMM INTO KTH ENTRY FOR LOSS
                                                                MC807790
     REAL Y(MXX, NYR)
                                                                MC807800
     INTEGER DATA(NYR)
                                                                MC807810
     IF(K . EQ. 0) RETURN
                                                                MC807820
```

```
DO 10 IT=1.NYR
                                                                      MC807830
      Y(K,IT)=Y(K,IT) + DATA(IT)
                                                                      MC807840
     CONTINUE
                                                                      MC807850
     END
                                                                      MC807860
С
                                                                      MC807870
MC807890
     SUBROUTINE AGGREG(INV,Y,MXX,NYR,SMOS,SYCSG,
                                                                      MC807900
                      NRC, NRCOLD, PTRTBL, INDX, AVINV, AIMIN, MKG)
                                                                      MC807910
C --- COMP. AVERAGE INV. & SORT
                                                                      MC807920
     REAL INV(MXX, NYR), Y(MXX, NYR), AVINV(MXX)
                                                                      MC807930
      INTEGER*2 PTRTBL(MXX, 2), INDX(MXX),MKG(MXX)
                                                                      MC807940
     INTEGER SYCSG(*), SMOS(*)
                                                                      MC807950
     REAL*8 TINV, TY
                                                                      MC807960
C
                                                                      MC807970
C --- RESET MKG (NECESSARY WHEN CYCLING THRU AGGPCT VALUES)
                                                                      MC807980
     DO 10 I=1,MXX
                                                                      MC807990
       MKG(I)=0
                                                                      MC808000
 10
     CONTINUE
                                                                      MC808010
     TINV=0
                                                                      MC808020
     TY=0
                                                                      MC808030
     DO 100 I=1,NRC
                                                                      MC808040
C --- FIX INV. ENTRIES LOWER THAN CORRESP. LOSSES & COMP. AVG INV.
                                                                      MC808050
                                                                      MC808060
      DO 201 J=1.NYR
                                                                      MC808070
       TINV=TINV+INV(I,J)
                                                                      MC808080
                                                            ÷
         TY = TY + Y(I,J)
                                                                      MC808090
        IF(INV(I,J), LT, Y(I,J)) INV(I,J)=Y(I,J)
                                                                      MC808100
       AI=AI+INV(I,J)
                                                                      MC808110
  201 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC808120
      AVINV(I)=AI/NYR
                                                                      MC808130
                                                                      MC808140
      INDX(I)=I
  100 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC808150
     WRITE(6,*) '==== TOTAL INV,Y=',TINV,TY
                                                                      MC808160
                                                                      MC808170
C --- SORT ASCENDING BY AVG INVENTORY
                                                                      MC808180
     CALL SORT2(AVINV,INDX,NRC)
                                                                      MC808190
C
                                                                      MC808200
     NS1=0
                                                                      MC808210
C --- DISPLAY TABLE IN SORT SEQUENCE
                                                                      MC808220
     CALL DSPTBL(INV,Y,AVINV,PTRTBL,INDX,AIMIN,NRC,MKG,MXX,NYR,
                                                                      MC808230
                       SYCSG, SMOS )
                                                                      MC808240
C
                                                                      MC808250
     DO 200 K=NRC,1,-1
                                                                      MC808260
      IF(AVINV(K) . GE. AIMIN) THEN
                                                                      MC808270
                MARK AS MEMBER OF SET SO
                                                                      MC808280
                MKG(K) = 32767
                                                                      MC808290
      ELSE
                                                                      MC808300
C ---
                INITIAL COUNT OF MEMBERS OF SET S1
                                                                      MC808310
                NS1=K
                                                                      MC808320
                GO TO 202
                                                                      MC808330
      ENDIF
                                                                      MC808340
  200 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC808350
  202 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC808360
C --- DO AGGREGATIONS WITHIN SET S1 UNTIL NO MORE POSSIBLE (KF GE 0)
                                                                      MC808370
```

```
KF=-1
                                                                           MC808380
C --- DO WHILE KF<0
                                                                           MC808390
  300 IF(KF.GE.O) GO TO 310
                                                                           MC808400
       CALL AGG1(AVINV, INDX, MKG, NS1, INV, Y, MXX, NYR, AIMIN, KF)
                                                                           MC808410
       GO TO 300
                                                                           MC808420
  310 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC808430
C --- DISPLAY TABLE AFTER 1ST AGGREGATION
                                                                           MC808440
      CALL DSPTBL(INV,Y,AVINV,PTRTBL,INDX,AIMIN,NRC,MKG,MXX,NYR,
                                                                           MC808450
                         SYCSG, SMOS )
                                                                           MC808460
      IF(NS1. EO. NRC) THEN
                                                                           MC808470
           WRITE(6,*) '**** SET SO EMPTY. NO CELLS ABOVE THRESHOLD'
                                                                           MC808480
                                                                           MC808490
           STOP
      ENDIF
                                                                           MC808500
C --- DO AGGREGATIONS FROM SET S1 INTO SET S0 UNTIL NO MORE POSSIBLE
                                                                           MC808510
      KF=1
                                                                           MC808520
C --- DO WHILE KF>0
                                                                           MC808530
  320 IF(KF. LE. 0) GO TO 330
                                                                           MC808540
         CALL AGG2(AVINV, INDX, MKG, NS1, NRC, INV, Y, MXX, NYR, KF)
                                                                           MC808550
                                                                           MC808560
  330 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC808570
C --- DISPLAY TABLE AFTER 2ND AGGREGATION
                                                                           MC808580
      CALL DSPTBL(INV,Y,AVINV,PTRTBL,INDX,AIMIN,NRC,MKG,MXX,NYR,
                                                                           MC808590
                         SYCSG, SMOS )
                                                                           MC808600
C --- MOVE VALUES GE AIMIN TO BEGINNING OF ARRAYS
                                                                           MC808610
      CALL CMPRS(INV,Y,MXX,NYR,NRC,NRCOLD,AIMIN,AVINV)
                                                                           MC808620
C --- DISPLAY TABLE AFTER MOVING VALUES.
                                                                           MC808630
      DO 400 K=1,NRC
                                                                           MC808640
       WRITE(6,122)K,AVINV(K), (INV(K,J),J=1,NYR)
                                                                           MC808650
                       (Y(K,J),J=1,NYR)
       WRITE(6,123)
                                                                           MC808660
  400 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC808670
  122 FORMAT(/I5,14X,F8.3, 6X, 10F7.2)
                                                                           MC808680
  123 FORMAT( 33X, 10F7.2)
                                                                           MC808690
      END
                                                                           MC808700
C teste de                                                                            MC808710
      SUBROUTINE AGG1(AVINV, INDX, MKG, NS1, INV, Y, MXX, NYR, AIMIN, KF)
                                                                           MC808720
C --- DO ONE PASS OF AGGREGATION
                                                                           MC808730
      REAL INV(MXX, NYR), Y(MXX, NYR), AVINV(MXX)
                                                                           MC808740
      INTEGER*2 INDX(MXX), MKG(MXX)
                                                                           MC808750
      KF=0
                                                                           MC808760
      CI=0
                                                                           MC808770
      DO 10 I=NS1,1,-1
                                                                           MC808780
       IF(MKG(I).EQ.0) THEN
                                                                           MC808790
         IF(KF. EQ. 0) THEN
                                                                           MC808800
            THIS WILL BE THE COLLECTING CELL
                                                                           MC808810
            KF=I
                                                                           MC808820
            CI=AVINV(I)
                                                                           MC808830
         ELSE
                                                                           MC808840
            IF(CI+AVINV(I). LT. AIMIN) THEN
                                                                           MC808850
                 ACCUM. WITH CELL KF TEMPORARILY. SET TEMP. POINTER -KF MC808860
C ---
                 CI=CI+AVINV(I)
                                                                           MC808870
                MKG(I) = -KF
                                                                           MC808880
            ELSE
                                                                           MC808890
C ---
                 FIND SMALLEST CELL TO ADD
                                                                           MC808900
                 CALL AGG1A(AVINV, MKG, I, CI, AIMIN, KF, MXX)
                                                                           MC808910
            ENDIF
                                                                           MC808920
```

```
IF(CI. GE. AIMIN) THEN
                                                                           MC808930
                MAKE THIS AGGREGATION PERMANENT AND EXIT
                                                                           MC808940
                                                                           MC808950
                AVINV(KF)=CI
                                                                           MC808960
                CALL AGG1B(INDX, MKG, KF, INV, Y, NYR, MXX)
                NS1=NS1-1
                                                                           MC808970
                MKG(KF)=32767
                                                                           MC808980
                KF=-1
                                                                           MC808990
                RETURN
                                                                           MC809000
            ENDIF
                                                                           MC809010
         ENDIF
                                                                           MC809020
       ENDIF
                                                                           MC809030
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC809040
C
                                                                           MC809050
      IF(KF. EQ. 0) RETURN
                                                                           MC809060
C --- CLEAR TEMPORARY POINTERS LEFT. THIS WAS AN UNSUCCESSFUL AGGREG.
                                                                           MC809070
                                                                           MC809080
      DO 20 I=1,NS1
       IF(MKG(I), LT.0) MKG(I)=0
                                                                           MC809090
   20 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC809100
      END
                                                                           MC809110
MC809120
      SUBROUTINE AGG1A(AVINV, MKG, ILAST, CI, AIMIN, KF, MXX)
                                                                           MC809130
C --- FIND SMALLEST CELL TO ADD AND SET TEMPORARY POINTER
                                                                           MC809140
      REAL AVINV(MXX)
                                                                           MC809150
      INTEGER*2 MKG(MXX)
                                                                           MC809160
      DO 10 I=1,ILAST
                                                                           MC809170
       IF(MKG(I). EQ. 0) THEN
                                                                           MC809180
        IF(CI+AVINV(I) .GE. AIMIN) THEN
                                                                           MC809190
                                                                           MC809200
          CI=CI+AVINV(I)
          MKG(I) = -KF
                                                                           MC809210
                                                                           MC809220
          RETURN
        ENDIF
                                                                           MC809230
       ENDIF
                                                                           MC809240
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC809250
      WRITE(6,*) '*** ERROR IN AGG1A. NO VALUE FOUND ***'
                                                                           MC809260
      STOP
                                                                           MC809270
      END
                                                                           MC809280
MC809290
      SUBROUTINE AGG1B(INDX, MKG, KF, INV, Y, NYR, MXX)
                                                                           MC809300
C --- MAKE AGGREGATION PERMANENT
                                                                           MC809310
      REAL INV(MXX, NYR), Y(MXX, NYR)
                                                                           MC809320
      INTEGER*2 INDX(MXX),MKG(MXX)
                                                                           MC809330
      K=INDX(KF)
                                                                           MC809340
      DO 10 I=1,KF-1
                                                                            MC809350
       IF(MKG(I) .LT. 0) THEN
                                                                           MC809360
          IF(MKG(I).NE.-KF) STOP 777
                                                                           MC809370
                                                                           MC809380
          MKG(I)=KF
          L=INDX(I)
                                                                           MC809390
          DO 20 J=1,NYR
                                                                           MC809400
           INV(K,J)=INV(K,J)+INV(L,J)
                                                                           MC809410
             Y(K,J) = Y(K,J) + Y(L,T)
                                                                           MC809420
  20
          CONTINUE
                                                                           MC809430
       ENDIF
                                                                           MC809440
  10
      CONTINUE
                                                                           MC809450
                                                                           MC809460
      END
C desirate straictic sirate strate de desirate de de
                                                                           MC809470
```

```
SUBROUTINE AGG2(AVINV, INDX, MKG, NS1, NRC, INV, Y, MXX, NYR, KF)
                                                                          MC809480
C --- DO ONE PASS OF AGGREGATION FROM SET S1 TO SET S0
                                                                          MC809490
C --- ON EACH PASS ONE ELEMENT OF S1 IS TAKEN & ADDED TO SMALLEST OF S0 MC809500
                                                                          MC809510
      REAL INV(MXX, NYR), Y(MXX, NYR), AVINV(MXX)
      INTEGER*2 INDX(MXX), MKG(MXX)
                                                                          MC809520
                                                                          MC809530
      KF=0
C --- FIND ELEMENT OF S1 (ONLY THOSE WITH POINTER MKG(I)=0)
                                                                          MC809540
                                                                          MC809550
      DO 10 I=1,NS1
       IF(MKG(I).EQ.0) THEN
                                                                          MC809560
                                                                          MC809570
             KF=I
             GO TO 12
                                                                          MC809580
       ENDIF
                                                                          MC809590
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC809600
   12 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC809610
C --- IF KF STILL O THEN NO MORE ELEMENTS IN S1 LEFT
                                                                          MC809620
      IF(KF.EQ.O) RETURN
                                                                          MC809630
C
                                                                          MC809640
 --- FIND SMALLEST ELEMENT OF SO AND ADD TO IT. ONLY WITH MKG(I)=32767 MC809650
      ISM=NRC
                                                                          MC809660
      SMALL=AVINV(ISM)
                                                                          MC809670
      DO 20 I=1, NRC
                                                                          MC809680
       IF(MKG(I).EQ.32767) THEN
                                                                          MC809690
        IF(AVINV(I).LT.SMALL) THEN
                                                                          MC809700
           ISM=I
                                                                          MC809710
           SMALL=AVINV(I)
                                                                          MC809720
        ENDIF
                                                                          MC809730
       ENDIF
                                                                          MC809740
   20 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC809750
C --- JOIN ELEMENT KF TO ELEMENT ISM
                                                                          MC809760
      AVINV(ISM)=AVINV(ISM) + AVINV(KF)
                                                                          MC809770
      MKG(KF)=ISM
                                                                          MC809780
      L=INDX(KF)
                                                                          MC809790
      K=INDX(ISM)
                                                                          MC809800
      DO 30 J=1,NYR
                                                                          MC809810
       INV(K,J)=INV(K,J)+INV(L,J)
                                                                          MC809820
         Y(K,J) = Y(K,J) + Y(L,J)
                                                                          MC809830
  30
      CONTINUE
                                                                          MC809840
      END
                                                                          MC809850
MC809860
      SUBROUTINE CMPRS(INV,Y,MXX,NYR,NRC,NRCOLD,AIMIN,AVINV)
                                                                          MC809870
      REAL INV(MXX, NYR), Y(MXX, NYR), AVINV(MXX)
                                                                          MC809880
C --- COMPRESS INV,Y IN PLACE. MOVE ALL ROWS GE AIMIN TO TOP
                                                                          MC809890
      NRCOLD=NRC
                                                                          MC809900
      NRC=0
                                                                          MC809910
      DO 10 I=1,NRCOLD
                                                                          MC809920
       AI=CAINV(INV,I,MXX,NYR)
                                                                          MC809930
       IF(AI .GE. AIMIN) THEN
                                                                          MC809940
C ---
           TRANSFER ACTIVE CELL I ---> NRC
                                                                          MC809950
           NRC=NRC+1
                                                                          MC809960
           AVINV(NRC)=AI
                                                                          MC809970
           DO 20 J=1,NYR
                                                                          MC809980
            INV(NRC,J)=INV(I,J)
                                                                          MC809990
              Y(NRC,J) = Y(I,J)
                                                                          MC810000
  20
           CONTINUE
                                                                          MC810010
       ENDIF
                                                                          MC810020
      CONTINUE
                                                                          MC810030
```

```
END
                                                                         MC810040
C ************
                                                                         MC810050
      FUNCTION CAINV(INV,I,MXX,NYR)
                                                                         MC810060
      REAL INV(MXX, NYR)
                                                                         MC810070
C --- COMPUTE AVERAGE INVENTORY FOR ROW I
                                                                         MC810080
       CAINV=0
                                                                         MC810090
       DO 10 J=1.NYR
                                                                         MC810100
        CAINV=CAINV+INV(I,J)
                                                                         MC810110
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                         MC810120
                                                                         MC810130
       CAINV=CAINV/NYR
                                                                         MC810140
      END
C オポオオオオオオオオオオオオオ
                                                                         MC810150
      SUBROUTINE DSPTBL(INV,Y,AVINV,PTRTBL,INDX,AIMIN,NRC,MKG,MXX,NYR,
                                                                         MC810160
                        SYCSG, SMOS)
                                                                         MC810170
C --- DISPLAY TABLE IN SORT SEQUENCE
                                                                         MC810180
      REAL INV(MXX, NYR), Y(MXX, NYR), AVINV(MXX)
                                                                         MC810190
      INTEGER*2 PTRTBL(MXX, 2), INDX(MXX),MKG(MXX)
                                                                         MC810200
      INTEGER SYCSG(*)
                                                                         MC810210
      INTEGER SMOS(*)
                                                                         MC810220
      INTEGER IATT(2)
                                                                         MC810230
                                                                         MC810240
      CHARACTER*1 STI
                                                                         MC810250
      WRITE(6,121)
      WRITE(6,*) 'INV. THRESHOLD MIN. VALUE=', AIMIN
                                                                         MC810260
С
                                                                         MC810270
      WRITE(6,*) '
                                                      INVENTORY/LOSSES'
                    I INDX AVG
                                          MKG
                                                                         MC810280
      DO 200 K=1,NRC
                                                                         MC810290
       STI='
                                                                         MC810300
       I=INDX(K)
                                                                         MC810310
       AI = AVINV(K)
                                                                         MC810320
       IF(AI .LT. AIMIN) STI='$'
                                                                          MC810330
       IATT(1)=SMOS(PTRTBL(I,1))
                                                                          MC810340
       IATT(2)=SYCSG(PTRTBL(1,2))
                                                                         MC810350
       WRITE(6,122)K,I,AI,MKG(K),STI,(INV(I,J),J=1,NYR),(IATT(J),J=1,2),MC810360
                   PTRTBL(I,1),PTRTBL(I,2)
                                                                         MC810370
       WRITE(6,123)
                                     (Y(I,J),J=1,NYR)
                                                                         MC810380
  200 CONTINUE
                                                                         MC810390
C
                                                                         MC810400
  121 FORMAT(///)
                                                                         MC810410
  122 FORMAT(/215,F8.3,19,1X,A2, 10F7.2, 5X, 615)
                                                                         MC810420
  123 FORMAT( 30X, 10F7.2)
                                                                         MC810430
                                                                         MC810440
MC810450
      SUBROUTINE SORT2(Y, INDX, N)
                                                                         MC810460
C --- INPLACE SORT USING SHELL ALGORITHM *******
                                                                         MC810470
C --- SORTS ON Y AND DOES SAME REORDERING ON INDEXES INDX
                                                                         MC810480
      REAL Y(N), TEMP
                                                                         MC810490
                                                                         MC810500
      INTEGER GAP
      INTEGER*2 INDX(N), ITEMP
                                                                         MC810510
      LOGICAL EXCH
                                                                         MC810520
C
                                                                          MC810530
      GAP=(N/2)
                                                                          MC810540
  5
      IF (.NOT. (GAP. NE. 0)) GO TO 500
                                                                         MC810550
                                                                          MC810560
 10
         CONTINUE
            EXCH=. TRUE.
                                                                          MC810570
            K=N-GAP
                                                                          MC810580
            DO 200 I=1,K
                                                                          MC810590
```

```
KK=I+GAP
                                                                       MC810600
           IF(.NOT.(Y(I).GT.Y(KK))) GO TO 100
                                                                       MC810610
                                                                       MC810620
                 TEMP=Y(I)
                  Y(I)=Y(KK)
                                                                       MC810630
                  Y(KK)=TEMP
                                                                       MC810640
                  ITEMP=INDX(I)
                                                                       MC810650
                  INDX(I)=INDX(KK)
                                                                       MC810660
                  INDX(KK)=ITEMP
                                                                       MC810670
                  EXCH=. FALSE.
                                                                       MC810680
 100
            CONTINUE
                                                                       MC810690
 200
                                                                       MC810700
            CONTINUE
         IF (.NOT. (EXCH)) GO TO 10
                                                                       MC810710
                                                                       MC810720
         GAP=(GAP/2)
     GO TO 5
                                                                       MC810730
 500 CONTINUE
                                                                       MC810740
     RETURN
                                                                       MC810750
                                                                       MC810760
     END
                                                                       MC810770
MC810790
     SUBROUTINE BKDOWN(PTBL, NPT, PTRTBL, NRC, INDX, MKG, MXX, MXY,
                                                                       MC810800
          SINV, SY, INV, Y, BKTBL, NBK
                                                                       MC810810
C --- BREAKDOWN AGGREGATED VALUES BY THE 3RD DIMENSION SVC/CS
                                                                       MC810820
     REAL INV(MXX,MXY), Y(MXX,MXY), SINV(MXX,MXY), SY(MXX,MXY)
                                                                       MC810830
     INTEGER*2 PTRTBL(MXX, 2), INDX(MXX), MKG(MXX)
                                                                       MC810840
     INTEGER*2 PTBL(MXX, 3), BKTBL(MXX,3)
                                                                       MC810850
     REAL*8 TINV, TY
                                                                       MC810860
     NBK=0
                                                                       MC810870
C --- TRAVERSE MKG ARRAY AND BUILD BKTBL
                                                                       MC810880
     DO 10 I=1, NRC
                                                                        MC810890
      IF(MKG(I). NE. 32767) THEN
                                                                        MC810900
                          ICELL=MKG(I)
                                                                        MC810910
      ELSE
                                                                        MC810920
                          ICELL=I
                                                                        MC810930
      ENDIF
                                                                        MC810940
      IX=INDX(I)
                                                                        MC810950
      IM=PTRTBL(IX,1)
                                                                        MC810960
      IY=PTRTBL(IX,2)
                                                                        MC810970
      CALL BLDBK(ICELL, IM, IY, PTBL, NPT, MXX, BKTBL, NBK)
                                                                        MC810980
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                        MC810990
C --- DISPLAY BKTBL PRIOR TO SORTING
                                                                        MC811000
     WRITE(6,101) (I,(BKTBL(I,J),J=1,3), I=1,NBK)
                                                                        MC811010
     CALL SORT3(BKTBL, NBK, MXX)
                                                                        MC811020
     WRITE(6,101) (I,(BKTBL(I,J),J=1,3), I=1,NBK)
                                                                        MC811030
C --- SUMMARIZE SINV, SY INTO INV, Y FOR MATCHING ENTRIES IN BKTBL
                                                                        MC811040
     CALL SUMBK(BKTBL, NBK, MXX, SINV, SY, INV, Y, MXY)
                                                                        MC811050
     WRITE(6,102) (I,(INV(I,J),J=1,MXY),(BKTBL(I,J),J=1,2), I=1,NBK)
                                                                        MC811060
     WRITE(6,102) (I,( Y(I,J),J=1,MXY),(BKTBL(I,J),J=1,2), I=1,NBK)
                                                                        MC811070
  101 FORMAT(14, 316)
                                                                        MC811080
  102 FORMAT(I4, 10F7.2,10X,2I4)
                                                                        MC811090
  103 FORMAT(/I5,10F7.2)
                                                                        MC811100
  104 FORMAT( 5X, 10F7. 2)
                                                                        MC811110
      END
                                                                        MC811120
MC811130
     SUBROUTINE BLDBK(ICELL, IM, IY, PTBL, NPT, MXX, BKTBL, NBK)
                                                                        MC811140
```

```
INTEGER*2 PTBL(MXX, 3), BKTBL(MXX,3)
                                                                             MC811150
C --- RECORD ALL ENTRIES IN PTBL WITH MATCHING IM, IY IN BKTBL
                                                                             MC811160
      DO 10 I=1,NPT
                                                                             MC811170
       IF(PTBL(I,1). EQ. IM . AND. PTBL(I,2). EQ. IY) THEN
                                                                             MC811180
             INSTALL WITH CELL ID, IW & POINTER
                                                                             MC811190
                                                                             MC811200
             NBK=NBK+1
             BKTBL(NBK,1)=ICELL
                                                                             MC811210
             BKTBL(NBK,2)=PTBL(I,3)
                                                                             MC811220
                                                                             MC811230
             BKTBL(NBK,3)=I
       ENDIF
                                                                             MC811240
     CONTINUE
                                                                             MC811250
  10
      END
                                                                             MC811260
C *************
                                                                             MC811270
                                                                             MC811280
      SUBROUTINE SORT3(T,N,MXX)
 --- INPLACE SORT USING SHELL ALGORITHM *******
                                                                             MC811290
 --- SORTS ON 1ST 2 COLS. OF T & DOES SAME REORDERING ON 3RD-COLUMN
                                                                             MC811300
      INTEGER*2 T(MXX,3), ITEMP
                                                                             MC811310
      INTEGER GAP
                                                                             MC811320
      LOGICAL EXCH
                                                                             MC811330
C
                                                                             MC811340
      GAP=(N/2)
                                                                             MC811350
  5
      IF (GAP. EQ. 0) GO TO 500
                                                                             MC811360
 10
         CONTINUE
                                                                             MC811370
                                                                             MC811380
            EXCH=. FALSE.
                                                                             MC811390
            K=N-GAP
            DO 200 I=1,K
                                                                             MC811400
            KK=I+GAP
                                                                             MC811410
            IF(T(I,1).GT.T(KK,1).OR.
                                                                             MC811420
                      (T(I,1), EQ, T(KK,1), AND, T(I,2), GT, T(KK,2)) THEN MC811430
                   IT1=T(I,1)
                                                                             MC811440
                   IT2=T(I,2)
                                                                             MC811450
                   IT3=T(1,3)
                                                                             MC811460
                   T(I,1)=T(KK,1)
                                                                             MC811470
                   T(I,2)=T(KK,2)
                                                                             MC811480
                   T(I,3)=T(KK,3)
                                                                             MC811490
                   T(KK,1)=IT1
                                                                             MC811500
                   T(KK,2)=IT2
                                                                             MC811510
                   T(KK,3)=IT3
                                                                             MC811520
                   EXCH=. TRUE.
                                                                             MC811530
            ENDIF
                                                                             MC811546
 200
            CONTINUE
                                                                             MC811550
         IF (EXCH) GO TO 10
                                                                             MC811560
                                                                             MC811570
         GAP=(GAP/2)
      GO TO 5
                                                                             MC811580
 500
      CONTINUE
                                                                             MC811590
      RETURN
                                                                             MC811600
                                                                             MC811610
C dedededededededededededededededede
                                                                             MC811620
      SUBROUTINE SUMBK(BKTBL, NBK, MXX, SINV, SY, INV, Y, MXY)
                                                                             MC811630
C --- CREATE AGGREGATED ARRAYS INV, Y FROM CELL & 3RD DIM. INFO. IN BKTBLMC811640
      REAL INV(MXX, MXY), Y(MXX, MXY), SINV(MXX, MXY), SY(MXX, MXY)
                                                                             MC811650
      INTEGER*2 BKTBL(MXX,3)
                                                                             MC811660
      REAL*8 TINV, TY
                                                                             MC811670
      IP=0
                                                                             MC811680
      I1 = -1
                                                                             MC811690
      12 = -1
                                                                             MC811700
```

```
TINV=0
                                                                           MC811710
      TY=0
                                                                           MC811720
      DO 10 I=1,NBK
                                                                           MC811730
       IF(BKTBL(I,1). NE. I1 . OR. BKTBL(I,2). NE. I2) THEN
                                                                           MC811740
                    CHANGE OF CELL, IW IDENTIFIERS
C ---
                                                                           MC811750
                    IP=IP+1
                                                                           MC811760
                    I1=BKTBL(I,1)
                                                                           MC811770
                    I2=BKTBL(I,2)
                                                                           MC811780
                   DO 15 J=1,MXY
                                                                           MC811790
                     INV(IP,J)=0
                                                                           MC811800
                       Y(IP,J)=0
                                                                           MC811810
  15
                    CONTINUE
                                                                           MC811820
                    BKTBL(IP,1)=I1
                                                                           MC811830
                                                                           MC811840
                    BKTBL(IP,2)=I2
       ENDIF
                                                                           MC811850
       ACCUMULATE
                                                                           MC811860
       I3=BKTBL(I,3)
                                                                           MC811870
       DO 20 J=1,MXY
                                                                           MC811880
        INV(IP,J)=INV(IP,J)+SINV(I3,J)
                                                                           MC811890
          Y(IP,J) = Y(IP,J) + SY(I3,J)
                                                                           MC811900
        TINV=TINV+SINV(I3,J)
                                                                           MC811910
          TY = TY + SY(13,J)
                                                                           MC811920
       CONTINUE
  20
                                                                           MC811930
  10
      CONTINUE
                                                                           MC811940
      WRITE(6,*) '=== TOTAL INV, Y AFTER BREAKDOWN=', TINV, TY
                                                                           MC811950
C
                                                                           MC811960
      NBK=IP
                                                                           MC811970
                                                                ্
C --- FIX INV. ENTRIES LOWER THAN CORRESP. LOSSES
                                                                           MC811980
      DO 40 I=1,NBK
                                                                           MC811990
        DO 30 J=1,MXY
                                                                           MC812000
          IF(INV(I,J), LT, Y(I,J)) INV(I,J)=Y(I,J)
                                                                           MC812010
  30
        CONTINUE
                                                                           MC812020
      CONTINUE
  40
                                                                           MC812030
      END
                                                                           MC812040
```

C. ESTIMATION SUBROUTINES

```
SUBROUTINE MC87BZ(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,A,MXX,MXY)
                                                                        MC800010
 --- CONDUCTS FIRST FIVE ESTIMATION METHODS
                                                                        MC800020
                                                                        MC800030
     REAL INV(MXX, MXY), Y(MXX, MXY), XEB(MXX)
                                                                        MC800040
      REAL XTB(MXX), VXTB(MXX), A(MXX)
                                                                        MC800050
                                                                        MC800060
      CALL EBTS1(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,MXX,MXY)
                                                                        MC800070
     PRINT *, 'COMPLETED EBTS1'
                                                                        MC800080
C
                                                                        MC800090
      CALL EBTS2(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,MXX,MXY)
                                                                        MC800100
     PRINT *, 'COMPLETED EBTS2
                                                                        MC800110
                                                                        MC800120
      CALL EBOS1(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,MXX,MXY)
                                                                        MC800130
     PRINT *. 'COMPLETED EBOS1'
                                                                        MC800140
                                                                        MC800150
      CALL EBOS2(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,MXX,MXY)
                                                                        MC800160
     PRINT *, 'COMPLETED EBOS2'
                                                                        MC800170
                                                                        MC800180
      CALL EMTS(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,A,MXX,MXY)
                                                                        MC800190
     PRINT *, 'COMPLETED EMTS'
                                                                        MC800200
C
                                                                        MC800210
     END
                                                                        MC800220
                                                                        MC800230
MC800250
      SUBROUTINE EBTS1(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,MXX,MXY)
                                                                        MC800260
C --- TRANSFORMED SCALE, TIME INDEPENDENT VARIANCE METHOD
                                                                        MC800270
     REAL INV(MXX,MXY), Y(MXX,MXY), XEB(MXX)
                                                                        MC800280
     REAL XTB(MXX), VXTB(MXX)
                                                                        MC800290
      REAL MAXL, MINL, L, MAXCHI, MINCHI
                                                                        MC800300
      INTEGER T, VYR
                                                                        MC800310
      DATA AA/1.6835/, B1/-.8934/, B2/.9881/
                                                                        MC800320
      MAXL= -1000.0
                                                                        MC800330
      MINL= 1000.0
                                                                        MC800340
      SUML= 0.0
                                                                        MC800350
      KLSUM=0
                                                                        MC800360
      MAXCHI = -1000.0
                                                                        MC800370
     MINCHI= 1000.0
                                                                        MC800380
      SUMCHI= 0.0
                                                                        MC800390
      KSUM=0
                                                                        MC800400
      SUMMAD=0.0
                                                                        MC800410
      KPSUM=0
                                                                        MC800420
      WPITE(11,32)'
                                                                        MC800430
      WRITE(11,21) EMP BAYES TRANS SCALE - TIME DEP VAR: '
                                                                        MC800440
      WRITE(11,21)'MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE):'
                                                                        MC800450
     WRITE(11,28)'FRACTION CELLS','FRACTION MAD' MC800460
WRITE(11,29)'VALID YR','K','WITH UNDERAGE','FROM UNDERAGE','MAD' MC800470
      WRITE(11,30)
                                                                        MC800480
                                                                        MC800490
C --- LOOP THROUGH VALIDATION YEARS
                                                                        MC800500
     DO 280 VYR=1, NYR
                                                                        MC800510
C --- LOOP THROUGH CELLS
                                                                        MC800520
      DO 260 IN=1, NRC
                                                                        MC800530
```

```
T=0
                                                                            MC800540
                                                                            MC800550
        SUMXT=0
                                                                            MC800560
        SUMVAR=0
        LOOP THROUGH YEARS OF DATA TO COMPUTE XTB AND VAR(XTB)
C ---
                                                                            MC800570
        DO 200 IT=1, NYR IF(IT . NE. VYR) THEN
                                                                            MC800580
                                                                            MC800590
            IF(INV(IN, IT) . NE. 0) THEN
                                                                            MC800600
               X=FTT(INV(IN,IT), Y(IN,IT))
                                                                            MC800610
               C=SQRT(0.5+INV(IN,IT))
                                                                            MC800620
               XX=X+C*(3.141592654/2.0)
                                                                            MC800630
               XT=X/C
                                                                            MC800640
                                                                            MC800650
               T=T+1
               SUMXT=SUMXT+XT
                                                                            MC800660
               IF(XX .LT. 1.001) XX=1.001
                                                                            MC800670
               VARX = AA*(XX**B1)*(XX-1)**B2
                                                                            MC800680
               IF(VARX . GT. 1.0) VARX=1.0
                                                                            MC800690
               VARXT=VARX/(0.5+INV(IN,IT))
                                                                            MC800700
               SUMVAR=SUMVAR+VARXT
                                                                            MC800710
            ENDIF
                                                                            MC800720
          ENDIF
                                                                            MC800730
  200
        CONTINUE
                                                                            MC800740
        XTB(IN)=SUMXT/T
                                                                            MC800750
        VXTB(IN)=SUMVAR/T**2
                                                                            MC800760
  260 CONTINUE
                                                                            MC800770
C
                                                                            MC800780
 --- CONDUCT ALGORITHM TO FIND XEB
                                                                            MC800790
      CALL EBITER(NRC, XTB, VXTB, XEB, MXX, VYR)
                                                                            MC800800
                                                                            MC800810
 --- COMPUTE MEAN SQUARED ERROR
                                                                            MC800820
      CALL MSE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,L,MXX,MXY,KL)
                                                                            MC800830
         IF(L . LT. MINL) THEN
                                                                            MC800840
           MINL=L
                                                                            MC800850
           MINLK=KL
                                                                            MC800860
           MINLYR=VYR
                                                                            MC800870
          ELSE IF(L .GT. MAXL) THEN
                                                                            MC800880
           MAXL=L
                                                                            MC800890
           MAXLK=KL
                                                                            MC800900
           MAXLYR=VYR
                                                                            MC800910
         ENDIF
                                                                            MC800920
         SUML=SUML+L*KL
                                                                            MC800930
         KLSUM=KLSUM+KL
                                                                            MC800940
                                                                            MC800950
C --- INVERT XEB TO ORIGINAL SCALE
                                                                            MC800960
      CALL INVERT(NRC, XEB, MXX)
                                                                            MC800970
                                                                            MC800980
C --- COMPUTE MAD AND CHI SQUARE
                                                                            MC800990
      CALL OSMOE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,CHI,K,MXX,MXY,
                                                                            MC80100G
                  FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD, KP)
                                                                            MC801010
         IF(CHI .LT. MINCHI) THEN
                                                                            MC801020
           MINCHI=CHI
                                                                            MC801030
           MNCHIK=K
                                                                            MC801040
           MNCHYR=VYR
                                                                            MC801050
          ELSE IF (CHI . GT. MAXCHI) THEN
                                                                            MC801060
           MAXCHI=CHI
                                                                            MC801070
           MXCHIK=K
                                                                            MC801080
           MXCHYR=VYR
                                                                            MC801090
```

```
ENDIF
                                                                                                   MC801100
            SUMCHI=SUMCHI+CHI*K
                                                                                                   MC801110
            KSUM=KSUM+K
                                                                                                   MC801120
            KPSUM=KPSUM+KP
                                                                                                   MC801130
            SUMMAD=SUMMAD+PMAD*KP
                                                                                                   MC801140
        WRITE(11,31) VYR, KP, FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD
                                                                                                   MC801150
  280 CONTINUE
                                                                                                   MC801160
                                                                                                   MC801170
C --- WRITE RESULTS TO OUTPUT FILE
                                                                                                   MC801180
                                                                                                   MC801190
        AVGL=SUML/KLSUM
        AVGCHI=SUMCHI/KSUM
                                                                                                   MC801200
        AVGMAD=SUMMAD/KPSUM
                                                                                                   MC801210
       AVGMAD=SUMMAD/KPSUM

WRITE(11,19)'AVG MAD = ',AVGMAD

WRITE(11,21)'CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE):'

WRITE(11,26)'MIN CHI = ',MINCHI,'K = ',MNCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MNCHYRMC801240

WRITE(11,26)'MAX CHI = ',MAXCHI,'K = ',MXCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MXCHYRMC801250

WRITE(11,26)'AVG CHI = ',AVGCHI

WRITE(11,21)'MEAN SQUARED ERROR (TRANS SCALE):'

WRITE(11,25)'MIN MSE = ',MINL,'K = ',MINLK,'VALID YR = ',MINLYR

WRITE(11,25)'MAX MSE = ',MAXL,'K = ',MAXLK,'VALID YR = ',MINLYR

WRITE(11,27)'AVG MSE = ',AVGL

WRITE(11,27)'AVG MSE = ',AVGL

MC801310

FORMAT(38X A F5.3)
  19 FORMAT(38X,A,F5.3)
                                                                                                   MC801310
  21 FORMAT(/1X,A)
                                                                                                   MC801320
  25
       FORMAT(1X,A,F6.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
                                                                                                   MC801330
  26 FORMAT(1X,A,F9.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
                                                                                                   MC801340
  27
       FORMAT(1X,A,F6.3/)
                                                                                                   MC801350
  28 FORMAT(17X,A,2X,A)
                                                                                                   MC801360
  29 FORMAT(1X,A,4X,A,3X,A,2X,A,3X,A)
30 FORMAT(1X,8('-'),2X,4('-'),2X,14('-'),2X,13('-'),2X,5('-'))
                                                                                                   MC801370
                                                                                                   MC801380
  31 FORMAT(1X, 15, 18, 8X, F5, 3, 10X, F5, 3, 6X, F5, 3)
                                                                                                   MC801390
  32 FORMAT(1X.A)
                                                                                                   MC801400
        RETURN
                                                                                                   MC801410
        END
                                                                                                   MC801420
                                                                                                   MC801430
MC801450
        SUBROUTINE EBTS2(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,MXX,MXY)
                                                                                                   MC801, 60
C --- TRANSFORMED SCALE, TIME INDEPENDENT VARIANCE METHOD REAL INV(MXX,MXY), Y(MXX,MXY), XEB(MXX)
                                                                                                   MC801470
                                                                                                   MC801480
                                                                                                   MC801490
        REAL XTB(MXX), VXTB(MXX)
                                                                                                   MC801500
        REAL MAXL, MINL, L, MAXCHI, MINCHI
        INTEGER T, VYR
                                                                                                   MC801510
        MAXL= -1000.0
                                                                                                   MC801520
        MINL= 1000.0
                                                                                                   MC801530
        SUML= 0.0
                                                                                                   MC801,40
        KLSUM=0
                                                                                                   MC801550
        MAXCHI = -1000.0
                                                                                                   MC801560
        MINCHI= 1000.0
                                                                                                   MC801570
        SUMCHI = 0.0
                                                                                                   MC801580
        KSUM=0
                                                                                                   MC801590
        SUMMAD=0.0
                                                                                                   MC801600
        KPSUM=0
                                                                                                   MC801610
        WRITE(11,21)'EMP BAYES TRANS SCALE - TIME INDEP VAR: '
                                                                                                   MC801620
        WRITE(11,21) MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE):
                                                                                                   MC801630
        WRITE(11,28)'FRACTION CELLS','FRACTION MAD' MC801640
WRITE(11,29)'VALID YR','K','WITH UNDERAGE','FROM UNDERAGE','MAD' MC801650
```

```
MC801660
      WRITE(11,30)
C
                                                                           MC801670
C --- LOOP THROUGH VALIDATION YEARS
                                                                           MC801680
      DO 380 VYR=1, NYR
                                                                           MC801690
C --- LOOP THROUGH CELLS
                                                                           MC801700
      DO 360 IN=1, NRC
                                                                           MC801710
        T=0
                                                                           MC801720
        SUMXT=0
                                                                           MC801730
        SUMXT2=0
                                                                           MC801740
        LOOP THROUGH YEARS OF DATA TO COMPUTE XTB AND VAR(XTB)
                                                                           MC801750
        DO 300 IT=1, NYR
                                                                           MC801760
          IF(IT .NE. VYR) THEN
                                                                           MC801770
            IF(INV(IN, IT) . NE. 0) THEN
                                                                           MC801780
              X=FTT(INV(IN,IT), Y(IN,IT))
                                                                           MC801790
              XT=X/SQRT(0.5+INV(IN,IT))
                                                                           MC801800
              T=T+1
                                                                           MC801810
              SUMXT=SUMXT+XT
                                                                           MC801820
              SUMXT2=SUMXT2+XT**2
                                                                           MC801830
            ENDIF
                                                                           MC801840
          ENDIF
                                                                           MC801850
  300
        CONTINUE
                                                                           MC801860
        XTB(IN)=SUMXT/T
                                                                           MC801870
        VXTB(IN) = ((T*SUMXT2) - (SUMXT**2))/((T-1)*T**2)
                                                                           MC801880
  360 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC801890
                                                                           MC801900
 --- CONDUCT ALGORITHM TO FIND XEB
                                                                           MC801910
      CALL EBITER(NRC, XTB, VXTB, XEB, MXX, VYR)
                                                                           MC801920
                                                                           MC801930
C --- COMPUTE MEAN SQUARED ERROR
                                                                           MC801940
      CALL MSE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,L,MXX,MXY,KL)
                                                                           MC801950
         IF(L .LT. MINL) THEN
                                                                           MC801960
           MINL=L
                                                                           MC801970
           MINLK=KL
                                                                           MC801980
           MINLYR=VYR
                                                                           MC801990
          ELSE IF(L . GT. MAXL) THEN
                                                                           MC802000
           MAXL=L
                                                                           MC802010
           MAXLK=KL
                                                                           MC802020
           MAXLYR=VYR
                                                                           MC802030
         ENDIF
                                                                           MC802040
         SUML=SUML+L*KL
                                                                           MC802050
         KLSUM=KLSUM+KL
                                                                           MC802060
                                                                           MC802070
C --- INVERT XEB TO ORIGINAL SCALE
                                                                           MC802080
      CALL INVERT(NRC, XEB, MXX)
                                                                           MC80209C
                                                                           MC802100
C --- COMPUTE MAD AND CHI SQUARE
                                                                           MC802110
      CALL OSMOE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,CHI,K,MXX,MXY,
                                                                           MC802120
                 FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD, KP)
                                                                           MC802130
         IF(CHI . LT. MINCHI) THEN
                                                                           MC802140
           MINCHI=CHI
                                                                           MC802150
           MNCHIK=K
                                                                           MC802160
           MNCHYR=VYR
                                                                           MC802170
          ELSE IF(CHI .GT. MAXCHI) THEN
                                                                           MC802180
           MAXCHI=CHI
                                                                           MC802190
           MXCHIK=K
                                                                           MC802200
           MXCHYR=VYR
                                                                           MC802210
```

```
MC802220
          ENDIF
          SUMCHI=SUMCHI+CHI*K
                                                                                 MC802230
                                                                                 MC802240
          KSUM=KSUM+K
          KPSUM=KPSUM+KP
                                                                                 MC802250
          SUMMAD=SUMMAD+PMAD*KP
                                                                                 MC802260
      WRITE(11,31) VYR, KP, FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD
                                                                                 MC802270
  380 CONTINUE
                                                                                 MC802280
C
                                                                                 MC802290
C --- WRITE OUTPUT TO FILE
                                                                                 MC802300
      AVGL=SUML/KLSUM
                                                                                 MC802310
                                                                                 MC802320
      AVGCHI=SUMCHI/KSUM
                                                                                 MC802330
      AVGMAD=SUMMAD/KPSUM
      WRITE(11,19)'AVG MAD = ',AVGMAD
                                                                                 MC802340
      WRITE(11,26)'MIN CHI = ',MINCHI,'K = ',MNCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MNCHYRMC802350 WRITE(11,26)'MAX CHI = ',MAXCHI,'K = ',MXCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MXCHYRMC802370 WRITE(11,26)'AVG CHI = ',AVGCHI
      WRITE(11,21) MEAN SQUARED ERROR (TRANS SCALE): '
                                                                                 MC802390
      WRITE(11,25) 'MIN MSE = ',MINL,'K = ',MINLK,'VALID YR = ',MINLYR WRITE(11,25) 'MAX MSE = ',MAXL,'K = ',MAXLK,'VALID YR = ',MAXLYR WRITE(11,27) 'AVG MSE = ',AVGL
                                                                                 MC802400
                                                                                 MC802410
                                                                                 MC802420
      FORMAT(38X,A,F5.3)
                                                                                 MC802430
  21 FORMAT(/1X,A)
                                                                                 MC802440
      FORMAT(1X,A,F6.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
  25
                                                                                 MC802450
  26
      FORMAT(1X,A,F9.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
                                                                                 MC802460
  27
      FORMAT(1X,A,F6.3/)
                                                                                 MC802470
      FORMAT(17X,A,2X,A)
  28
                                                                                 MC802480
      FORMAT(1X,A,4X,A,3X,A,2X,A,3X,A)
FORMAT(1X,8('-'),2X,4('-'),2X,14('-'),2X,13('-'),2X,5('-'))
  29
                                                                                 MC802490
                                                                                 MC802500
      FORMAT(1X, I5, I8, 8X, F5. 3, 10X, F5. 3, 6X, F5. 3)
                                                                                 MC802510
      RETURN
                                                                                 MC802520
      END
                                                                                 MC802530
C
                                                                                 MC802540
MC802560
       SUBROUTINE EBOS1(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,MXX,MXY)
                                                                                 MC802570
C --- ORIGINAL SCALE, TIME DEPENDENT VARIANCE METHOD
                                                                                 MC802580
       REAL INV(MXX,MXY), Y(MXX,MXY), XEB(MXX)
                                                                                 MC802590
       REAL XTB(MXX), VXTB(MXX)
                                                                                 MC802600
       REAL MAXCHI, MINCHI
                                                                                 MC802610
       INTEGER T, VYR
                                                                                 MC802620
       MAXCHI= -1000.0
                                                                                 MC802630
       MINCHI= 1000.0
                                                                                 MC802640
       SUMCHI = 0.0
                                                                                 MC802650
       KSUM=0
                                                                                 MC802660
       SUMMAD=0.0
                                                                                 MC802670
       KPSUM=0
                                                                                 MC802680
      WRITE(11,21) EMP BAYES ORIG SCALE - TIME DEP VAR: '
                                                                                 MC802690
      WRITE(11,21) MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE):
                                                                                 MC802700
      WRITE(11,28) 'FRACTION CELLS', 'FRACTION MAD'
                                                                                 MC802710
      WRITE(11,29)'VALID YR', 'K', 'WITH UNDERAGE', 'FROM UNDERAGE', 'MAD' MC802720
      WRITE(11,30)
                                                                                 MC802730
                                                                                 MC802740
  --- LOOP THROUGH VALIDATION YEARS
                                                                                 MC802750
       DO 480 VYR=1, NYR
                                                                                 MC802760
C --- LOOP THROUGH CELLS
                                                                                 MC802770
```

```
DO 460 IN=1, NRC
                                                                                MC802780
                                                                                MC802790
         T=0
         SUMXT=0
                                                                                MC802800
         SUMVAR=0
                                                                                MC802810
         LOOP THROUGH YEARS OF DATA TO COMPUTE XTB AND VAR(XTB)
C ---
                                                                                MC802820
        DO 400 IT=1, NYR
                                                                                MC802830
           IF(IT . NE. VYR) THEN
                                                                                MC802840
             IF(INV(IN,IT) . NE. 0) THEN
                                                                                MC802850
               PHAT=Y(IN, IT)/INV(IN, IT)
                                                                                MC802860
                                                                                MC802870
               SUMXT=SUMXT+PHAT
                                                                                 MC802880
               IF(PHAT .GT. 0.0) THEN
                                                                                 MC802890
                  SUMVAR=SUMVAR+PHAT*(1-PHAT)/INV(IN,IT)
                                                                                 MC802900
                                                                                 MC802910
                  SUMVAR=SUMVAR+1/(INV(IN,IT)+1)**2
                                                                                 MC802920
                                                                   7
                                                                                 MC802930
               ENDIF
             ENDIF
                                                                                 MC802940
                                                                                 MC802950
           ENDIF
  400
         CONTINUE
                                                                                 MC802960
        XTB(IN)=SUMXT/T
                                                                                 MC802970
         VXTB(IN)=SUMVAR/T**2
                                                                                 MC802980
  460 CONTINUE
                                                                                 MC802990
C
                                                                                 MC803000
 --- CONDUCT ALGORITHM TO FIND XEB
С
                                                                                 MC803010
      CALL EBITER(NRC, XTB, VXTB, XEB, MXX, VYR)
                                                                                 MC803020
                                                                                 MC803030
 --- COMPUTE MAD AND CHI SQUARE
                                                                                 MC803040
      CALL OSMOE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,CHI,K,MXX,MXY,
                                                                                 MC803050
                   FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD, KP)
                                                                                 MC803060
          IF(CHI .LT. MINCHI) THEN
                                                                                 MC803070
            MINCHI=CHI
                                                                                 MC803080
                                                                                 MC803090
            MNCHIK=K
                                                                                 MC803100
            MNCHYR=VYR
           ELSE IF(CHI .GT. MAXCHI) THEN
                                                                                 MC803110
                                                                                 MC803120
            MAXCHI=CHI
            MXCHIK=K
                                                                                 MC803130
            MXCHYR=VYR
                                                                                 MC803140
                                                                                 MC803150
          ENDIF
          SUMCHI=SUMCHI+CHI*K
                                                                                 MC803160
          KSUM=KSUM+K
                                                                                 MC803170
          KPSUM=KPSUM+KP
                                                                                 MC803180
          SUMMAD=SUMMAD+PMAD*KP
                                                                                 MC803190
                                                                                 MC803200
      WRITE(11,31) VYR, KP, FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD
  480 CONTINUE
                                                                                 MC803210
C
                                                                                 MC803220
 --- WRITE OUTPUT TO FILE
                                                                                 MC803230
      AVGCHI=SUMCHI/KSUM
                                                                                 MC803240
      AVGMAD=SUMMAD/KPSUM
                                                                                 MC803250
      WRITE(11,19)'AVG MAD = ',AVGMAD
                                                                                 MC803260
      WRITE(11,21)'CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE): '
                                                                                 MC803270
      WRITE(11,26)'MIN CHI = ',MINCHI,'K = ',MNCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MNCHYRMC803280
WRITE(11,26)'MAX CHI = ',MAXCHI,'K = ',MXCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MXCHYRMC803290
WRITE(11,27)'AVG CHI = ',AVGCHI MC803300
                                                                                 MC803310
  19 FORMAT(38X,A,F5.3)
                                                                                 MC803320
  21 FORMAT(/1X,A)
  26 FORMAT(1X,A,F9.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
                                                                                 MC803330
```

```
27 FORMAT(1X,A,F9.3/)
                                                                                MC803340
  28 FORMAT(17X,A,2X,A)
                                                                                MC803350
  29 FORMAT(1X,Á,ÁX,Á,ÁX,A,2X,A,3X,A)
30 FORMAT(1X,8('-'),2X,4('-'),2X,14('-'),2X,13('-'),2X,5('-'))
                                                                                MC803360
                                                                                MC803370
  31 FORMAT(1X, 15, 18, 8X, F5. 3, 10X, F5. 3, 6X, F5. 3)
                                                                                MC803380
      RETURN
                                                                                MC803390
      END
                                                                                MC803400
C
                                                                                MC803410
MC803430
      SUBROUTINE EBOS2(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,MXX,MXY)
                                                                                MC803440
C --- ORIGINAL SCALE, TIME INDEPENDENT VARIANCE METHOD
                                                                                MC803450
      REAL INV(MXX, MXY), Y(MXX, MXY), XEB(MXX)
                                                                                MC803460
      REAL XTB(MXX), VXTB(MXX)
                                                                                MC803470
                                                                                MC803480
      REAL MAXCHI, MINCHI
      INTEGER T, VYR
                                                                                MC803490
      MAXCHI = -1000.0
                                                                                MC803500
      MINCHI= 1000.0
                                                                                MC803510
      SUMCHI= 0.0
                                                                                MC803520
      KSUM=0
                                                                                MC803530
      SUMMAD=0.0
                                                                                MC803540
      KPSUM=0
                                                                                MC803550
      WRITE(11,21)'EMP BAYES ORIG SCALE - TIME INDEP VAR: ' MC803560
WRITE(11,21)'MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE): ' MC803570
WRITE(11,28)'FRACTION CELLS','FRACTION MAD' MC803580
WRITE(11,29)'VALID YR','K','WITH UNDERAGE','FROM UNDERAGE','MAD' MC803590
                                                                                MC803600
      WRITE(11,30)
                                                                                MC803610
C --- LOOP THROUGH VALIDATION YEARS
                                                                                MC803620
      DO 580 VYR=1, NYR
                                                                                MC803630
C --- LOOP THROUGH CELLS
                                                                                MC803640
      DO 560 IN=1 NRC
                                                                                MC803650
        T=0
                                                                                MC803660
        SUMXT=0
                                                                                MC803670
        SUMVAR=0
                                                                                MC803680
        SUMY=0
                                                                                MC803690
                                                                                MC803700
        SUMINV=0
        LOOP THROUGH YEARS OF DATA TO COMPUTE XTB AND VAR(XTB)
                                                                                MC803710
                                                                                MC803720
        DO 500 IT=1, NYR
           IF(IT . NE. VYR) THEN
                                                                                MC803730
             IF(INV(IN,IT) . NE. 0) THEN
                                                                                MC803740
               PHAT=Y(IN, IT)/INV(IN, IT)
                                                                                MC803750
               SUMXT=SUMXT+PHAT
                                                                                MC803760
               SUMY=SUMY+Y(IN,IT)
                                                                                MC803770
               SUMINV=SUMINV+INV(IN,IT)
                                                                                MC803780
               T=T+1
                                                                                MC803790
               SUMVAR=SUMVAR+1.0/INV(IN,IT)
                                                                                MC803800
             ENDIF
                                                                                MC803810
           ENDIF
                                                                                MC803820
  500
        CONTINUE
                                                                                MC803830
        XTB(IN)=SUMXT/T
                                                                                MC803840
                                                                                MC803850
         IF(SUMY . GT. 0.0) THEN
           PTILDE=SUMY/SUMINV
                                                                                MC803860
           VXTB(IN)=(PTILDE*(1-PTILDE)*SUMVAR)/T**2
                                                                                MC803870
        ELSE
                                                                                MC803880
           VXTB(IN)=SUMINV*SUMVAR/(((1+SUMINV)**2)*T**2)
                                                                                MC803890
```

```
ENDIF
                                                                                   MC803900
   560 CONTINUE
                                                                                   MC803910
                                                                                   MC803920
  --- CONDUCT ALGORITHM TO FIND XEB
                                                                                   MC803930
       CALL EBITER(NRC, XTB, VXTB, XEB, MXX, VYR)
                                                                                   MC803940
                                                                                   MC803950
C --- COMPUTE MAD AND CHI SQUARE
                                                                                   MC803960
       CALL OSMOE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,CHI,K,MXX,MXY,
                                                                                   MC803970
                    FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD, KP)
                                                                                   MC803980
           IF(CHI .LT. MINCHI) THEN
                                                                                   MC803990
             MINCHI=CHI
                                                                                   MC804000
             MNCHIK=K
                                                                                   MC804010
             MNCHYR=VYR
                                                                                   MC804020
            ELSE IF(CHI .GT. MAXCHI) THEN
                                                                                   MC804030
             MAXCHI=CHI
                                                                                   MC804040
             MXCHIK=K
                                                                                   MC804050
             MXCHYR=VYR
                                                                                   MC804060
          ENDIF
                                                                                   MC804070
           SUMCHI=SUMCHI+CHI*K
                                                                                   MC804080
          KSUM=KSUM+K
                                                                                   MC804090
          KPSUM=KPSUM+KP
                                                                                   MC804100
           SUMMAD=SUMMAD+PMAD*KP
                                                                                   MC804110
       WRITE(11,31) VYR, KP, FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD
                                                                                   MC804120
  580 CONTINUE
                                                                                   MC804130
                                                                                   MC804140
C --- WRITE OUTPUT TO FILE
                                                                                   MC804150
       AVGCHI=SUMCHI/KSUM
                                                                                   MC804160
       AVGMAD=SUMMAD/KPSUM
                                                                                   MC804170
      WRITE(11,19)'AVG MAD = ',AVGMAD MC804180
WRITE(11,21)'CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE): ' MC804190
WRITE(11,26)'MIN CHI = ',MINCHI,'K = ',MNCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MNCHYRMC804200
WRITE(11,26)'MAX CHI = ',MAXCHI,'K = ',MXCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MXCHYRMC804210
WRITE(11,27)'AVG CHI = ',AVGCHI MC804220
  19 FORMAT(38X,A,F5.3)
                                                                                   MC804230
  21 FORMAT(/1X,A)
                                                                                   MC804240
  26 FORMAT(1X,A,F9.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
                                                                                   MC804250
  27 FORMAT(1X,A,F9.3/)
                                                                                   MC804260
  28 FORMAT(17X,A,2X,A)
                                                                                  MC804270
  29 FORMAT(1X,A,4X,A,3X,A,2X,A,3X,A)
30 FORMAT(1X,8('-'),2X,4('-'),2X,14('-'),2X,13('-'),2X,5('-'))
                                                                                  MC804280
                                                                                  MC804290
  31 FORMAT(1X, I5, I8, 8X, F5. 3, 10X, F5. 3, 6X, F5. 3)
                                                                                  MC804300
      RETURN
                                                                                  MC804310
       END
                                                                                   MC804320
C
                                                                                  MC804330
MC804350
      SUBROUTINE EMTS(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,XTB,VXTB,XEB,A,MXX,MXY)
                                                                                  MC804360
C --- EFRON-MORRIS METHOD
                                                                                  MC804370
      REAL INV(MXX, MXY), Y(MXX, MXY), XEB(MXX)
                                                                                  MC804380
      REAL XTB(MXX), VXTB(MXX), A(MXX)
                                                                                  MC804390
      REAL MAXL, MINL, L, MAXCHI, MINCHI
                                                                                  MC804400
      INTEGER T, VYR
                                                                                  MC804410
      DATA AA/1.6835/, B1/-.8934/, B2/.9881/
                                                                                  MC804420
      MAXL = -1000.0
                                                                                  MC804430
      MINL= 1000.0
                                                                                  MC804440
      SUML= 0.0
                                                                                  MC804450
```

```
MC804460
      KLSUM=0
      MAXCHI = -1000.0
                                                                                  MC804470
      MINCHI= 1000.0
                                                                                  MC804480
      SUMCHI = 0.0
                                                                                  MC804490
      KSUM=0
                                                                                  MC804500
      SUMMAD=0.0
                                                                                  MC804510
      KPSUM=0
                                                                                  MC804520
      WRITE(11,21) EFRON-MORRIS TRANS SCALE - TIME DEP VAR: '
                                                                                  MC804530
      WRITE(11,21) 'HEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE): MC804540
WRITE(11,28) 'FRACTION CELLS', 'FRACTION MAD' MC804550
WRITE(11,29) 'VALID YR', 'K', 'WITH UNDERAGE', 'FROM UNDERAGE', 'MAD' MC804560
                                                                                  MC804570
      WRITE(11,30)
                                                                                  MC804580
 --- LOOP THROUGH VALIDATION YEARS
                                                                                  MC804590
      DO 280 VYR=1, NYR
                                                                                  MC804600
 --- LOOP THROUGH CELLS
                                                                                  MC804610
      DO 260 IN=1, NRC
                                                                                  MC804620
         T=0
                                                                                  MC804630
         SUMXT=0
                                                                                  MC804640
         SUMVAR=0
                                                                                  MC804650
C ---
         LOOP THROUGH YEARS OF DATA TO COMPUTE XTB AND VAR(XTB)
                                                                                  MC804660
         DO 200 IT=1, NYR IF(IT .NE. VYR) THEN
                                                                                  MC804670
                                                                                  MC804680
             IF(INV(IN,IT) .NE. 0) THEN
                                                                                  MC804690
                X=FTT(INV(IN,IT), Y(IN,IT))
                                                                                  MC804700
                C=SQRT(0.5+INV(IN,IT))
                                                                                  MC804710
               XX=X+C*(3.141592654/2.0)
                                                                                  MC804720
               XT=X/C
                                                                                  MC804730
               T=T+1
                                                                                  MC804740
                SUMXT=SUMXT+XT
                                                                                  MC804750
                IF(XX .LT. 1.001) XX=1.001
                                                                                  MC804760
                VARX=AA*(XX**B1)*(XX-1)**B2
                                                                                  MC804770
                IF(VARX .GT. 1.0) VARX=1.0
                                                                                  MC804780
                VARXT=VARX/(0.5+INV(IN,IT))
                                                                                  MC804790
                SUMVAR=SUMVAR+VARXT
                                                                                  MC804800
             ENDIF
                                                                                  MC804810
           ENDIF
                                                                                  MC804820
  200
         CONTINUE
                                                                                  MC804830
                                                                                  MC804840
         XTB(IN)=SUMXT/T
         VXTB(IN)=SUMVAR/T**2
                                                                                  MC804850
  260 CONTINUE
                                                                                  MC804860
                                                                                  MC804870
 --- CONDUCT ALGORITHM TO FIND XEB
                                                                                  MC804880
      CALL EMITER(NRC, XTB, VXTB, XEB, A, MXX, VYR)
                                                                                  MC804890
                                                                                  MC804900
C --- COMPUTE MEAN SQUARED ERROR
                                                                                  MC804910
      CALL MSE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,L,MXX,MXY,KL)
                                                                                  MC804920
          IF(L . LT. MINL) THEN
                                                                                  MC804930
            MINL=L
                                                                                  MC804940
            MINLK=KL
                                                                                  MC804950
            MINLYR=VYR
                                                                                  MC804960
           ELSE IF(L .GT. MAXL) THEN
                                                                                  MC804970
            MAXL=L
                                                                                  MC804980
            MAXLK=KL
                                                                                  MC804990
            MAXLYR=VYR
                                                                                  MC805000
          ENDIF
                                                                                  MC805010
```

```
SUML=SUML+L*KL
                                                                                      MC805020
          KLSUM=KLSUM+KL
                                                                                      MC805030
                                                                                      MC805040
 --- INVERT XEB TO ORIGINAL SCALE
                                                                                      MC805050
       CALL INVERT(NRC, XEB, MXX)
                                                                                      MC805060
C
                                                                                      MC805070
C --- COMPUTE MAD AND CHI SQUARE
                                                                                      MC805080
       CALL OSMOE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,CHI,K,MXX,MXY,
                                                                                      MC805090
                    FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD, KP)
                                                                                      MC805100
           IF(CHI . LT. MINCHI) THEN
                                                                                      MC805110
             MINCHI=CHI
                                                                                      MC805120
             MNCHIK=K
                                                                                      MC805130
             MNCHYR=VYR
                                                                                      MC805140
            ELSE IF(CHI .GT. MAXCHI) THEN
                                                                                      MC805150
             MAXCHI=CHI
                                                                                      MC805160
             MXCHIK=K
                                                                                      MC805170
             MXCHYR=VYR
                                                                                      MC805180
           ENDIF
                                                                                      MC805190
           SUMCHI=SUMCHI+CHI*K
                                                                                      MC805200
          KSUM=KSUM+K
                                                                                      MC805210
          KPSUM=KPSUM+KP
                                                                                      MC805220
           SUMMAD=SUMMAD+PMAD*KP
                                                                                      MC805230
       WRITE(11,31) VYR, KP, FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD
                                                                                      MC805240
  280 CONTINUE
                                                                                      MC805250
                                                                                      MC805260
 --- WRITE OUTPUT TO FILE
                                                                                      MC805270
       AVGL=SUML/KLSUM
                                                                                      MC805280
       AVGCHI=SUMCHI/KSUM
                                                                                      MC805290
       AVGMAD=SUMMAD/KPSUM
                                                                                      MC805300
       WRITE(11,19)'AVG MAD = ',AVGMAD
WRITE(11,21)'CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE):'
WRITE(11,26)'MIN CHI = ',MINCHI,'K = '
                                                                                      MC805310
      WRITE(11,26)'MIN CHI = ',MINCHI,'K = ',MNCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MNCHYRMC805330 WRITE(11,26)'MAX CHI = ',MAXCHI,'K = ',MXCHIK,'VALID YR = ',MXCHYRMC805340 WRITE(11,26)'AVG CHI = ',AVGCHI WRITE(11.21)'MEAN SOULABED EDGE:
       WRITE(11,21) MEAN SQUARED ERROR (TRANS SCALE): '
                                                                                      MC805360
      WRITE(11,25) 'MIN MSE = ',MINL,'K = ',MINLK,'VALID YR = ',MINLYR WRITE(11,25) 'MAX MSE = ',MAXL,'K = ',MAXLK,'VALID YR = ',MAXLYR WRITE(11,27) 'AVG MSE = ',AVGL
                                                                                      MC805370
                                                                                      MC805380
                                                                                      MC805390
  19 FORMAT(38X,A,F5.3)
                                                                                      MC805400
  21 FORMAT(/1X,A)
                                                                                      MC805410
  25 FORMAT(1X,A,F6.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
                                                                                      MC805420
  26 FORMAT(1X,A,F9.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
                                                                                      MC805430
  27 FORMAT(1X,A,F6.3)
                                                                                      MC805440
  28 FORMAT(17X,A,2X,A)
                                                                                      MC805450
  29 FORMAT(1X,A,4X,A,3X,A,2X,A,3X,A)
30 FORMAT(1X,8('-'),2X,4('-'),2X,14('-'),2X,13('-'),2X,5('-'))
                                                                                      MC805460
                                                                                      MC805470
  31 FORMAT(1X, I5, I8, 8X, F5. 3, 10X, F5. 3, 6X, F5. 3)
                                                                                      MC805480
       RETURN
                                                                                      MC805490
       END
                                                                                      MC805500
                                                                                      MC805510
MC805530
       SUBROUTINE EBITER(NRC, XTB, VXTB, XEB, MXX, VYR)
                                                                                      MC805540
C --- ITERATIVE ALGORITHM TO SOLVE FOR XEB
                                                                                      MC805550
       REAL XTB(MXX), VXTB(MXX), XEB(MXX)
                                                                                      MC805560
       INTEGER VYR
                                                                                      MC80557G
```

```
MC805580
     A=0
      ITER=0
                                                                      MC805590
  100 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC805600
      ITER=ITER+1
                                                                       MC805610
      IF(ITER .GT. 100) PRINT *, 'EBITER GT 100'
                                                                       MC805620
                                                                       MC805630
     A0=A
     SUMALK=0
                                                                      MC805640
C
                                                                      MC805650
 --- SUM THE ALPHAS
                                                                       MC805660
     DO 200 I=1,NRC
                                                                       MC805670
      SUMALK=SUMALK+1/(A+VXTB(I))
                                                                      MC805680
  200 CONTINUE
                                                                       MC805690
C
                                                                       MC805700
                                                                       MC805710
C
 --- COMPUTE XBB
                                                                       MC805720
     XBB=0
                                                                       MC805730
     DO 300 I=1,NRC
        ALPHA=1/(A+VXTB(I))
                                                                       MC805740
                                                                       MC805750
       GAMMA=ALPHA/SUMALK
                                                                       MC805760
       XBB=XBB+GAMMA*XTB(I)
  300 CONTINUE
                                                                       MC8C5770
C
                                                                       MC805780
 --- UPDATE VALUE OF A
                                                                       MC805790
                                                                       MC805800
      SUMNUM=0
      SUMDEN=0
                                                                       MC805810
      DO 400 I=1,NRC
                                                                       MC805820
                                                                       MC805830
        ALPHA=1/(A+VXTB(I))
        SUMNUM=SUMNUM+ALPHA*(XTB(I)-XBB)**2
                                                                       MC805840
                                                                       MC805850
        SUMDEN=SUMDEN+((XTB(I)-XBB)**2)*ALPHA**2
  400 CONTINUE
                                                                       MC805860
                                                                       MC805870
      A=A-(NR. -1-SUMNUM)/SUMDEN
                                                                       MC805880
      IF(A . LE. O) THEN
                                                                       MC805890
        A=0
        GO TO 500
                                                                       MC805900
                                                                       MC805910
      ENDIF
      IF(ABS(A-A0) .GT. 0.0001) GO TO 100
                                                                       MC805920
                                                                       MC805930
  500 CONTINUE
C
                                                                       MC805940
  --- ITERATIONS CONVERGED, COMPUTE XEB
                                                                       MC805950
                                                                       MC805960
      DO 600 I=1,NRC
                                                                       MC805970
        X=XTB(I)
        V=VXTB(I)
                                                                       MC805980
        XEB(I)=(A*X)/(A+V)+(V*XBB)/(A+V)
                                                                       MC805990
  600 CONTINUE
                                                                       MC806000
      RETURN
                                                                       MC806010
      END
                                                                       MC806020
                                                                       MC806030
MC806050
C
      SUBROUTINE EMITER(NRC, XTB, VXTB, XEM, A, MXX, VYR)
                                                                       MC806060
C --- ITERATIVE ALGORITHM TO SOLVE FOR XEB FOR EFRON-MORRIS METHOD
                                                                       MC806070
      REAL XTB(MXX), VXTB(MXX), XEM(MXX), A(MXX)
                                                                       MC806080
      INTEGER VYR
                                                                       MC806090
      DO 100 I=1,NRC
                                                                       MC806100
        A(I)=0
                                                                       MC806110
```

```
100 CONTINUE
                                                                            MC806120
C
                                                                            MC806130
  --- SUM THE ALPHAS
C
                                                                            MC806140
      SUMALK=0
                                                                            MC806150
      DO 200 I=1,NRC
                                                                            MC806160
         SUMALK=SUMALK+1/(A(I)+VXTB(I))
                                                                            MC806170
  200 CONTINUE
                                                                            MC806180
C
                                                                            MC806190
C --- COMPUTE XHAT
                                                                            MC806200
      XHAT=0
                                                                            MC806210
      DO 300
              I=1.NRC
                                                                            MC806220
        ALPHA=1/(A(I)+VXTB(I))
                                                                            MC806230
         GAMMA=ALPHA/SUMALK
                                                                            MC806240
        XHAT=XHAT+GAMMA*XTB(I)
                                                                            MC806250
  300 CONTINUE
                                                                            MC806260
  311 XHATP=XHAT
                                                                            MC806270
      I=1
                                                                            MC806280
  333 AP=A(I)
                                                                            MC806290
      S=(XTB(I)-XHAT)**2
                                                                            MC806300
C
                                                                            MC806310
 --- COMPUTE SN AND SD
                                                                            MC806320
      SN=0
                                                                            MC806330
      SD=0
                                                                            MC806340
      DO 400 J=1,NRC
                                                                            MC806350
        IF(J .NE. I) THEN
                                                                            MC806360
          DEN=(A(J)+VXTB(J))**2
                                                                            MC806370
          SN=SN+((XTB(J)-XHAT)**2-VXTB(J))/DEN
                                                                            MC806380
          SD=SD+1/DEN
                                                                            MC806390
        ENDIF
                                                                            MC806400
  400 CONTINUE
                                                                            MC806410
C
                                                                            MC806420
 --- NEWTON-RAPHSON ITERATIONS TO SOLVE FOR A
                                                                            MC806430
  444 \text{ AD=A(I)+VXTB(I)}
                                                                            MC806440
      GNUM=S-3*VXTB(I)+SN*AD**2
                                                                            MC806450
      GDEN=3+SD*AD**2
                                                                            MC806460
      GPRM=2*AD*SN/GDEN-2*GNUM*AD*SD/GDEN**2
                                                                            MC806470
      G=GNUM/GDEN
                                                                            MC806480
      A(I)=A(I)-((A(I)-G)/(1-GPRM))
                                                                            MC806490
      IF(A(I) . LE. 0.) THEN
                                                                            MC806500
        A(I)=0.0
                                                                            MC806510
        I=I+1
                                                                            MC806520
        IF(I . LE. NRC) THEN
                                                                            MC806530
          GO TO 333
                                                                            MC806540
         ELSE
                                                                            MC806550
          GO TO 555
                                                                            MC806560
        ENDIF
                                                                            MC806570
      ENDIF
                                                                            MC806580
      IF(ABS(A(I)-AP) . LE. 0.0001) THEN
                                                                            MC806590
        I=I+1
                                                                            MC806600
        IF(I . LE. NRC) THEN
                                                                            MC806610
          GO TO 333
                                                                            MC806620
         ELSE
                                                                            MC806630
          GO TO 555
                                                                            MC806640
        ENDIF
                                                                            MC806650
       ELSE
                                                                            MC806660
        AP=A(I)
                                                                            MC806670
```

.

```
MC806680
       GO TO 444
                                                                      MC806690
     ENDIF
                                                                      MC806700
 --- TEST FOR CONVERGENCE: ABS(S-SP) LT EPSILON
                                                                      MC806710
  555 SUMALK=0
                                                                      MC806720
                                                                      MC806730
     DO 600 J=1,NRC
       SUMALK=SUMALK+1/(A(J)+VXTB(J))
                                                                      MC806740
                                                                      MC806750
  600 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC806760
     XHAT=0
     DO 700 J=1,NRC
                                                                      MC806770
                                                                      MC806780
       ALPHA=1/(A(J)+VXTB(J))
                                                                      MC806790
       GAMMA=ALPHA/SUMALK
       XHAT=XHAT+GAMMA*XTB(J)
                                                                      MC806800
  700 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC806810
     DO 800 J=1,NRC
                                                                      MC806820
                                                           3
       S=(XTB(J)-XHAT)**2
                                                                      MC806830
       SP=(XTB(J)-XHATP)**2
                                                                      MC806840
        IF(ABS(S-SP) .GT. 0.0001) GO TO 311
                                                                      MC806850
  800 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC806860
C
                                                                      MC806870
 --- ITERATIONS CONVERGED, COMPUTE XEM
                                                                      MC806880
     DO 950 K=1,NRC
                                                                      MC806890
       SD=0
                                                                      MC806900
       DO 900 J=1,NRC
                                                                      MC806910
         IF(J.NE. K) SD=SD+1/(A(J)+VXTB(J))**2
                                                                      MC806920
  900
       CONTINUE
                                                                      MC806930
       AD=A(K)+VXTB(K)
                                                                      MC806940
       DSTAR=3+(AD**2)*SD
                                                                      MC806950
       B=(1.-4./DSTAR)*VXTB(K)/AD
                                                                      MC806960
       IF(B . GT. 1.0) B=1.0
                                                                      MC806970
       IF(B . LT. 0.0) B=0.0
                                                                      MC806980
       XEM(K)=XHAT+(1-B)*(XTB(K)-XHAT)
                                                                      MC806990
  950 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC807000
      END
                                                                      MC807010
                                                                      MC807020
MC807040
      SUBROUTINE MSE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,L,MXX,MXY,KL)
                                                                      MC807050
C --- COMPUTES MEAN SQUARED ERROR MOE
                                                                      MC807060
      REAL INV(MXX, MXY), Y(MXX, MXY), XEB(MXX)
                                                                      MC807070
                                                                      MC807080
      REAL L.MU
      INTEGER VYR
                                                                      MC807090
      SUMSE=0
                                                                      MC807100
     KL=0
                                                                      MC807110
      DO 100 I=1,NRC
                                                                      MC807120
        IF(INV(I, VYR) . GT. 0.0) THEN
                                                                      MC807130
          X=FTT(INV(I,VYR),Y(I,VYR))
                                                                      MC807140
         MU=X/SQRT(0.5+INV(I,VYR))
                                                                      MC807150
          SUMSE=SUMSE+(XEB(I)-MU)**2
                                                                      MC807160
         KL=KL+1
                                                                      MC807170
                                                                      MC807180
       ENDIF
  100 CONTINUE
                                                                      MC807190
                                                                      MC807200
      L=SUMSE/KL
                                                                      MC807210
      RETURN
                                                                      MC807220
      END
C
                                                                      MC807230
```

```
C
                                                                   MC807250
     SUBROUTINE OSMOE(INV,Y,NRC,NYR,VYR,XEB,CHI,K,MXX,MXY,
                                                                   MC807260
                     FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD, KP)
                                                                   MC807270
 --- COMPUTES MAD AND CHI SQUARE MOES
                                                                   MC807280
                                                                   MC807290
     REAL INV(MXX, MXY), Y(MXX, MXY), XEB(MXX)
                                                                   MC807300
     INTEGER VYR
                                                                   MC807310
     CHI=0.0
     K=0
                                                                   MC807320
     SUMPMO=0.0
                                                                   MC807330
                                                                   MC807340
     SUMPMU=0.0
                                                                   MC807350
     KPMO=0
     KPMU=0
                                                                   MC807360
     DO 100 I=1,NRC
                                                                   MC807370
       P=XEB(I)
                                                                   MC807380
       E=P*INV(I,VYR)
                                                                   MC807390
       A=Y(I,VYR)
                                                                   MC807400
                                                                   MC807410
       COMPUTE MAD FOR THIS CELL
                                                                   MC807420
       IF(INV(I, VYR) .GT. 0.0) THEN
                                                                   MC807430
         PA=A/INV(I,VYR)
                                                                   MC807440
         IF(P .GT. PA) THEN
                                                                   MC807450
           SUMPMO=SUMPMO+(P-PA)
                                                                   MC807460
           KPMO=KPMO+1
                                                                   MC807470
                                                                   MC807480
         ELSE
           SUMPMU=SUMPMU+(PA-P)
                                                                   MC807490
                                                                   MC807500
           KPMU=KPMU+1
         ENDIF
                                                                   MC807510
       ENDIF
                                                                   MC807520
                                                                   MC807530
                                                                   MC807540
       COMPUTE CHI SQUARE FOR THIS CELL
       IF(E . NE. 0.0 . AND. P . NE. 1.0) THEN
                                                                   MC807550
                                                                   MC807560
         K=K+1
         CHI=CHI+((A-E)**2)/(E*(1-P))
                                                                   MC807570
       ENDIF
                                                                   MC807580
  100 CONTINUE
                                                                   MC807590
C
                                                                   MC807600
 --- COMPUTE WEIGHTED AVERAGES
                                                                   MC807610
     KP=KPMO+KPMU
                                                                   MC807620
     FCELLU=REAL(KPMU)/REAL(KP)
                                                                   MC807630
     FMADU=SUMPMU/(SUMPMU+SUMPMO)
                                                                   MC807640
     PMAD=(SUMPMU+SUMPMO)/KP
                                                                   MC807650
                                                                   MC807660
     RETURN
     END
                                                                   MC807670
                                                                   MC807680
MC807700
     SUBROUTINE INVERT(NRC, XEB, MXX)
                                                                   MC807710
 --- INVERT XEB TO ORIGINAL SCALE
                                                                   MC807720
     REAL XEB(MXX)
                                                                   MC807730
                                                                   MC807740
     DO 100 I=1, NRC
       P=0.5*(1+SIN(XEB(I)))
                                                                   MC807750
                                                                   MC807760
       IF (P.LT. 0.0) THEN
         P=0.0
                                                                   MC807770
        ELSE IF (P .GT. 1.0) THEN
                                                                   MC807780
         P=1.0
                                                                   MC807790
```

```
MC807800
      ENDIF
                                                               MC807810
      XEB(I)=P
 100 CONTINUE
                                                               MC807820
     RETURN
                                                               MC807830
     END
                                                               MC807840
                                                               MC807850
MC807870
     FUNCTION FTT(INV,Y)
                                                               MC807880
C --- CONDUCTS FREMAN-TUKEY TRANSFORM
                                                               MC807890
                                                               MC807900
     REAL INV, Y
     TEMP =-1. + 2.*Y/(1.+INV)
                                                               MC807910
     TEMP1=-1. + 2.*(1.+Y)/(1.+INV)
                                                               MC807920
     IF(ABS(TEMP).GT.1.OR. ABS(TEMP1).GT.1) THEN
                                                               MC807930
            WRITE(6,*) 'FTT ERROR INV,Y=',INV,Y,TEMP,TEMP1
                                                               MC807940
            FTT=1
                                                               MC807950
            RETURN
                                                               MC807960
     ENDIF
                                                               MC807970
     FTT=SQRT(.5+INV)*.5*(ASIN(TEMP) + ASIN(TEMP1))
                                                               MC807980
     END
                                                               MC807990
```

D. VECTOR METHOD SUBROUTINE

```
SUBROUTINE MC87V(INV,Y,MXX,NYR,NRC,XTBJI,DELTA,X,XVYR,VYRINV,
                                                                                MC800010
        VYRY, BSTAR, S, GAMMA, XBBJ, EVAL, MXP, MXK, BKTBL, NBK, NSC, NCSR, ISFLAG) MC800020
  --- VECTOR METHOD
                                                                                MC800030
       REAL INV(MXX,NYR), Y(MXX,NYR)
                                                                                MC800040
       REAL XTBJI(MXP, MXK), DELTA(MXP, MXK), X(MXP, MXK)
                                                                                MC800050
       REAL XVYR(MXP, MXK), VYRINV(MXP, MXK), VYRY(MXP, MXK)
REAL BSTAR(MXP, MXP), S(MXP, MXP), GAMMA(MXP, MXP)
                                                                                MC800060
                                                                                MC800070
       REAL XBBJ(MXP), EVAL(MXP)
                                                                                MC800080
       INTEGER*2 BKTBL(MXX.3)
                                                                                MC800090
C
                                                                                MC800100
       REAL MAXL, MINL, L, MAXCHI, MINCHI, MO, MU, MAD
                                                                                MC800110
       INTEGER T, VYR, P
                                                                                MC800120
C
                                                                                MC800130
       MAXL= -1000.0
                                                                                MC800140
       MINL= 1000.0
                                                                                MC800150
       SUML= 0.0
                                                                                MC800160
       KPSUM=0
                                                                                MC800170
       MAXCHI= -1000.0
                                                                                MC800180
       MINCHI= 1000.0
                                                                                MC800190
       SUMCHI= 0.0
                                                                                MC800200
       KCSUM=0
                                                                                MC800210
       WRITE(11,32)'
                                                                                MC800220
       WRITE(11,21) EMP BAYES TRANS SCALE - VECTOR CASE: '
                                                                                MC800230
       IF (ISFLAG . EQ. 1) THEN
                                                                                MC800240
                                                                                MC800250
         WRITE(11,21) VECTOR IS BY SERVICE COMPONENT'
                                                                                MC800260
        ELSE
                                                                                MC800270
         P=NCSR
                                                                                MC800280
         WRITE(11,21)'VECTOR IS BY COMMISSIONING SOURCE'
                                                                                MC800290
       ENDIF
                                                                                MC800300
       WRITE(11,22)'K=',NRC,'P=',P,'KP= ',(NRC*P)
                                                                                MC800310
      WRITE(11,21) MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE): '
                                                                                MC800320
      WRITE(11,28)'FRACTION CELLS','FRACTION MAD'
WRITE(11,29)'VALID YR','KP','WITH UNDERAGE','FROM UNDERAGE','MAD'MC800340
      WRITE(11,30)
                                                                                MC800350
      K=NRC
                                                                                MC800360
       IF(K . LE. (P+2)) THEN
                                                                                MC800370
         WRITE(6,*)'*** ERROR IN VECTOR CASE: P+2 GT K ***'
                                                                                MC800380
         STOP
                                                                                MC800390
      ENDIF
                                                                                MC800400
                                                                                MC800410
C --- CONDUCT VALIDATION
                                                                                MC800420
      DO 999 VYR=1, NYR
                                                                                MC800430
      DO 90 J=1,MXP
                                                                                MC800440
         DO 80 I=1,MXK
                                                                                MC800450
           XTBJI(J,I)=0.0
                                                                                MC800460
           DELTA(J,I)=0.0
                                                                                MC800470
           XVYR(J,I)=0.0
                                                                                MC800480
  80
        CONTINUE
                                                                                MC800490
  90 CONTINUE
                                                                                MC800500
      KMKG=BKTBL(1,1)
                                                                                MC800510
                                                                                MC800520
C --- LOOP THROUGH CELLS IN VECTOR FORM
```

MC800530

```
DO 130 I=1,NBK
                                                                          MC800540
        IF(BKTBL(I,1) .NE. KMKG) NRC=NRC+1
                                                                         MC800550
                                                                         MC800560
        DO 100 J=1,P
          IF(BKTBL(I,2) . EQ. J) THEN
                                                                         MC800570
            JP=J
                                                                         MC800580
            GO TO 110
                                                                         MC800590
          ENDIF
                                                                         MC800600
  100
        CONTINUE
                                                                         MC800610
        WRITE(6,*) '*** ERROR IN P VECTOR ASSIGNMENT ***'
                                                                         MC800620
  110
                                                                         MC800630
                                                                         MC800640
        SUMXT=0
                                                                         MC800650
        SUMVAR=0
C ---
        LOOP THROUGH YEARS OF DATA TO SOLVE FOR XTB AND VAR(XTB)
                                                                         MC800660
        DO 120 IT=1, NYR
                                                                         MC800670
          IF(IT . NE. VYR) THEN
                                                                         MC800680
            IF(INV(I,IT) .NE. 0) THEN
                                                                         MC800690
              XIJ=FTTV(INV(I,IT), Y(I,IT))
                                                                         MC800700
              C=0.5+INV(I,IT)
                                                                         MC800710
              XT=XIJ/SQRT(C)
                                                                         MC800720
              SUMXT=SUMXT+XT
                                                                         MC800730
              SUMVAR=SUMVAR+1/C
                                                                         MC800740
              T=T+1
                                                                         MC800750
            ENDIF
                                                                         MC800760
          ENDIF
                                                                         MC800770
  120
        CONTINUE
                                                                         MC800780
        XTBJI(JP,NRC)=SUMXT/T
                                                                         MC800790
        STORE VARIANCE MATRIX IN DELTA MATRIX (TEMPORARY)
                                                                         MC800800
        DELTA(JP, NRC)=SUMVAR/T**2
                                                                         MC800810
        GET VALIDATION YEAR ESTIMATE, INVENTORY AND ATTRITION INFO
                                                                         MC800820
        IF(INV(I, VYR) . GT. 0.0) THEN
                                                                         MC800830
          XIJ=FTTV(INV(I,VYR), Y(I,VYR))
                                                                         MC800840
          XT=XIJ/SQRT(0.5+INV(I,VYR))
                                                                         MC800850
          XVYR(JP,NRC)=XT
                                                                          MC800860
                                                                          MC800870
        VYRINV(JP,NRC)=INV(I,VYR)
                                                                          MC800880
        VYRY(JP,NRC)=Y(I,VYR)
                                                                          MC800890
        KMKG=BKTBL(I,1)
                                                                         MC800900
  130 CONTINUE
                                                                         MC800910
      IF(K . NE. NRC) THEN
                                                                          MC800920
        WRITE(6,*) '** ERROR IN VECTOR CASE: K NE NRC ***
                                                                         MC800930
                                                                         MC800940
C
                                                                          MC800950
C --- COMPUTE XBB SUB J
                                                                          MC800960
      DO 210 J=1,P
                                                                          MC800970
        SUMXTB=0.0
                                                                          MC800980
                                                                          MC800990
        DO 200 I=1,K
          SUMXTB=SUMXTB+XTBJI(J,I)
                                                                          MC801000
  200
        CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801010
        XBBJ(J)=SUMXTB/K
                                                                          MC801020
  210 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801030
                                                                          MC801040
C --- COMPUTE X SUB JI MATRIX, MAKE A COPY IN DELTA MATRIX (TEMPORARY) MC801050
      DO 230 J=1,P
                                                                          MC801060
        DO 220 I=1,K
                                                                          MC801070
          X(J,I)=(XTBJI(J,I)-XBBJ(J))*SQRT(DELTA(J,I))
                                                                         MC801080
          DELTA(J,I)=X(J,I)
                                                                          MC801090
```

```
220
        CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801100
                                                                          MC801110
  230 CONTINUE
C
                                                                          MC801120
C
 --- COMPUTE S MATRIX
                                                                          MC801130
      CALL MXYTF(P,K,X,MXP,P,K,DELTA,MXP,P,P,S,MXP)
                                                                          MC801140
                                                                          MC801150
C
 --- DO EIGENANALYSIS OF S
                                                                          MC801160
 --- PUT EIGENVALUES INTO EVAL, EIGENVECTORS INTO GAMMA
                                                                          MC801170
                                                                          MC801180
      CALL EVCSF(P,S,MXP,EVAL,GAMMA,MXP)
C
                                                                          MC801190
C
 --- CREATE ESTAR INVERSE
                                                                          MC801200
      KP2=K-P-2
                                                                          MC801210
                                                                          MC801220
      DO 240 J=1,P
        IF(EVAL(J) .LT. KP2) THEN
                                                                          MC801230
                                                                          MC801240
          EVAL(J)=KP2
                                                                          MC801250
        ENDIF
        EVAL(J)=1.0/EVAL(J)
                                                                          MC801260
  240 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801270
                                                                          MC801280
      DO 260 I=1,P
                                                                          MC801290
        DO 250 J=1,P
          IF(I .EQ. J) THEN
                                                                          MC801300
                                                                          MC801310
            BSTAR(I,J)=EVAL(J)
                                                                          MC801320
                                                                          MC801330
            BSTAR(I,J)=0.0
          ENDIF
                                                                          MC801340
  250
        CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801350
  260 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801360
                                                                          MC801370
C --- CREATE BSTAR = I - (K-P-2) S TILDE INVERSE
                                                                          MC801380
      CALL MRRRR(P,P,GAMMA,MXP,P,P,BSTAR,MXP,P,P,S,MXP)
                                                                          MC801390
      CALL MXYTF(P,P,S,MXP,P,P,GAMMA,MXP,P,P,BSTAR,MXP)
                                                                          MC801400
      DO 280 I=1,P
                                                                          MC801410
        DO 270 J=1,P
                                                                          MC801420
          BSTAR(I,J)=KP2*BSTAR(I,J)
                                                                          MC801430
          IF(I . EQ. J) THEN
                                                                          MC801440
                                                                          MC801450
            BSTAR(I,J)=1.0-BSTAR(I,J)
                                                                          MC801460
            BSTAR(I,J)=0.0-BSTAR(I,J)
                                                                          MC801470
          ENDIF
                                                                          MC801480
  270
        CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801490
  280 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801500
C
                                                                          MC801510
 --- COMPUTE DELTA SUB JI
                                                                          MC801520
      DO 300 J=1,P
                                                                          MC801530
        DO 290 I=1,K
                                                                          MC801540
                                                                          MC801550
          X(J,I)=XTBJI(J,I)-XBBJ(J)
  290
                                                                          MC801560
        CONTINUE
  300 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801570
      CALL MRRRR(P,P,BSTAR,MXP,P,K,X,MXP,P,K,XTBJI,MXP)
                                                                          MC801580
      DO 320 J=1,P
                                                                          MC801590
        DO 310 I=1,K
                                                                          MC801600
          DELTA(J,I)=XBBJ(J)+XTBJI(J,I)
                                                                          MC801610
  310
        CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801620
  320 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC801630
                                                                          MC801640
C --- COMPUTE MSE
                                                                          MC801650
```

,

```
KP=0
                                                                           MC801660
      SUMSE=0.0
                                                                           MC801670
      DO 340 J=1,P
                                                                           MC801680
        DO 330 I=1,K
                                                                           MC801690
          IF(INV(I, VYR) .GT. 0.0) THEN
                                                                           MC801700
            SUMSE=SUMSE+(DELTA(J,I)-XVYR(J,I))**2
                                                                           MC801710
            KP=KP+1
                                                                           MC801720
          ENDIF
                                                                           MC801730
                                                                           MC801740
  330
        CONTINUE
  340 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC801750
                                                                           MC801760
      L=SUMSE/KP
      IF(L .LT. MINL) THEN
                                                                           MC801770
        MINL=L
                                                                           MC801780
        MINLKP=KP
                                                                           MC801790
        MINLYR=VYR
                                                                           MC801800
       ELSE IF(L . GT. MAXL) THEN
                                                                           MC801810
                                                                           MC801820
        MAXL=L
        MAXLKP=KP
                                                                           MC801830
        MAXLYR=VYR
                                                                           MC801840
                                                                           MC801850
      ENDIF
      SUML=SUML+L*KP
                                                                           MC801860
      KPSUM=KPSUM+KP
                                                                           MC801870
                                                                           MC801880
 --- INVERT DELTA SUB JI BACK TO ORIGINAL SCALE
                                                                           MC801890
      DO 360 J=1,P
                                                                           MC801900
        DO 350 I=1,K
                                                                           MC801910
          PHAT=0. 5*(1+SIN(DELTA(J,I)))
                                                                           MC801920
          IF (PHAT .LT. 0.0) THEN
                                                                           MC801930
            PHAT=0.0
                                                                           MC801940
           ELSE IF (PHAT .GT. 1.0) THEN
                                                                           MC801950
            PHAT=1.0
                                                                           MC801960
          ENDIF
                                                                           MC801970
          DELTA(J,I)=PHAT
                                                                           MC801980
        CONTINUE
                                                                           MC801990
  360 CONTINUE
                                                                           MC802000
C
                                                                           MC802010
 --- COMPUTE CHI SQUARE AND MAD
                                                                           MC802020
      CHI=0.0
                                                                           MC802030
      KCHI=0
                                                                           MC802040
      SUMPMO=0.0
                                                                           MC802050
                                                                           MC802060
      SUMPMU=0.0
      KPMO=0
                                                                           MC802070
      KPMU=0
                                                                           MC802080
      DO 410 J=1,P
                                                                           MC802090
        DO 400 I=1,K
                                                                           MC802100
          PHAT=DELTA(J,I)
                                                                           MC802110
          E=PHAT*VYRINV(J,I)
                                                                           MC802120
          A=VYRY(J,I)
                                                                           MC802130
          IF(VYRINV(J,I) .GT. 0.0) THEN
                                                                           MC802140
            PACT=A/VYRINV(J,I)
                                                                           MC802150
            IF(PHAT .GT. PACT) THEN
                                                                           MC802160
              SUMPMO=SUMPMO+(PHAT-PACT)
                                                                           MC802170
              KPMO=KPMO+1
                                                                           MC802180
             ELSE
                                                                           MC802190
              .SUMPMU=SUMPMU+(PACT-PHAT)
                                                                           MC802200
                                                                           MC802210
              KPMU=KPMU+1
```

```
ENDIF
                                                                                  MC802220
           ENDIF
                                                                                  MC802230
           IF(E. NE. O. O . AND. PHAT. NE. 1. O) THEN
                                                                                  MC802240
                                                                                  MC802250
             KCHI=KCHI+1
             CHI=CHI+((A-E)**2)/(E*(1-PHAT))
                                                                                  MC802260
                                                                                  MC802270
           ENDIF
  400
         CONTINUE
                                                                                  MC802280
                                                                                  MC802290
  410 CONTINUE
      KMAD=KPMO+KPMU
                                                                                  MC802300
      FCELLU=REAL(KPMU)/REAL(KMAD)
                                                                                  MC802310
      FMADU=SUMPMU/(SUMPMU+SUMPMO)
                                                                                  MC802320
      PMAD=(SUMPMU+SUMPMO)/KMAD
                                                                                  MC802330
       IF(CHI .LT. MINCHI) THEN
                                                                                  MC802340
         MINCHI=CHI
                                                                                  MC802350
         MNCHIK=KCHI
                                                                                  MC802360
         MNCHYR=VYR
                                                                     70
                                                                                  MC802370
        ELSE IF (CHI . GT. MAXCHI) THEN
                                                                                  MC802380
         MAXCHI=CHI
                                                                                  MC802390
         MXCHIK=KCHI
                                                                                  MC802400
         MXCHYR=VYR
                                                                                  MC802410
      ENDIF
                                                                                  MC802420
      SUMCHI=SUMCHI+CHI*KCHI
                                                                                  MC802430
      KCSUM=KCSUM+KCHI
                                                                                  MC802440
      WRITE(11,31) VYR, KMAD, FCELLU, FMADU, PMAD
                                                                                  MC802450
  999 CONTINUE
                                                                                  MC802460
      AVGL=SUML/KPSUM
                                                                                  MC802470
      AVGCHI=SUMCHI/KCSUM
                                                                                  MC802480
      WRITE(11,21) CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE): WRITE(11,26) MIN CHI = ', MINCHI, 'KP = ', MNCHIK, 'VALID YR = ', MNCHYR
                                                                                  MC802490
                                                                                  MC802500
                                                                                  MC802510
      WRITE(11,26) 'MAX CHI = ', MAXCHI, 'KP = ', MXCHIK, 'VALID YR = ', MXCHYR
                                                                                  MC802520
                                                                                  MC802530
      WRITE(11,26)'AVG CHI = ',AVGCHI
                                                                                  MC802540
      WRITE(11,21) 'MEAN SQUARED ERROR (TRANS SCALE): '
                                                                                  MC802550
      WRITE(11,25)'MIN MSE = ',MINL,'KP = ',MINLKP,'VALID YR = ',MINLYR MC802560
WRITE(11,25)'MAX MSE = ',MAXL,'KP = ',MAXLKP,'VALID YR = ',MAXLYR MC802570
WRITE(11,27)'AVG MSE = ',AVGL MC802580
  21 FORMAT(/1X,A)
                                                                                  MC802590
  22 FORMAT(1X,3(A,I3,5X))
                                                                                  MC802600
      FORMAT(1X,A,F6.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
                                                                                  MC802610
     FORMAT(1X,A,F9.3,5X,A,I3,5X,A,I2)
                                                                                  MC802620
  27
      FORMAT(1X,A,F6.3/)
                                                                                  MC802630
      FORMAT(17X,A,2X,A)
                                                                                  MC802640
      FORMAT(1X,A,3X,A,3X,A,2X,A,3X,A)
FORMAT(1X,8('-'),2X,4('-'),2X,14('-'),2X,13('-'),2X,5('-'))
                                                                                  MC802650
                                                                                  MC802660
      FORMAT(1X, I5, I8, 8X, F5. 3, 10X, F5. 3, 6X, F5. 3)
  31
                                                                                  MC802670
      FORMAT(1X,A)
                                                                                  MC802680
      WRITE(6,*)'COMPLETED VECTOR CASE
                                                                                  MC802690
      END
                                                                                  MC802700
                                                                                  MC802710
MC802730
      FUNCTION FTTV(INV,Y)
                                                                                  MC802740
 --- CONDUCTS FREMAN-TUKEY TRANSFORM
                                                                                  MC802750
      REAL INV, Y
                                                                                  MC802760
      TEMP = -1. + 2.*Y/(1.+INV)
                                                                                  MC802770
```

,

TEMP1=-1. + 2.*(1.+Y)/(1.+INV)	MC802780
IF(ABS(TEMP).GT.1.OR. ABS(TEMP1).GT.1) THEN	MC802790
WRITE(6,*) 'FTT ERROR INV,Y=',INV,Y,TEMP,TEMP1	MC802800
FTT=1	MC802810
RETURN	MC802820
ENDIF	MC802830
FTTV=SQRT(.5+INV)*.5*(ASIN(TEMP) + ASIN(TEMP1))	MC802840
END	MC802850

÷,

E. EXEC PROGRAM

```
CP LINK MVS 103 103 RR
ACC 103 K
***************
FIL * CLEAR
FIL 01 K DSN F0968 MCOR87 DATA (RECFM FB LRECL 69 BLOCK 17940
FIL 02 DISK MC87 TEMP
FIL 06 &1 (RECFM FBA LRECL 150
FIL 25 DISK MCLASS PG15
                             (RECFM F LRECL 25
FIL 27 DISK MCLASS PG17
                             (RECFM F LRECL 25
FIL 29 DISK MCLASS PG19
                             (RECFM F LRECL 25
FIL 30 DISK MCLASS PG20
                             (RECFM F LRECL 25
FIL 31 DISK MCLASS PG21
                             (RECFM F LRECL 25
FIL 32 DISK MCLASS PG22
                             (RECFM F LRECL 25
&BEGSTACK
30.0
           /* AVG INV THRESHOLD T */
           /* NO. CELLS THRESHOLD K */
/* MOS (ONLY 1) */
/* YCS (ONLY 1) */
30
13
4
           /* GRADE (ONLY 1) */
15
3 1 2 3
           /* NO. SVC COMPS AND ARRAY(1-REG,2-AUGREG,3-RES,4=1+2,5=ALL */
           /* NO. COMM SRCS AND ARRAY(1-15, 16=ALL)
1 16
           /* 3RD DIMENSION (0=NONE, 1=SVC, 2=CS)
&END
LOAD MC87 (START CLEAR
```

F. SAMPLE DATA FILE

1	2	3	4	5	6		7
~ ~	-	-	_		-		
15	0	1	1 2 3	15	1 5 6	0.	02
15	0	3	2	9	5	0.	42
15	0	3	2	10	4	0. 0	15
15	ŏ	3	1	11	1	0.	10
15	0	3	3	10	2	Ō.	15
15	0	3	3	3	1	0.	02
15	0	3	3	4	1	0.	02
15	0	4	2	9	6	0.	87
15	0	4	2	10	2	0.	20
15	n	4	1	11	1	0. n	10
15	ŏ	4	3	4	2	0.	05
15	0	4	3	10	1	0.	10
15	0	5	2	9	3	0.	27
15	0	5	2	10	2	0.	20
15	0	5	1	11	1	0.	07
15	1	2	3	15	1	0. n	05
15	î	3	1	1	2	0.	20
15	1	3	3	15	ī	Ō.	05
15	1	3	3	10	1	0.	10
15	1	3	2133322313322123133333332112333212333	7	3	0.	12
15	1	3	3	3	5	0.	30
15	1	3	3	2	5	0. n	63 45
15	ī	3	3	9	3	0.	12
15	1	3	2	15	1	0.	05
15	1	3	1	11	3	0.	12
15	1	3	1	10	2	0.	10
15	1	3	2	6	1	0.	10
15	i	4	3	5	2	0.	12
15	1	4	3	2	5	Ō.	40
15	1	4	2	3	2	0.	12
15	1	4	1	1	1	0.	02
15	1	4	2	9	2	0.	07
15	1	4	3	7	5	0.	25
15	ī	4	3	10	í	0.	02
15	1	4	3 1	3	412116221213211121135253132112521215121	0.	05
15	1	4	1	10	1	0.	02
15	1	4	3 2	10 11 10 3 4 9 10 9 11 4 10 9 10 11 11 10 7 3 5 2 9 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	1 1	0.	02
15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	l in:	4 ina	, Z	12 nt*	l ies	U.	425 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
/ remo		۲118	, =	.11 6 1	162	Omit	ceuj

Column descriptions: 1 - grade 2 - MOS 3 - YCS

- 4 service component
- 5 commissioning source6 number of records7 total average inventory

```
C --- PROGRAM TO CREATE INVENTORY DATA FILE BY GRADE
                                                                          MC800010
      PARAMETER (MXX=20000, MXY=10)
                                                                          MC800020
C --- CLASSIF. TABLE: GRADE, MOS, YCS, SVC, CS
                                                                          MC800030
      INTEGER*2 PTRTBL(MXX, 5), NRECS(MXX)
                                                                          MC800040
      REAL AINV(MXX)
                                                                          MC800050
      INTEGER TYPE, YCS, PG, MOS, SEX, CS, EDLV, SVC, MOS1, MOS2, RACE
                                                                          MC800060
      INTEGER DATA(MXY), SPG
                                                                          MC800070
      CHARACTER*7 CITLS
                                                                          MC800080
                                                                          MC800090
      DATA AINV/MXX*0./, NRECS/MXX*0/
C
                                                                          MC800100
      WRITE(5,*) 'ENTER PG'
                                                                          MC800110
      READ(5,*) SPG
                                                                          MC800120
      WRITE(5,*) 'PG TO USE=',SPG
                                                                          MC800130
      ICR=0
                                                                          MC800140
      NRC=0
                                                                          MC800150
      NG=0
                                                                          MC800160
      DO 10 I=1,999999
                                                                          MC800170
      READ(1,100,END=999) TYPE,YCS,PG,MOS,SEX,CS,EDLV,SVC,MOS1,MOS2,
                                                                          MC800180
              RACE, CITLS, DATA
                                                                          MC800190
       ICR=ICR+1
                                                                          MC800200
C --- CLASSIFY ALL RECORDS TYPE O
                                                                          MC800210
       IF(TYPE.GT.0) GO TO 999
                                                                          MC800220
       ADD NEW RECORD TO TABLE
                                                                          MC800230
       IF(PG. EQ. SPG) CALL ADDTBL(PG, MOS, YCS, SVC, CS, DATA, MXY, PTRTBL,
                                                                          MC800240
                                                                          MC800250
                                      MXX, NRC, AINV, NRECS)
       IF(PG. EQ. SPG) NG=NG+1
                                                                          MC800260
       IF(MOD(ICR,5000).EQ.0) WRITE(6,*) 'ICR,NRC=',ICR,NRC
                                                                          MC800270
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC800280
                                                                          MC800290
  999 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC800300
      WRITE(6,*) ' '
                                                 =', ICR
=', N'C
                                                                          MC800310
      WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL RECORDS READ
                                                                          MC800320
      WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL RECORDS ACCEPTED
                                                                          MC800330
      WRITE(6,*) 'TOTAL INVENTORY COMBINATIONS =', NRC
                                                                          MC800340
      DO 20 I=1, NRC
                                                                          MC800350
       WRITE(2,101) (PTRTBL(I,J),J=1,5), NRECS(I),AINV(I)
                                                                          MC800360
   20 CONTINUE
                                                                          MC800370
  100 FORMAT(312,13,11,12,211,213,11,A7, 1X, 1014)
                                                                          MC800380
  101 FORMAT(I2,I4,I3,I2,I3, I4, F7.2)
                                                                          MC800390
                                                                          MC800400
C
                                                                          MC800410
      SUBROUTINE ADDTBL(PG, MOS, YCS, SVC, CS, DATA, MXY, PTRTBL, MXX, NRC,
                                                                          MC800420
              AINV.NRECS)
                                                                          MC800430
C --- SET INVENTORY POINTER FOR THIS ENTRY AND ACCUMULATE
                                                                          MC800440
      INTEGER*2 PTRTBL(MXX, 5), NRECS(MXX)
                                                                          MC800450
      REAL AINV(MXX)
                                                                          MC800460
      INTEGER YCS, PG, MOS, CS, SVC
                                                                          MC800470
      INTEGER DATA(MXY)
                                                                          MC800480
      MINV=GETINV(PTRTBL, MXX,NRC, PG,MOS,YCS,SVC,CS)
                                                                          MC800490
                                                                          MC800500
      IF(MINV . EQ. 0) THEN
            NEW COMBINATION
                                                                          MC800510
            NRC=NRC+1
                                                                          MC800520
            IF(NRC .GT. MXX) THEN
                                                                          MC800530
              WRITE(6,*) '*** ERROR - TOO MANY INV. COMBINATIONS', NRC
                                                                          MC800540
              STOP
                                                                          MC800550
            ENDIF
                                                                           MC800560
```

1

```
MINV=NRC
                                                                                     MC800570
              PTRTBL(MINV, 1)=PG
                                                                                     MC800580
              PTRTBL(MINV, 2)=MOS
                                                                                     MC800590
              PTRTBL(MINV, 3)=YCS
                                                                                     MC800600
              PTRTBL(MINV, 4)=SVC
                                                                                     MC800610
              PTRTBL(MINV, 5)=CS
                                                                                     MC800620
              NRECS(MINV)=0
                                                                                     MC800630
       ENDIF
                                                                                     MC800640
       AI=0
                                                                                     MC800650
       DO 110 IT=1,MXY
                                                                                     MC800660
        AI=AI + FLOAT(DATA(IT))
                                                                                     MC800670
 110 CONTINUE
                                                                                     MC800680
       AINV(MINV)=AINV(MINV) + .25*AI/MXY
                                                                                     MC800690
       NRECS(MINV) = NRECS(MINV) + 1
                                                                                     MC800700
       END
                                                                                     MC800710
                                                                                     MC800720
      FUNCTION GETINV(PTRTBL, MXX,NRC, PG,MOS,YCS,SVC,CS)
                                                                                     MC800730
C --- FIND LOCATION OF MATCHING INVENTORY ENTRY FOR A LOSS
                                                                                     MC800740
       INTEGER*2 PTRTBL(MXX, 5)
                                                                                     MC800750
       INTEGER YCS, PG, MOS, CS, SVC
                                                                                     MC800760
       DO 10 I=1,NRC
                                                                                     MC800770
         IF(PTRTBL(I, 1) .EQ. PG .AND.
PTRTBL(I, 2) .EQ. MOS .AND.
PTRTBL(I, 3) .EQ. YCS .AND.
PTRTBL(I, 4) .EQ. SVC .AND.
PTRTBL(I, 5) .EQ. CS ) THEN
                                                                                     MC800780
     *
                                                                                     MC800790
      *
                                                                                     MC800800
      3'0
                                                                                     MC800810
                                                                                     MC800820
                                                 GETINV=I
                                                                                     MC800830
                                                 RETURN
                                                                                     MC800840
         ENDIF
                                                                                     MC800850
   10 CONTINUE
                                                                                     MC800860
       GETINV=0
                                                                                     MC800870
       END
                                                                                     MC800880
```

APPENDIX C. SAMPLE OUTPUT

A. GENERAL

This appendix contains sample output from the computer program. A sample output for test cases one through 30 which use the first five estimation methods is shown in paragraph B. A sample output for the vector test cases is shown in paragraph C. These examples show the output that is produced by the WRITE statements for file definition 11, e.g., WRITE(11,101). The program also contains several WRITE and PRINT statements that provide interactive information to the user via the terminal screen, e.g., WRITE(6,*), WRITE(5,*) and PRINT *. This interactive output is omitted.

B. SAMPLE OUTPUT (TEST CASES 1-30)

```
TEST CASE INPUT PARAMETERS:
INVENTORY THRESHOLD= 30.0 THRESHOLD NO. OF CELLS= 30
MOS= 13 YCS= 4 GRADE= 15
SERVICE COMPONENTS= 1 2 3
COMM SOURCES= 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
```

EXPANSION INFORMATION:
ACTUAL NO. OF CELLS USED= 24
MOS GROUP # 1 YCS'S USED=
4 5
LARGE MOS GROUP #1 YCS'S USED=
4 5
MAJOR MOS GROUP #1 YCS'S USED=
4 5

EMP BAYES TRANS SCALE - TIME DEP VAR:

MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE):

VALID YR	K	FRACTION CELLS WITH UNDERAGE	FRACTION MAD FROM UNDERAGE	MAD
1	24	0. 458	0.478	0.127
2	24	0.250	0.187	0.099
3	24	0.542	0.441	0.098
4	24	0.333	0.375	0.069
5	24	0.417	0.352	0.072
6	24	0. 125	0.053	0.082
7	24	0.208	0. 138	0.099
8	24	0.417	0.472	0.077
9	24	0.833	0.943	0.181
10	24	0.833	0.952	0.113
			AVG MAD =	0.102

CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE):
MIN CHI = 48.590 K = 24 VALID YR = 8
MAX CHI = 329.334 K = 24 VALID YR = 9
AVG CHI = 98.791

MEAN SQUARED ERROR (TRANS SCALE):

EMP BAYES TRANS SCALE - TIME INDEP VAR:

MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE):

VALID YR	K	FRACTION CELLS WITH UNDERAGE	FRACTION MAD FROM UNDERAGE	MAD
1	24	0. 458	0.504	0.127
2	24	0.250	0.204	0.094
3	24	0.583	0.477	0.101
4	24	0.375	0.432	0.071
5	24	0.417	0.396	0.073
6	24	0.083	0.061	0.076
7	24	0.250	0. 152	0.094
8	24	0.458	0.517	0.075
9	24	0.792	0.952	0.183
10	24	0.875	0.961	0.118
			AVG MAD =	0.101

3

CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE):

MIN CHI = 45.452 K = 24 VALID YR = 6 MAX CHI = 344.445 K = 24 VALID YR = 9 AVG CHI = 99.284

MEAN SQUARED ERROR (TRANS SCALE):

....

EMP BAYES ORIG SCALE - TIME DEP VAR:

MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE):

VALID YR	K	FRACTION CELLS WITH UNDERAGE	FRACTION MAD FROM UNDERAGE	MAD
1	24	0.453	0.478	0. 127
2	24	0.250	0. 195	0.097
3	24	0.542	0.461	0.093
4	24	0.333	0.397	0.070
5	24	0.417	0.375	0.074
6	24	0. 125	0.057	0.079
7	24	0.208	0.161	0.102
8	24	0.417	0.488	0.079
9	24	0.833	0.944	0.185
10	24	0.833	0.952	0.117
			AVG MAD =	0.102

```
CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE):
MIN CHI = 49.207 K = 24 VALID YR = 6
MAX CHI = 340.035 K = 24 VALID YR = 9
AVG CHI = 100.985
```

EMP BAYES ORIG SCALE - TIME INDEP VAR:

MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE):

LIEWN WOOOPO	IE DEATHT	TON (OKIG SI	UBLE):	
VALID YR	FRACT K WITH	TION CELLS UNDERAGE	FRACTION MAD FROM UNDERAGE	MAD
ANDID IK	V WIIII	UNDERAGE	FROM UNDERAGE	תשוו
1	24	0.458	0.479	0. 127
	24	0.250.	0. 196	0.097
	24	0.542	0.462	0.093
	24	0.333	0.399	0.070
5	24	0.417	0.377	0.075
	24	0.125	0.056	0.079
7	24	0.208	0.161	0.101
	24	0.417	0.490	0.079
9	24	0.833	0.945	0.185
10	24	0.833	0.953	0.117
			AVG MAD =	0. 102
CHI SQUARE	(ORIG SCAI	Œ):		
MIN CHI =	48.836	K = 24	VALID YR =	6
MAX CHI =	339.835	K = 24	VALID YR =	9
AVG CHI =	100.960			

EFRON-MORRIS TRANS SCALE - TIME DEP VAR:

MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE):

		FRACTION CELLS	FRACTION MAD	
VALID YR	K	WITH UNDERAGE	FROM UNDERAGE	MAD
1	24	0.458	0.475	0.126
2	24	0.250	0. 172	0.095
3	24	0.583	0.451	0.102
4	24	0.375	0.365	0.076
5	24	0.333	0.348	0.076
6	24	0.083	0.046	0.082
7	24	0. 208	0.135	0.098
8	24	0.458	0.469	0.076
9	24	0.708	0.938	0.185
10	24	0.875	0.960	0.115
			AVG MAD =	0.103

CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE):

MIN CHI = 46.301 K = 24 VALID YR = 8 MAX CHI = 340.712 K = 24 VALID YR = 9 AVG CHI = 101.231

MEAN SQUARED ERROR (TRANS SCALE):

C. SAMPLE OUTPUT (VECTOR TEST CASES)

TEST CASE INPUT PARAMETERS:
INVENTORY THRESHOLD= 30.0 THRESHOLD NO. OF CELLS= 30

MOS= 151 YCS= 7 GRADE= 17

SERVICE COMPONENTS= 1 2 3

COMM SOURCES= 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15

EXPANSION INFORMATION:
ACTUAL NO. OF CELLS USED= 8

MOS GROUP # 8 YCS'S USED= 7

LARGE MOS GROUP #3 YCS'S USED= 7

MAJOR MOS GROUP #2 YCS'S USED= 7

EMP BAYES TRANS SCALE - VECTOR CASE:

VECTOR IS BY SERVICE COMPONENT K= 8 P= 3 KP= 24

MEAN ABSOLUTE DEVIATION (ORIG SCALE):

		FRACTION CELLS	FRACTION MAD	
VALID YR	KP	WITH UNDERAGE	FROM UNDERAGE	MAD
1	24	0.375	0.219	0.186
2	24	0.458	0.375	0.179
3	24	0.458	0.417	0.130
4	24	0.458	0.422	0.127
5	24	0.542	0.708	0.146
6	24	0.292	0.310	0.142
7	24	0.250	0. 193	0. 126
8	24	0.375	0.434	0.092
9	24	0.458	0.705	0.161
10	24	0.792	0.912	0.202

CHI SQUARE (ORIG SCALE):

MIN CHI = 27.827 KP = 24 VALID YR = 8 MAX CHI = 165.694 KP = 24 VALID YR = 10

AVG CHI = 61.025

MEAN SQUARED ERROR (TRANS SCALE):

AVG MSE = 0.229

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